



#### COMMONWEALTH OF PENNSYLVANIA DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AIR QUALITY PROGRAM

# **TITLE V/STATE OPERATING PERMIT**

Issue Date:September 24, 2021Effective Date:September 24, 2021Expiration Date:September 24, 2026Effective Date:September 24, 2021

In accordance with the provisions of the Air Pollution Control Act, the Act of January 8, 1960, P.L. 2119, as amended, and 25 Pa. Code Chapter 127, the Owner, [and Operator if noted] (hereinafter referred to as permittee) identified below is authorized by the Department of Environmental Protection (Department) to operate the air emission source(s) more fully described in this permit. This Facility is subject to all terms and conditions specified in this permit. Nothing in this permit relieves the permittee from its obligations to comply with all applicable Federal, State and Local laws and regulations.

The regulatory or statutory authority for each permit condition is set forth in brackets. All terms and conditions in this permit are federally enforceable applicable requirements unless otherwise designated as "State-Only" or "non-applicable" requirements.

# TITLE V Permit No: 35-00014

Federal Tax Id - Plant Code: 23-2637846-1

Owner Information					
Name: KEYSTONE SANI LDFL INC					
Mailing Address: 249 DUNHAM DR					
DUNMORE, PA 18512-2686					
Plant In	formation				
Plant: KEYSTONE SANI LDFL INC/DUNMORE					
Location: 35 Lackawanna County	35003 Dunmore Borough				
SIC Code: 4953 Trans. & Utilities - Refuse Systems					
Respons	ible Official				
Name: DOMINICK DENAPLES					
Title: SITE MGR					
Phone: (570) 343 - 5782	Email: dominickd@kslco.com				
Permit Contact Person					
Name: DOMINICK DENAPLES					
Title: SITE MGR					
Phone: (570) 343 - 5782	Email:dominickd@kslco.com				
[Signature]					
MARK J. WEJKSZNER. NORTHEAST REGION AIR PROGRAM MANAGER					





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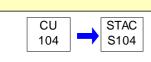
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# SECTION A. Site Inventory List

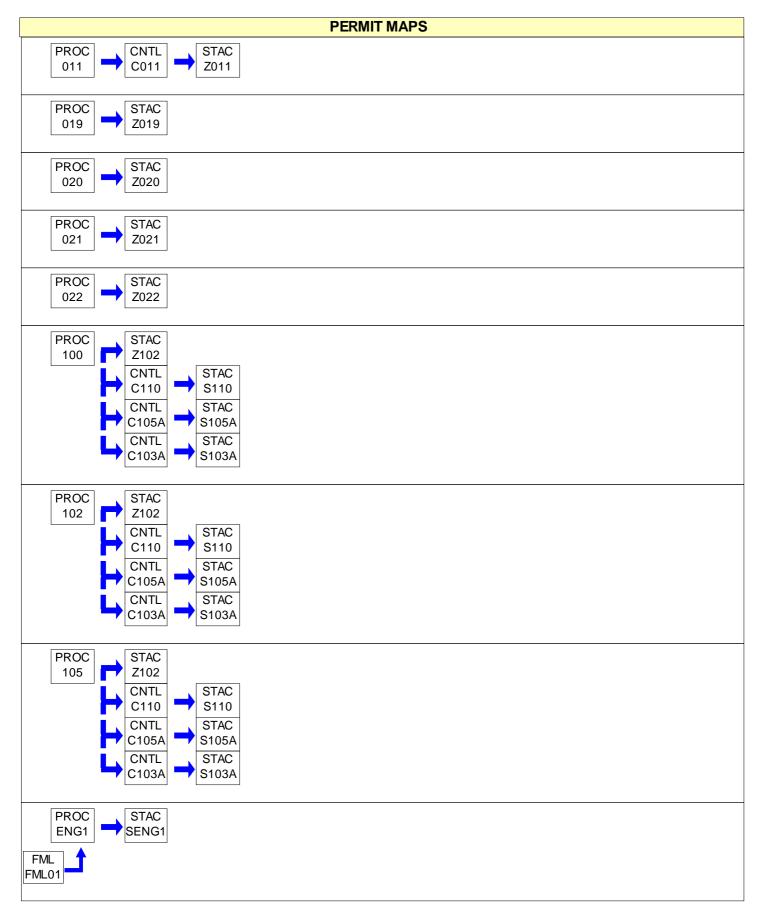
Source I	D Source Name	Capacity/	Throughput	Fuel/Material
104	LEACHATE PRE-TREATMENT PLANT BOILER	5.900	MMBTU/HR	
011	QUARRY OPERATIONS (ALL SEGMENTS)			
019	STORAGE TANK 3K-GASOLINE			
020	STORAGE TANK 6K-HYDRAULIC OIL			
021	STORAGE TANK 8K-MOTOR OIL			
022	DIESEL STORAGE TANK			
100	LANDFILL CLOSED (GAS COLLECTION SYSTEM)			
102	LANDFILL PHASE 1 (GAS COLLECTION SYSTEM)	120.000	Tons/HR	MUNICIPAL WASTE
105	LANDFILL PHASE 2 (GAS COLLECTION SYSTEM)	L		
ENG1	SIX EMERGENCY ENGINES (6)			
C011	WATER SPRAY DUST SUPRESSION SYSTEM			
C103A	ENCLOSED FLARE 2 (6000 CFM)			
C105A	ENCLOSED FLARE 3 (6000 CFM)			
C106	FLARE - ENCLOSED PORTABLE (800 CFM)			
C107	FLARE - PORTABLE CANDLE #1 (500 CFM)			
C108	FLARE - PORTABLE CANDLE #2 (500 CFM)			
C109	FLARE - PORTABLE CANDLE #3 (500 CFM)			
C110	FLARE - ENCLOSED (5000 CFM)			
C111	FLARE - ENCLOSED (4000 CFM) PORTABLE			
FML01	DIESEL FUEL			
S103A	FLARE 2 STACK			
S104	BOILER STACK			
S105A	FLARE 3 STACK			
S106	STACK - FLARE C106			
S107	STACK - FLARE C107			
S108	STACK - FLARE C108			
S109	STACK - FLARE C109			
S110	STACK - FLARE C110			
S111	STACK - FLARE C111			
SENG1	EMERGENCY ENGINES STACKS			
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Z019	FUGITIVE TANK EMISSIONS			
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Z021	FUGITIVE TANK EMISSIONS			
Z022	FUGITIVE TANK EMISSIONS			
Z102	FUGITIVE LANDFILL EMISSIONS			



# PERMIT MAPS

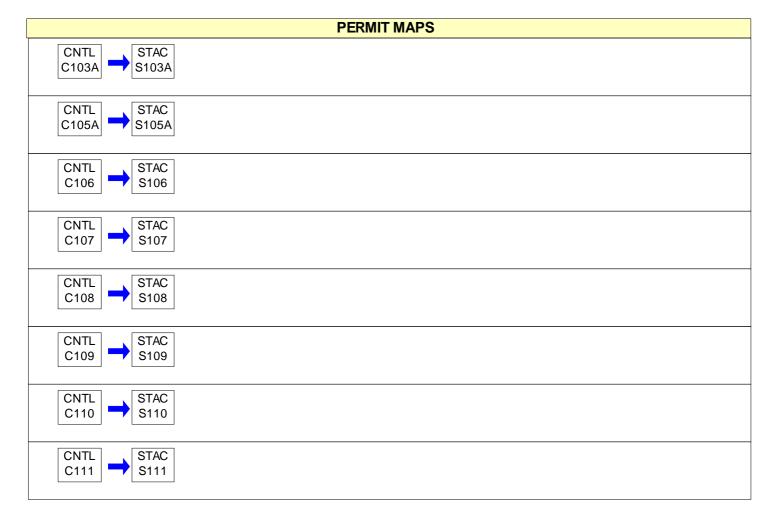
















#001 [25 Pa. Code § 121.1]					
Definitions					
Words and terms that are not otherwise defined in this permit shall have the meanings set forth in Section 3 of the Air Pollution Control Act (35 P.S. § 4003) and 25 Pa. Code § 121.1.					
#002 [25 Pa. Code § 121.7]					
Prohibition of Air Pollution					
No person may permit air pollution as that term is defined in the act.					
#003 [25 Pa. Code § 127.512(c)(4)] Property Rights					
This permit does not convey property rights of any sort, or any exclusive privileges.					
#004 [25 Pa. Code § 127.446(a) and (c)]					
Permit Expiration					
This operating permit is issued for a fixed term of five (5) years and shall expire on the date specified on Page 1 of this permit. The terms and conditions of the expired permit shall automatically continue pending issuance of a new Title V permit, provided the permittee has submitted a timely and complete application and paid applicable fees required under 25 Pa. Code Chapter 127, Subchapter I and the Department is unable, through no fault of the permittee, to issue or deny a new permit before the expiration of the previous permit. An application is complete if it contains sufficient information to begin processing the application, has the applicable sections completed and has been signed by a responsible official.					
#005 [25 Pa. Code §§ 127.412, 127.413, 127.414, 127.446(e), 127.503 & 127.704(b)]					
Permit Renewal					
(a) An application for the renewal of the Title V permit shall be submitted to the Department at least six (6) months, and not more than 18 months, before the expiration date of this permit. The renewal application is timely if a complete application is submitted to the Department's Regional Air Manager within the timeframe specified in this permit condition.					
(b) The application for permit renewal shall include the current permit number, the appropriate permit renewal fee, a description of any permit revisions and off-permit changes that occurred during the permit term, and any applicable requirements that were promulgated and not incorporated into the permit during the permit term. The fees shall be made payable to "The Commonwealth of Pennsylvania Clean Air Fund" and submitted with the fee form to the respective regional office.					
(c) The renewal application shall also include submission of proof that the local municipality and county, in which the facility is located, have been notified in accordance with 25 Pa. Code § 127.413. The application for renewal of the Title V permit shall also include submission of compliance review forms which have been used by the permittee to update information submitted in accordance with either 25 Pa. Code § 127.412(b) or § 127.412(j).					
(d) The permittee, upon becoming aware that any relevant facts were omitted or incorrect information was submitted in the permit application, shall promptly submit such supplementary facts or corrected information during the permit renewal process. The permittee shall also promptly provide additional information as necessary to address any requirements that become applicable to the source after the date a complete renewal application was submitted but prior to release of a draft permit.					
#006 [25 Pa. Code §§ 127.450(a)(4) & 127.464(a)]					
Transfer of Ownership or Operational Control					
(a) In accordance with 25 Pa. Code § 127.450(a)(4), a change in ownership or operational control of the source shall be treated as an administrative amendment if:					
(1) The Department determines that no other change in the permit is necessary;					
(2) A written agreement has been submitted to the Department identifying the specific date of the transfer of permit responsibility, coverage and liability between the current and the new permittee; and,					
(3) A compliance review form has been submitted to the Department and the permit transfer has been approved by					





#### the Department.

(b) In accordance with 25 Pa. Code § 127.464(a), this permit may not be transferred to another person except in cases of transfer-of-ownership which are documented and approved to the satisfaction of the Department.

# #007 [25 Pa. Code § 127.513, 35 P.S. § 4008 and § 114 of the CAA]

### Inspection and Entry

(a) Upon presentation of credentials and other documents as may be required by law for inspection and entry purposes, the permittee shall allow the Department of Environmental Protection or authorized representatives of the Department to perform the following:

(1) Enter at reasonable times upon the permittee's premises where a Title V source is located or emissions related activity is conducted, or where records are kept under the conditions of this permit;

(2) Have access to and copy or remove, at reasonable times, records that are kept under the conditions of this permit;

(3) Inspect at reasonable times, facilities, equipment including monitoring and air pollution control equipment, practices, or operations regulated or required under this permit;

(4) Sample or monitor, at reasonable times, substances or parameters, for the purpose of assuring compliance with the permit or applicable requirements as authorized by the Clean Air Act, the Air Pollution Control Act, or the regulations promulgated under the Acts.

(b) Pursuant to 35 P.S. § 4008, no person shall hinder, obstruct, prevent or interfere with the Department or its personnel in the performance of any duty authorized under the Air Pollution Control Act.

(c) Nothing in this permit condition shall limit the ability of the EPA to inspect or enter the premises of the permittee in accordance with Section 114 or other applicable provisions of the Clean Air Act.

# #008 [25 Pa. Code §§ 127.25, 127.444, & 127.512(c)(1)]

#### **Compliance Requirements**

(a) The permittee shall comply with the conditions of this permit. Noncompliance with this permit constitutes a violation of the Clean Air Act and the Air Pollution Control Act and is grounds for one (1) or more of the following:

- (1) Enforcement action
- (2) Permit termination, revocation and reissuance or modification
- (3) Denial of a permit renewal application

(b) A person may not cause or permit the operation of a source, which is subject to 25 Pa. Code Article III, unless the source(s) and air cleaning devices identified in the application for the plan approval and operating permit and the plan approval issued to the source are operated and maintained in accordance with specifications in the applications and the conditions in the plan approval and operating permit issued by the Department. A person may not cause or permit the operation of an air contamination source subject to 25 Pa. Code Chapter 127 in a manner inconsistent with good operating practices.

(c) For purposes of Sub-condition (b) of this permit condition, the specifications in applications for plan approvals and operating permits are the physical configurations and engineering design details which the Department determines are essential for the permittee's compliance with the applicable requirements in this Title V permit.

# #009 [25 Pa. Code § 127.512(c)(2)]

#### Need to Halt or Reduce Activity Not a Defense

It shall not be a defense for a permittee in an enforcement action that it would have been necessary to halt or reduce the permitted activity in order to maintain compliance with the conditions of this permit.





# #010 [25 Pa. Code §§ 127.411(d) & 127.512(c)(5)] **Duty to Provide Information** (a) The permittee shall furnish to the Department, within a reasonable time, information that the Department may request in writing to determine whether cause exists for modifying, revoking and reissuing, or terminating the permit, or to determine compliance with the permit. (b) Upon request, the permittee shall also furnish to the Department copies of records that the permittee is required to keep by this permit, or for information claimed to be confidential, the permittee may furnish such records directly to the Administrator of EPA along with a claim of confidentiality. #011 [25 Pa. Code §§ 127.463, 127.512(c)(3) & 127.542] **Reopening and Revising the Title V Permit for Cause** (a) This Title V permit may be modified, revoked, reopened and reissued or terminated for cause. The filing of a request by the permittee for a permit modification, revocation and reissuance, or termination, or of a notification of planned changes or anticipated noncompliance does not stay a permit condition. (b) This permit may be reopened, revised and reissued prior to expiration of the permit under one or more of the following circumstances: (1) Additional applicable requirements under the Clean Air Act or the Air Pollution Control Act become applicable to a Title V facility with a remaining permit term of three (3) or more years prior to the expiration date of this permit. The Department will revise the permit as expeditiously as practicable but not later than 18 months after promulgation of the applicable standards or regulations. No such revision is required if the effective date of the requirement is later than the expiration date of this permit, unless the original permit or its terms and conditions has been extended. (2) Additional requirements, including excess emissions requirements, become applicable to an affected source under the acid rain program. Upon approval by the Administrator of EPA, excess emissions offset plans for an affected source shall be incorporated into the permit. (3) The Department or the EPA determines that this permit contains a material mistake or inaccurate statements were made in establishing the emissions standards or other terms or conditions of this permit. (4) The Department or the Administrator of EPA determines that the permit must be revised or revoked to assure compliance with the applicable requirements. (c) Proceedings to revise this permit shall follow the same procedures which apply to initial permit issuance and shall affect only those parts of this permit for which cause to revise exists. The revision shall be made as expeditiously as practicable. (d) Regardless of whether a revision is made in accordance with (b)(1) above, the permittee shall meet the applicable standards or regulations promulgated under the Clean Air Act within the time frame required by standards or regulations. #012 [25 Pa. Code § 127.543] Reopening a Title V Permit for Cause by EPA As required by the Clean Air Act and regulations adopted thereunder, this permit may be modified, reopened and reissued, revoked or terminated for cause by EPA in accordance with procedures specified in 25 Pa. Code § 127.543. #013 [25 Pa. Code § 127.522(a)]

# **Operating Permit Application Review by the EPA**

The applicant may be required by the Department to provide a copy of the permit application, including the compliance plan, directly to the Administrator of the EPA. Copies of title V permit applications to EPA, pursuant to 25 PA Code §127.522(a), shall be submitted, if required, to the following EPA e-mail box:

R3\_Air\_Apps\_and\_Notices@epa.gov

Please place the following in the subject line: TV [permit number], [Facility Name].





# #014 [25 Pa. Code § 127.541]

# **Significant Operating Permit Modifications**

When permit modifications during the term of this permit do not qualify as minor permit modifications or administrative amendments, the permittee shall submit an application for significant Title V permit modifications in accordance with 25 Pa. Code § 127.541. Notifications to EPA, pursuant to 25 PA Code §127.522(a), if required, shall be submitted, to the following EPA e-mail box:

R3\_Air\_Apps\_and\_Notices@epa.gov

Please place the following in the subject line: TV [permit number], [Facility Name].

# #015 [25 Pa. Code §§ 121.1 & 127.462]

# Minor Operating Permit Modifications

The permittee may make minor operating permit modifications (as defined in 25 Pa. Code §121.1), on an expedited basis, in accordance with 25 Pa. Code §127.462 (relating to minor operating permit modifications). Notifications to EPA, pursuant to 25 PA Code §127.462(c), if required, shall be submitted, to the following EPA e-mail box:

R3\_Air\_Apps\_and\_Notices@epa.gov

Please place the following in the subject line: TV [permit number], [Facility Name].

# #016 [25 Pa. Code § 127.450]

### Administrative Operating Permit Amendments

(a) The permittee may request administrative operating permit amendments, as defined in 25 Pa. Code §127.450(a). Copies of request for administrative permit amendment to EPA, pursuant to 25 PA Code §127.450(c)(1), if required, shall be submitted to the following EPA e-mail box:

R3\_Air\_Apps\_and\_Notices@epa.gov

Please place the following in the subject line: TV [permit number], [Facility Name].

(b) Upon final action by the Department granting a request for an administrative operating permit amendment covered under §127.450(a)(5), the permit shield provisions in 25 Pa. Code § 127.516 (relating to permit shield) shall apply to administrative permit amendments incorporated in this Title V Permit in accordance with §127.450(c), unless precluded by the Clean Air Act or the regulations thereunder.

# #017 [25 Pa. Code § 127.512(b)]

# **Severability Clause**

The provisions of this permit are severable, and if any provision of this permit is determined by the Environmental Hearing Board or a court of competent jurisdiction, or US EPA to be invalid or unenforceable, such a determination will not affect the remaining provisions of this permit.

# #018 [25 Pa. Code §§ 127.704, 127.705 & 127.707]

# Fee Payment

(a) The permittee shall pay fees to the Department in accordance with the applicable fee schedules in 25 Pa. Code Chapter 127, Subchapter I (relating to plan approval and operating permit fees). The applicable fees shall be made payable to "The Commonwealth of Pennsylvania Clean Air Fund" with the permit number clearly indicated and submitted to the respective regional office.

(b) Emission Fees. The permittee shall, on or before September 1st of each year, pay applicable annual Title V emission fees for emissions occurring in the previous calendar year as specified in 25 Pa. Code § 127.705. The permittee is not required to pay an emission fee for emissions of more than 4,000 tons of each regulated pollutant emitted from the facility.

(c) As used in this permit condition, the term "regulated pollutant" is defined as a VOC, each pollutant regulated under Sections 111 and 112 of the Clean Air Act and each pollutant for which a National Ambient Air Quality Standard has been promulgated, except that carbon monoxide is excluded.





(d) Late Payment. Late payment of emission fees will subject the permittee to the penalties prescribed in 25 Pa. Code § 127.707 and may result in the suspension or termination of the Title V permit. The permittee shall pay a penalty of fifty percent (50%) of the fee amount, plus interest on the fee amount computed in accordance with 26 U.S.C.A. § 6621(a)(2) from the date the emission fee should have been paid in accordance with the time frame specified in 25 Pa. Code § 127.705(c).

(e) The permittee shall pay an annual operating permit maintenance fee according to the following fee schedule established in 25 Pa. Code § 127.704(d) on or before December 31 of each year for the next calendar year.

(1) Eight thousand dollars (\$8,000) for calendar years 2021-2025.

(2) Ten thousand dollars (\$10,000) for calendar years 2026-2030.

(3) Twelve thousand five hundred dollars (\$12,500) for the calendar years beginning with 2031.

# #019 [25 Pa. Code §§ 127.14(b) & 127.449]

### Authorization for De Minimis Emission Increases

(a) This permit authorizes de minimis emission increases from a new or existing source in accordance with 25 Pa. Code §§ 127.14 and 127.449 without the need for a plan approval or prior issuance of a permit modification. The permittee shall provide the Department with seven (7) days prior written notice before commencing any de minimis emissions increase that would result from either: (1) a physical change of minor significance under § 127.14(c)(1); or (2) the construction, installation, modification or reactivation of an air contamination source. The written notice shall:

(1) Identify and describe the pollutants that will be emitted as a result of the de minimis emissions increase.

(2) Provide emission rates expressed in tons per year and in terms necessary to establish compliance consistent with any applicable requirement.

The Department may disapprove or condition de minimis emission increases at any time.

(b) Except as provided below in (c) and (d) of this permit condition, the permittee is authorized during the term of this permit to make de minimis emission increases (expressed in tons per year) up to the following amounts without the need for a plan approval or prior issuance of a permit modification:

(1) Four tons of carbon monoxide from a single source during the term of the permit and 20 tons of carbon monoxide at the facility during the term of the permit.

(2) One ton of NOx from a single source during the term of the permit and 5 tons of NOx at the facility during the term of the permit.

(3) One and six-tenths tons of the oxides of sulfur from a single source during the term of the permit and 8.0 tons of oxides of sulfur at the facility during the term of the permit.

(4) Six-tenths of a ton of PM10 from a single source during the term of the permit and 3.0 tons of PM10 at the facility during the term of the permit. This shall include emissions of a pollutant regulated under Section 112 of the Clean Air Act unless precluded by the Clean Air Act or 25 Pa. Code Article III.

(5) One ton of VOCs from a single source during the term of the permit and 5.0 tons of VOCs at the facility during the term of the permit. This shall include emissions of a pollutant regulated under Section 112 of the Clean Air Act unless precluded by the Clean Air Act or 25 Pa. Code Article III.

(c) In accordance with § 127.14, the permittee may install the following minor sources without the need for a plan approval:

(1) Air conditioning or ventilation systems not designed to remove pollutants generated or released from other sources.

(2) Combustion units rated at 2,500,000 or less Btu per hour of heat input.





(3) Combustion units with a rated capacity of less than 10,000,000 Btu per hour heat input fueled by natural gas supplied by a public utility, liquefied petroleum gas or by commercial fuel oils which are No. 2 or lighter, viscosity less than or equal to 5.82 c St, and which meet the sulfur content requirements of 25 Pa. Code § 123.22 (relating to combustion units). For purposes of this permit, commercial fuel oil shall be virgin oil which has no reprocessed, recycled or waste material added.

(4) Space heaters which heat by direct heat transfer.

(5) Laboratory equipment used exclusively for chemical or physical analysis.

(6) Other sources and classes of sources determined to be of minor significance by the Department.

(d) This permit does not authorize de minimis emission increases if the emissions increase would cause one or more of the following:

(1) Increase the emissions of a pollutant regulated under Section 112 of the Clean Air Act except as authorized in Subparagraphs (b)(4) and (5) of this permit condition.

(2) Subject the facility to the prevention of significant deterioration requirements in 25 Pa. Code Chapter 127, Subchapter D and/or the new source review requirements in Subchapter E.

(3) Violate any applicable requirement of the Air Pollution Control Act, the Clean Air Act, or the regulations promulgated under either of the acts.

(4) Changes which are modifications under any provision of Title I of the Clean Air Act and emission increases which would exceed the allowable emissions level (expressed as a rate of emissions or in terms of total emissions) under the Title V permit.

(e) Unless precluded by the Clean Air Act or the regulations thereunder, the permit shield described in 25 Pa. Code § 127.516 (relating to permit shield) shall extend to the changes made under 25 Pa. Code § 127.449 (relating to de minimis emission increases).

(f) Emissions authorized under this permit condition shall be included in the monitoring, recordkeeping and reporting requirements of this permit.

(g) Except for de minimis emission increases allowed under this permit, 25 Pa. Code § 127.449, or sources and physical changes meeting the requirements of 25 Pa. Code § 127.14, the permittee is prohibited from making physical changes or engaging in activities that are not specifically authorized under this permit without first applying for a plan approval. In accordance with § 127.14(b), a plan approval is not required for the construction, modification, reactivation, or installation of the sources creating the de minimis emissions increase.

(h) The permittee may not meet de minimis emission threshold levels by offsetting emission increases or decreases at the same source.

# #020 [25 Pa. Code §§ 127.11a & 127.215]

#### **Reactivation of Sources**

(a) The permittee may reactivate a source at the facility that has been out of operation or production for at least one year, but less than or equal to five (5) years, if the source is reactivated in accordance with the requirements of 25 Pa. Code §§ 127.11a and 127.215. The reactivated source will not be considered a new source.

(b) A source which has been out of operation or production for more than five (5) years but less than 10 years may be reactivated and will not be considered a new source if the permittee satisfies the conditions specified in 25 Pa. Code § 127.11a(b).

# #021 [25 Pa. Code §§ 121.9 & 127.216]

Circumvention

(a) The owner of this Title V facility, or any other person, may not circumvent the new source review requirements of 25 Pa. Code Chapter 127, Subchapter E by causing or allowing a pattern of ownership or development, including the





phasing, staging, delaying or engaging in incremental construction, over a geographic area of a facility which, except for the pattern of ownership or development, would otherwise require a permit or submission of a plan approval application.

(b) No person may permit the use of a device, stack height which exceeds good engineering practice stack height, dispersion technique or other technique which, without resulting in reduction of the total amount of air contaminants emitted, conceals or dilutes an emission of air contaminants which would otherwise be in violation of this permit, the Air Pollution Control Act or the regulations promulgated thereunder, except that with prior approval of the Department, the device or technique may be used for control of malodors.

# #022 [25 Pa. Code §§ 127.402(d) & 127.513(1)]

#### Submissions

(a) Reports, test data, monitoring data, notifications and requests for renewal of the permit shall be submitted to the:

Regional Air Program Manager PA Department of Environmental Protection (At the address given on the permit transmittal letter, or otherwise notified)

(b) Any report or notification for the EPA Administrator or EPA Region III should be addressed to:

Enforcement & Compliance Assurance Division Air, RCRA and Toxics Branch Air Section 1650 Arch Street, 3ED21 Philadelphia, PA 19103

The Title V compliance certification shall be emailed to EPA at R3\_APD\_Permits@epa.gov.

(c) An application, form, report or compliance certification submitted pursuant to this permit condition shall contain certification by a responsible official as to truth, accuracy, and completeness as required under 25 Pa. Code § 127.402(d). Unless otherwise required by the Clean Air Act or regulations adopted thereunder, this certification and any other certification required pursuant to this permit shall state that, based on information and belief formed after reasonable inquiry, the statements and information in the document are true, accurate and complete.

# #023 [25 Pa. Code §§ 127.441(c) & 127.463(e); Chapter 139; & 114(a)(3), 504(b) of the CAA]

# Sampling, Testing and Monitoring Procedures

(a) The permittee shall perform the emissions monitoring and analysis procedures or test methods for applicable requirements of this Title V permit. In addition to the sampling, testing and monitoring procedures specified in this permit, the Permittee shall comply with any additional applicable requirements promulgated under the Clean Air Act after permit issuance regardless of whether the permit is revised.

(b) The sampling, testing and monitoring required under the applicable requirements of this permit, shall be conducted in accordance with the requirements of 25 Pa. Code Chapter 139 unless alternative methodology is required by the Clean Air Act (including \$ 114(a)(3) and 504(b)) and regulations adopted thereunder.

# #024 [25 Pa. Code § 127.513]

# **Compliance Certification**

(a) One year after the date of issuance of the Title V permit, and each year thereafter, unless specified elsewhere in the permit, the permittee shall submit to the Department and EPA Region III a certificate of compliance with the terms and conditions in this permit, for the previous year, including the emission limitations, standards or work practices. This certification shall include:

(1) The identification of each term or condition of the permit that is the basis of the certification.

- (2) The compliance status.
- (3) The methods used for determining the compliance status of the source, currently and over the reporting period.
- (4) Whether compliance was continuous or intermittent.

(b) The compliance certification shall be postmarked or hand-delivered no later than thirty days after each anniversary of





the date of issuance of this Title V Operating Permit, or on the submittal date specified elsewhere in the permit, to the Department in accordance with the submission requirements specified in Section B, Condition #022 of this permit. The Title V compliance certification shall be emailed to EPA at R3\_APD\_Permits@epa.gov.

	The Title V compliance certification shall be emailed to EPA at R3_APD_Permits@epa.gov.
#025	[25 Pa. Code §§ 127.511 & Chapter 135]
Record	keeping Requirements
	(a) The permittee shall maintain and make available, upon request by the Department, records of required monitoring information that include the following:
	(1) The date, place (as defined in the permit) and time of sampling or measurements.
	(2) The dates the analyses were performed.
	(3) The company or entity that performed the analyses.
	(4) The analytical techniques or methods used.
	(5) The results of the analyses.
	(6) The operating conditions as existing at the time of sampling or measurement.
	(b) The permittee shall retain records of the required monitoring data and supporting information for at least five (5) years from the date of the monitoring sample, measurement, report or application. Supporting information includes the calibration data and maintenance records and original strip-chart recordings for continuous monitoring instrumentation, and copies of reports required by the permit.
	(c) The permittee shall maintain and make available to the Department upon request, records including computerized records that may be necessary to comply with the reporting, recordkeeping and emission statement requirements in 25 Pa. Code Chapter 135 (relating to reporting of sources). In accordance with 25 Pa. Code Chapter 135, § 135.5, such records may include records of production, fuel usage, maintenance of production or pollution control equipment or other information determined by the Department to be necessary for identification and quantification of potential and actual air contaminant emissions. If direct recordkeeping is not possible or practical, sufficient records shall be kept to provide the needed information by indirect means.
#026	[25 Pa. Code §§ 127.411(d), 127.442, 127.463(e) & 127.511(c)]
Reporti	ng Requirements
	(a) The permittee shall comply with the reporting requirements for the applicable requirements specified in this Title V permit. In addition to the reporting requirements specified herein, the permittee shall comply with any additional applicable reporting requirements promulgated under the Clean Air Act after permit issuance regardless of whether the permit is revised.
	(b) Pursuant to 25 Pa. Code § 127.511(c), the permittee shall submit reports of required monitoring at least every six (6 months unless otherwise specified in this permit. Instances of deviations (as defined in 25 Pa. Code § 121.1) from permit requirements shall be clearly identified in the reports. The reporting of deviations shall include the probable cause of the deviations and corrective actions or preventative measures taken, except that sources with continuous emission monitoring systems shall report according to the protocol established and approved by the Department for the source. The required reports shall be certified by a responsible official.
	(c) Every report submitted to the Department under this permit condition shall comply with the submission procedures specified in Section B, Condition #022(c) of this permit.
	(d) Any records, reports or information obtained by the Department or referred to in a public hearing shall be made available to the public by the Department except for such records, reports or information for which the permittee has shown cause that the documents should be considered confidential and protected from disclosure to the public under Section 4013.2 of the Air Pollution Control Act and consistent with Sections 112(d) and 114(c) of the Clean Air Act and 25 De Code \$ 127 111(d). The neuroit resource to report the description of the Air Pollution Control Act and consistent with Sections 112(d) and 114(c) of the Clean Air Act and

25 Pa. Code § 127.411(d). The permittee may not request a claim of confidentiality for any emissions data generated

for the Title V facility.





### #027 [25 Pa. Code § 127.3]

### **Operational Flexibility**

The permittee is authorized to make changes within the Title V facility in accordance with the following provisions in 25 Pa. Code Chapter 127 which implement the operational flexibility requirements of Section 502(b)(10) of the Clean Air Act and Section 6.1(i) of the Air Pollution Control Act:

- (1) Section 127.14 (relating to exemptions)
- (2) Section 127.447 (relating to alternative operating scenarios)
- (3) Section 127.448 (relating to emissions trading at facilities with federally enforceable emissions caps)
- (4) Section 127.449 (relating to de minimis emission increases)
- (5) Section 127.450 (relating to administrative operating permit amendments)
- (6) Section 127.462 (relating to minor operating permit amendments)
- (7) Subchapter H (relating to general plan approvals and operating permits)

# #028 [25 Pa. Code §§ 127.441(d), 127.512(i) and 40 CFR Part 68]

#### **Risk Management**

(a) If required by Section 112(r) of the Clean Air Act, the permittee shall develop and implement an accidental release program consistent with requirements of the Clean Air Act, 40 CFR Part 68 (relating to chemical accident prevention provisions) and the Federal Chemical Safety Information, Site Security and Fuels Regulatory Relief Act (P.L. 106-40).

(b) The permittee shall prepare and implement a Risk Management Plan (RMP) which meets the requirements of Section 112(r) of the Clean Air Act, 40 CFR Part 68 and the Federal Chemical Safety Information, Site Security and Fuels Regulatory Relief Act when a regulated substance listed in 40 CFR § 68.130 is present in a process in more than the listed threshold quantity at the Title V facility. The permittee shall submit the RMP to the federal Environmental Protection Agency according to the following schedule and requirements:

(1) The permittee shall submit the first RMP to a central point specified by EPA no later than the latest of the following:

- (i) Three years after the date on which a regulated substance is first listed under § 68.130; or,
- (ii) The date on which a regulated substance is first present above a threshold quantity in a process.

(2) The permittee shall submit any additional relevant information requested by the Department or EPA concerning the RMP and shall make subsequent submissions of RMPs in accordance with 40 CFR § 68.190.

(3) The permittee shall certify that the RMP is accurate and complete in accordance with the requirements of 40 CFR Part 68, including a checklist addressing the required elements of a complete RMP.

(c) As used in this permit condition, the term "process" shall be as defined in 40 CFR § 68.3. The term "process" means any activity involving a regulated substance including any use, storage, manufacturing, handling, or on-site movement of such substances or any combination of these activities. For purposes of this definition, any group of vessels that are interconnected, or separate vessels that are located such that a regulated substance could be involved in a potential release, shall be considered a single process.

(d) If the Title V facility is subject to 40 CFR Part 68, as part of the certification required under this permit, the permittee shall:

(1) Submit a compliance schedule for satisfying the requirements of 40 CFR Part 68 by the date specified in 40 CFR § 68.10(a); or,

(2) Certify that the Title V facility is in compliance with all requirements of 40 CFR Part 68 including the registration and submission of the RMP.





(e) If the Title V facility is subject to 40 CFR Part 68, the permittee shall maintain records supporting the implementation of an accidental release program for five (5) years in accordance with 40 CFR § 68.200.

(f) When the Title V facility is subject to the accidental release program requirements of Section 112(r) of the Clean Air Act and 40 CFR Part 68, appropriate enforcement action will be taken by the Department if:

(1) The permittee fails to register and submit the RMP or a revised plan pursuant to 40 CFR Part 68.

(2) The permittee fails to submit a compliance schedule or include a statement in the compliance certification required under Section B, Condition #026 of this permit that the Title V facility is in compliance with the requirements of Section 112(r) of the Clean Air Act, 40 CFR Part 68, and 25 Pa. Code § 127.512(i).

### #029 [25 Pa. Code § 127.512(e)]

### Approved Economic Incentives and Emission Trading Programs

No permit revision shall be required under approved economic incentives, marketable permits, emissions trading and other similar programs or processes for changes that are provided for in this Title V permit.

### #030 [25 Pa. Code §§ 127.516, 127.450(d), 127.449(f) & 127.462(g)]

#### **Permit Shield**

(a) The permittee's compliance with the conditions of this permit shall be deemed in compliance with applicable requirements (as defined in 25 Pa. Code § 121.1) as of the date of permit issuance if either of the following applies:

(1) The applicable requirements are included and are specifically identified in this permit.

(2) The Department specifically identifies in the permit other requirements that are not applicable to the permitted facility or source.

(b) Nothing in 25 Pa. Code § 127.516 or the Title V permit shall alter or affect the following:

(1) The provisions of Section 303 of the Clean Air Act, including the authority of the Administrator of the EPA provided thereunder.

(2) The liability of the permittee for a violation of an applicable requirement prior to the time of permit issuance.

- (3) The applicable requirements of the acid rain program, consistent with Section 408(a) of the Clean Air Act.
- (4) The ability of the EPA to obtain information from the permittee under Section 114 of the Clean Air Act.

(c) Unless precluded by the Clean Air Act or regulations thereunder, final action by the Department incorporating a significant permit modification in this Title V Permit shall be covered by the permit shield at the time that the permit containing the significant modification is issued.

#### #031 [25 Pa. Code §135.3]

# Reporting

(a) The permittee shall submit by March 1 of each year an annual emissions report for the preceding calendar year. The report shall include information for all active previously reported sources, new sources which were first operated during the preceding calendar year, and sources modified during the same period which were not previously reported. All air emissions from the facility should be estimated and reported.

(b) A source owner or operator may request an extension of time from the Department for the filing of an annual emissions report, and the Department may grant the extension for reasonable cause.

#### #032 [25 Pa. Code §135.4]

#### **Report Format**

Emissions reports shall contain sufficient information to enable the Department to complete its emission inventory. Emissions reports shall be made by the source owner or operator in a format specified by the Department.





# I. RESTRICTIONS.

# Emission Restriction(s).

#### # 001 [25 Pa. Code §123.1] Prohibition of certain fugitive emissions

The permittee may not permit the emission into the outdoor atmosphere of fugitive air contaminant from a source other than the following:

(1) Construction or demolition of buildings or structures.

(2) Grading, paving and maintenance of roads and streets.

(3) Use of roads and streets. Emissions from material in or on trucks, railroad cars and other vehicular equipment are not considered as emissions from use of roads and streets.

(4) Clearing of land.

(5) Stockpiling of materials.

(6) Open burning operations.

(7) Blasting in open pit mines. Emissions from drilling are not considered as emissions from blasting.

(8) Sources and classes of sources other than those identified in paragraphs (1)-(7), for which the operator has obtained a determination from the Department that fugitive emissions from the source, after appropriate control, meet the following requirements:

(i) the emissions are of minor significance with respect to causing air pollution; and,

(ii) the emissions are not preventing or interfering with the attainment or maintenance of any ambient air quality standard.

# # 002 [25 Pa. Code §123.2]

# Fugitive particulate matter

The permittee may not permit fugitive particulate matter to be emitted into the outdoor atmosphere from a source specified in Site Level Condition #001 (relating to prohibition of certain fugitive emissions) if such emissions are visible at the point the emissions pass outside the person's property.

# # 003 [25 Pa. Code §123.31]

# Limitations

The permittee may not permit the emission into the outdoor atmosphere of any malodorous air contaminants from any source in such a manner that the malodors are detectable outside the property of the person on whose land the source is being operated.

# # 004 [25 Pa. Code §123.41]

Limitations

VISIBLE EMISSIONS:

(a) A person may not permit the emission into the outdoor atmosphere of visible air contaminants in such a manner that the opacity of the emission is either of the following:

(1) Equal to or greater than 20% for a period or periods aggregating more than three minutes in any 1 hour.

(2) Equal to or greater than 60% at any time.

# # 005 [25 Pa. Code §123.42]

# Exceptions

The limitations of 123.41 (relating to limitations) shall not apply to a visible emission in any of the following instances:

(1) when the presence of uncombined water is the only reason for failure of the emission to meet the limitations.





(2) When the emission results from the operation of equipment used solely to train and test persons in observing the opacity of visible emissions.

(3) When the emission results from sources specified in site level condition #001(relating to prohibition of certain fugitive emissions).

#### II. TESTING REQUIREMENTS.

# # 006 [25 Pa. Code §127.441]

# Operating permit terms and conditions.

(a) All performance tests shall be conducted in accordance with 40 CFR Part 60, Section 60.754 and the Department's Source testing procedures described in the latest Source Testing Manual reference in 25 Pa. Code, Section 139.4(5).

(b) Testing procedures shall be submitted to the Regional Air Quality Program Manager as specified in General Title V Requirement #023.

# 007 [25 Pa. Code §127.511]

#### Monitoring and related recordkeeping and reporting requirements.

All sampling, testing and analyses performed in compliance with the requirements of any section of this permit shall be done in accordance with General Title V Requirement #021.

#### # 008 [25 Pa. Code §127.511]

#### Monitoring and related recordkeeping and reporting requirements.

If requested by the Department, the permittee shall perform a stack test, in accordance with the provisions of the most current publication of the DEP Source Testing Manual and Chapter 139 of the Rules and Regulations of the Department of Environmental Protection, within the time frame specified by the Department.

### III. MONITORING REQUIREMENTS.

# # 009 [25 Pa. Code §123.43]

#### Measuring techniques

Visible emissions may be measured using either of the following:

(1) A device approved by the Department and maintained to provide accurate opacity measurements.

(2) Observers, trained and qualified to measure plume opacity with the naked eye or with the aid of any devices approved by the Department.

# # 010 [25 Pa. Code §127.441]

#### Operating permit terms and conditions.

The owner/operator shall forecast, on an annual basis, the landfill gas generation and collection for the following year. If the forecast indicates that the existing flare (s) is not sufficient to incinerate the collected gases, additional approved flare(s) shall be installed and operated within six months of the forecast to ensure that the 100 % of the collected gases are incinerated and/or destructed by other methods approved by the Department.

### # 011 [25 Pa. Code §127.511]

# Monitoring and related recordkeeping and reporting requirements.

FUGITIVE AND VISIBLE EMISSIONS:

The permittee shall conduct weekly inspections of the facility, during daylight hours when the plant is in operation, to detect visible and fugitive emissions. Visible emissions may be measured according to the methods specified in Site Level Condition #009. The permittee shall monitor for the following:

(a) Visible emissions in excess of the limits stated in this permit.

(b) The presence of fugitive emissions visible beyond the boundaries of the facility, as stated in Site Level Condition #002.





# IV. RECORDKEEPING REQUIREMENTS.

# 012 [25 Pa. Code §127.441]

### Operating permit terms and conditions.

Recordkeeping and Reporting Requirements

A detailed record describing the time, location, type and amount of roadway surface treatment shall be maintained at the landfill site for at least five (5) years. As a minimum, the record shall include the following:

i) For paved roads and parking lot areas:

- a. Daily log of engine run time and odometer reading for the vacuum sweeper / water truck.
- b. Daily log of time and location of vacuum sweeping / water truck.
- c. Identification, time and location of any maintenance, repair, patching or repaving of roads.
- d. A log explaining the reason any required vacuum sweeping / water truck was not performed.

ii For unpaved roads and shoulders of paved roads:

a. Log of time and location of treated areas.

b. Daily log of meter reading of spray-bar and/or pump and odometer reading of trucks used to apply dust suppressants and the identification of such dust suppressants.

c. Daily log of the dilution ratios of the dust suppressants and diluent used if chemical suppressants are used.

d. Purchase records of the chemical suppressants, if any.

iii) Records required under this Operating Permit shall be kept for a minimum period of five (5) years and shall be made available to the Department upon its request.

# # 013 [25 Pa. Code §127.441]

#### Operating permit terms and conditions.

(a) The owner/operator shall keep records of the amount of landfill gas collected and combusted at the facility on a monthly basis to verify compliance with the landfill gas throughput limitation in any 12 consecutive month period.

(b) These records shall be retained for a minimum of five (5) years and shall be made available to the Department upon request.

(c) Records of data, calculations, and total emissions should be kept, as necessary, to ensure compliance with each specific condition so that compliance is easily and continuously verified. The records, calculations, and total emissions shall be computed at least monthly for the previous month and the previous twelve consecutive calendar month period, and shall be updated by the 15th calendar day of each calendar month.

# # 014 [25 Pa. Code §127.511]

# Monitoring and related recordkeeping and reporting requirements.

FUGITIVE AND VISIBLE EMISSIONS:

(a) The permittee shall, at the conclusion of each weekly inspection, record all occurrences of fugitive or visible emissions which deviate from the limitations (Site Level Conditions #002 and #004) in a log book.

(b) The permittee shall record any and all corrective action(s) taken to abate each recorded deviation or prevent future occurrences.

# # 015 [25 Pa. Code §127.511]

# Monitoring and related recordkeeping and reporting requirements.

All records, reports and analyses results generated in compliance with the requirements of any section of this permit shall be maintained in accordance with General Title V Requirement #022, Section (b), and shall be made available to the Department upon written or verbal request at a reasonable time.





### V. REPORTING REQUIREMENTS.

#### # 016 [25 Pa. Code §127.441] Operating permit terms and conditions.

(a) The permittee shall submit reports to the Department on an annual basis that include the supporting calculations to verify compliance with the NOx, CO, SOx, VOCs, and PM emissions limitation for the facility in any 12 consecutive month period.

(b) The annual reports shall be submitted to the Department no later than March 1 (for January 1 through December 31 of the previous year).

# # 017 [25 Pa. Code §127.511]

# Monitoring and related recordkeeping and reporting requirements.

FUGITIVE AND VISIBLE EMISSIONS:

(a) On a semi-annual basis, the permittee shall compile a report of all logged instances of deviation of the fugitive or visible emission limitations that occurred and the actions taken in response to them. This report shall be submitted to the Department.

(b) If no deviations have been logged during the reported period, this report shall be retained at the facility and be made available to the Department upon request.

# # 018 [25 Pa. Code §127.511]

# Monitoring and related recordkeeping and reporting requirements.

The company, within (1) one hour of occurrence, shall notify the Department, at 570-826-2511, of any malfunction, recordkeeping and reporting errors, or other possible non-compliance issues, which result in, or may possibly be resulting in, the emission of air contaminants in excess of the limitations specified in, or established pursuant to, any applicable rule or regulations contained in Article III of the Rules and Regulations of the Department of Environmental Protection. A written report shall be submitted to the Department within five working days following the incident describing the malfunction, recordkeeping, and reporting error or other non-compliance issue and the corrective actions being taken. The Department may take enforcement action for any violations of the applicable standards.

# # 019 [25 Pa. Code §127.513]

# Compliance certification.

The reporting period for the certificate of compliance required by Condition #026 of Section B, shall be for the previous calendar year, and it shall be submitted within 60 days after the specified period but no later than March 1st.

# # 020 [25 Pa. Code §135.21]

# Emission statements

(a) Except as provided in subsection (d), this section applies to stationary sources or facilities:

(1) Located in an area designated by the Clean Air Act as a marginal, moderate, serious, severe or extreme ozone nonattainment area and which emit oxides of nitrogen or VOC.

(2) Not located in an area described in subparagraph (1) and included in the Northeast Ozone Transport Region which emit or have the potential to emit 100 tons or more oxides of nitrogen or 50 tons or more of VOC per year.

(b) The owner or operator of each stationary source emitting oxides of nitrogen or VOC's shall provide the Department with a statement, in a form as the Department may prescribe, for classes or categories of sources, showing the actual emissions of oxides of nitrogen and VOCs from that source for each reporting period, a description of the method used to calculate the emissions and the time period over which the calculation is based. The statement shall contain a certification by a company officer or the plant manager that the information contained in the statement is accurate.

(c) Annual emission statements are due by March 1 for the preceding calendar year beginning with March 1, 1993, for calendar year 1992 and shall provide data consistent with requirements and guidance developed by the EPA. The guidance document is available from: United States Environmental Protection Agency, 401 M. Street, S.W., Washington, D.C. 20460. The Department may require more frequent submittals if the Department determines that one or more of the following applies:





(1) A more frequent submission is required by the EPA.

(2) Analysis of the data on a more frequent basis is necessary to implement the requirements of the act.

(d) Subsection (a) does not apply to a class or category of stationary sources which emits less than 25 tons per year of VOC's or oxides of nitrogen, if the Department in its submissions to the Administrator of the EPA under section 182(a)(1) or (3)(B)(ii) of the Clean Air Act (42 U.S.C.A. 7511a(a)(1) or (3)(B)(ii)) provides an inventory of emissions from the class or category of sources based on the use of the emission factors established by the Administrator or other methods acceptable to the Administrator. The Department will publish in the Pennsylvania Bulletin a notice of the lists of classes or categories of sources which are exempt from the emission statement requirement under this subsection.

# # 021 [25 Pa. Code §135.3] Reporting

(a) A person who owns or operates a source to which this chapter applies, and who has previously been advised by the Department to submit a source report, shall submit by March 1 of each year a source report for the preceding calendar year. The report shall include information for all previously reported sources, new sources which were first operated during the proceeding calendar year and sources modified during the same period which were not previously reported.

(b) A person who receives initial notification by the Department that a source report is necessary shall submit an initial source report within 60 days after receiving the notification or by March 1 of the year following the year for which the report is required, whichever is later.

(c) A source owner or operator may request an extension of time from the Department for the filing of a source report, and the Department may grant the extension for reasonable cause.

# VI. WORK PRACTICE REQUIREMENTS.

# # 022 [25 Pa. Code §123.1]

# Prohibition of certain fugitive emissions

The permittee shall take all reasonable actions to prevent particulate matter from becoming airborne. These actions shall include, but not be limited to, the following:

(1) Use, where possible, of water or chemicals for control of dust in the demolition of buildings or structures, construction operations, the grading of roads, or the clearing of land.

(2) Application of asphalt, oil, water or suitable chemicals on dirt roads, material stockpiles and other surfaces which may give rise to airborne dusts.

(3) Paving and maintenance of roadways.

(4) Prompt removal of earth or other material from paved streets onto which earth or other material has been transported by trucking or earth moving equipment, erosion by water, or other means.

# # 023 [25 Pa. Code §127.441]

# Operating permit terms and conditions.

25 Pa. Code 123.1(c) requires the person responsible for sources with fugitive emissions potential to take all reasonable actions to prevent particulate matter from becoming airborne. 25 Pa. Code 273.217 requires landfill operators to implement fugitive dust control measures. This criteria specifies the reasonable actions that are necessary for the prevention of fugitive dust emissions from the operation of landfills in accordance with these requirements. Landfills which meet this criteria are considered to be of minor significance with regards to particulate emissions and are not subject to Air Quality permitting requirements when no gas venting system is present.

A) Parking lots/areas and the landfill access roadways from the public highway to the landfill and other haul roads inside the landfill shall be paved, maintained, and cleaned by vacuum sweeping or any other approved means. All parking lots/areas shall be cleaned at least weekly and the access roadways cleaned at least daily.





B) The access roadways if unpaved at the unloading areas (active cells) shall have a crown so that water runs off and does not pool. Water or other chemical dust suppressants shall be applied to the unpaved road surface to reduce fugitive dusts. Water, if used, shall be applied at least twice a day. Chemical dust suppressants, if used, shall be applied as needed, but at least once a month.

C) Water or other chemical dust suppressants shall be applied on the shoulder of access roadways and the shoulder of the public highway for a distance of 500 feet in both directions. Water, if used, shall be applied at least twice a day. Chemical dust suppressants, if used, shall be applied at least once a month. Application of dust suppressants on the public highway shall be done in accordance with the appropriate-PA Department of Transportation (PennDOT) Bulletins.

D) No waste oil shall be used as a dust suppressant for the unpaved surface.

E) Earth or other material deposited by trucking or other means on the paved roadways, including public highway, shall be promptly removed from the paved roadways.

F) Upon leaving the landfill, the undercarriage, wheels and chassis of the vehicles which were used to transport wastes and earth shall be washed to prevent earthen carryout onto roadways.

G) All trucks entering the landfill shall be covered.

H) A speed limit of 15 miles per hour shall be observed on all paved access roadways and 10 miles per hour on all unpaved areas. Speed limit signs shall be posted consistent with the requirements of PennDOT (overall dimension 30" x 24", "SPEED LIMIT" in 4" letters and 10" numerals).

### # 024 [25 Pa. Code §129.14] Open burning operations

(a) Air basins. No person may permit the open burning of material in an air basin.

(b) Exceptions: The requirements of subsections (a) and (b) do not apply where the open burning operations result from:

(1) A fire set to prevent or abate a fire hazard, when approved by the Department and set by or under the supervision of a public officer.

(2) A fire set for the purpose of instructing personnel in fire fighting, when approved by the Department.

(3) A fire set for the prevention and control of disease or pests, when approved by the Department.

(4) A fire set in conjunction with the production of agricultural commodities in their unmanufactured state on the premises of the farm operation.

(5) A fire set for the purpose of burning domestic refuse, when the fire is on the premises of a structure occupied solely as a dwelling by two families or less and when the refuse results from the normal occupancy of such structure.

(6) A fire set solely for recreational or ceremonial purposes.

(7) A fire set solely for cooking food.

(c) Clearing and grubbing wastes. The following is applicable to clearing and grubbing wastes:

(1) As used in this subsection the following terms shall have the following meanings:

Air curtain destructor -- A mechanical device which forcefully projects a curtain of air across a pit in which open burning is being conducted so that combustion efficiency is increased and smoke and other particulate matter are contained.

Clearing and grubbing wastes -- Trees, shrubs, and other native vegetation which are cleared from land during or prior to the process of construction. The term does not include demolition wastes and dirt laden roots.





(2) Subsection (a) notwithstanding, clearing and grubbing wastes may be burned in a basin subject to the following requirements:

(i) Air curtain destructors shall be used when burning clearing and grubbing wastes.

(ii) Each proposed use of air curtain destructors shall be reviewed and approved by the Department in writing with respect to equipment arrangement, design and existing environmental conditions prior to commencement of burning. Proposals approved under this subparagraph need not obtain plan approval or operating permits under Chapter 127 (relating to construction modification, reactivation and operation of sources).

(iii) Approval for use of an air curtain destructor at one site may be granted for a specified period not to exceed 3 months, but may be extended for additional limited periods upon further approval by the Department.

(iv) The Department reserves the right to rescind approval granted if a determination by the Department indicates that an air pollution problem exists.

(3) Subsection (b) notwithstanding clearing and grubbing wastes may be burned outside of an air basin, subject to the following limitations:

(i) Upon receipt of a complaint or determination by the Department that an air pollution problem exists, the Department may order that the open burning cease or comply with subsection (b) of this section.

(ii) Authorization for open burning under this paragraph does not apply to clearing and grubbing wastes transported from an air basin for disposal outside of an air basin.

(4) During an air pollution episode, open burning is limited by Chapter 137 (relating to air pollution episodes) and shall cease as specified in such chapter.

#### VII. ADDITIONAL REQUIREMENTS.

### # 025 [25 Pa. Code §121.7] Prohibition of air pollution.

The permittee may not permit the presence in the outdoor atmosphere of any form of contaminant, including, but not limited to, the discharging from stacks, chimneys, openings, buildings, structures, open fires, vehicles, processes or any other source of any smoke, soot, fly ash, dust, cinders, dirt, noxious or obnoxious acids, fumes, oxides, gases, vapors, odors, toxic, hazardous or radioactive substances, waste or other matter in a place, manner or concentration inimical or which may be inimical to public health, safety or welfare or which is or may be injurious to human, plant or animal life or to property or which unreasonably interferes with the comfortable enjoyment of life or property.

# # 026 [25 Pa. Code §127.441] Operating permit terms and conditions.

(a) The permittee shall comply with all applicable requirements in 40 CFR Part 60, Subpart C (relating to Emission Guidelines [EG] and Compliance Times for MSW landfills) which implement the Section 111(d) requirements of the Clean Air Act. The applicable requirements include emission standards, operational standards, test methods and procedures, initial design capacity report, recordkeeping and reporting requirements.

(b) For purposes of meeting the requirements of Section 111(d) of the Clean Air Act, the terms and conditions in this permit relating to 40 CFR Part 60, Subpart Cc are non-expiring and shall continue in full force and effect until modified by the Department.

# # 027 [25 Pa. Code §127.441]

# Operating permit terms and conditions.

The facility is subject to the requirements of 40 CFR Part 61, Subpart M – National Emission Standards for Hazardous Air Pollutants – Asbestos, 40 CFR 61.151, 40 CFR 61.153, and 40 CFR 61.154.

#### # 028 [25 Pa. Code §127.441] Operating permit terms and conditions.





The facility shall not collect any refrigeration / air conditioning equipment containing refrigerants or any other ozone depleting substance at the facility or will otherwise be subject to and / or in violation of requirements of 40 CFR Part 82, - Protection of Stratospheric Ozone.

# # 029 [25 Pa. Code §127.441]

# Operating permit terms and conditions.

The company shall not impose conditions upon or otherwise restrict the Department's access to the aforementioned sources(s) and/or any associated air cleaning device(s) with such measuring and recording equipment, including equipment recording visual observations, as the Department deems necessary and proper for performing its duties and for the effective enforcement of the Air Pollution Control Act.

# VIII. COMPLIANCE CERTIFICATION.

No additional compliance certifications exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (relating to Title V General Requirements).

# IX. COMPLIANCE SCHEDULE.

No compliance milestones exist.





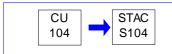
# SECTION D. Source Level Requirements

Source ID: 104

Source Name: LEACHATE PRE-TREATMENT PLANT BOILER

Source Capacity/Throughput:

5.900 MMBTU/HR



# I. RESTRICTIONS.

# **Emission Restriction(s).**

# # 001 [25 Pa. Code §123.11]

### **Combustion units**

(a) A person may not permit the emission into the outdoor atmosphere of particulate matter from a combustion unit in excess of the following:

(1) The rate of 0.4 pound per million Btu of heat input, when the heat input to the combustion unit in millions of Btus per hour is greater than 2.5 but less than 50.

# 002 [25 Pa. Code §123.22]

### **Combustion units**

A person may not permit the emission into the outdoor atmosphere of sulfur oxides, expressed as SO2, from a combustion unit in excess of the rate of 4 pounds per million Btu of heat input over a 1-hour period.

# II. TESTING REQUIREMENTS.

No additional testing requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements).

#### III. MONITORING REQUIREMENTS.

No additional monitoring requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements).

# IV. RECORDKEEPING REQUIREMENTS.

No additional record keeping requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements).

# V. REPORTING REQUIREMENTS.

No additional reporting requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements).

# VI. WORK PRACTICE REQUIREMENTS.

No additional work practice requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements).





# SECTION D. Source Level Requirements

# VII. ADDITIONAL REQUIREMENTS.

No additional requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements).





# SECTION D. Source Level Requirements

Source ID: 011

# Source Name: QUARRY OPERATIONS (ALL SEGMENTS)

Source Capacity/Throughput:



# I. RESTRICTIONS.

# **Emission Restriction(s).**

[40 CFR Part 60 Standards of Performance for New Stationary Sources §40 CFR 60.672] # 001 Subpart OOO - Standards of Performance for Nonmetallic Mineral Processing Plants Standard for particulate matter. (a) No owner or operator subject to the provisions of this subpart shall cause to be discharged into the atmosphere from any transfer point on belt conveyors or from any other affected facility any stack emissions which: (1) Contain particulate matter in excess of 0.05 g/dscm; and (2) Exhibit greater than 7 percent opacity, unless the stack emissions are discharged from an affected facility using a wet scrubbing control device. (b) No owner or operator subject to the provisions of this subpart shall cause to be discharged into the atmosphere from any transfer point on belt conveyors or from any other affected facility any fugitive emissions which exhibit greater than 10 percent opacity, except as provided in paragraphs (c), (d) and (e) of this section. (c) No owner or operator shall cause to be discharged into the atmosphere from any crusher, at which a capture system is not used, fugitive emissions which exhibit greater than 15 percent opacity. (d) Truck dumping of nonmetallic minerals into any screening operation, feed hopper, or crusher is exempt from the requirements of this section. (e) If any transfer point on a conveyor belt or any other affected facility is enclosed in a building, then each enclosed affected facility must comply with the emission limits in paragraphs (a), (b) and (c) of this section, or the building enclosing the

(1) No owner or operator shall cause to be discharged into the atmosphere from any building enclosing any transfer point on a conveyor belt or any other affected facility any visible fugitive emissions except emissions from a vent as defined in 60.671.

(2) No owner or operator shall cause to be discharged into the atmosphere from any vent of any building enclosing any transfer point on a conveyor belt or any other affected facility emissions which exceed the stack emissions limits in paragraph (a) of this section.

# II. TESTING REQUIREMENTS.

No additional testing requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements).

# III. MONITORING REQUIREMENTS.

# # 002 [25 Pa. Code §123.43]

# Measuring techniques

Visible emissions may be measured using either of the following:

affected facility or facilities must comply with the following emission limits:

(1) A device approved by the Department and maintained to provide accurate opacity measurements.





# SECTION D. Source Level Requirements

(2) Observers, trained and qualified to measure plume opacity with the naked eye or with the aid of any devices approved by the Department.

# # 003 [25 Pa. Code §127.511]

#### Monitoring and related recordkeeping and reporting requirements.

FUGITIVE AND VISIBLE EMISSIONS:

The permittee shall conduct daily inspections of the source while in operation, during daylight hours, to insure compliance with source level condition #001. Visible emissions may be measured according to the methods specified in Source Level Condition #002.

# IV. RECORDKEEPING REQUIREMENTS.

# 004 [25 Pa. Code §127.511]

### Monitoring and related recordkeeping and reporting requirements.

FUGITIVE AND VISIBLE EMISSIONS:

(a) The permittee shall, at the conclusion of each daily inspection, record all occurrences of fugitive or visible emissions which deviate from the limitations (Source Level Condition #001) in a log book.

(b) The permittee shall record any and all corrective action(s) taken to abate each recorded deviation to prevent future occurrences.

### V. REPORTING REQUIREMENTS.

# # 005 [25 Pa. Code §127.511]

# Monitoring and related recordkeeping and reporting requirements.

FUGITIVE AND VISIBLE EMISSIONS:

(a) On a semi-annual basis, the permittee shall compile a report of all logged instances of deviation of the fugitive or visible emission limitations that occurred and the actions taken in response to them. This report shall be submitted to the Department.

(b) If no deviations have been logged during the reported period, this report shall be retained at the facility and be made available to the Department upon request.

# 006 [40 CFR Part 60 Standards of Performance for New Stationary Sources §40 CFR 60.676] Subpart OOO - Standards of Performance for Nonmetallic Mineral Processing Plants Reporting and recordkeeping.

(a) Each owner or operator seeking to comply with 60.670(d) shall submit to the Administrator the following information about the existing facility being replaced and the replacement piece of equipment.

(1) For a crusher, grinding mill, bucket elevator, bagging operation, or enclosed truck or railcar loading station:

- (i) The rated capacity in tons per hour of the existing facility being replaced; and,
- (ii) The rated capacity in tons per hour of the replacement equipment.
- (2) For a screening operation:
- (i) The total surface area of the top screen of the existing screening operation being replaced; and,

(ii) The total surface area of the top screen of the replacement screening operation.





# SECTION D. Source Level Requirements

(3) For a conveyor belt:

(i) The width of the existing belt being replaced; and,

(ii) The width of the replacement conveyor belt.

(4) For a storage bin:

(i) The rated capacity in tons of the existing storage bin being replaced; and,

(ii) The rated capacity in tons of replacement storage bins.

(b) Each owner or operator seeking to comply with 60.670(d) shall submit the following data to the Director of the Emission Standards and Engineering Division, (MD-13), U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, Research Triangle Park, North Carolina 27711.

(1) The information described in 60.676(a).

(2) A description of the control device used to reduce particulate matter emissions from the existing facility and a list of all other pieces of equipment controlled by the same control device; and

(3) The estimated age of the existing facility.

(f) The owner or operator of any affected facility shall submit written reports of the results of all performance tests conducted to demonstrate compliance with the standards set forth in §60.672 of this subpart, including reports of opacity observations made using Method 9 (40 CFR part 60, Appendix A-4) to demonstrate compliance with §60.672(b) and (e).

#### VI. WORK PRACTICE REQUIREMENTS.

# # 007 [25 Pa. Code §127.441] Operating permit terms and conditions.

a) At all times that this source is in operation, the Water Spray Dust Suppression System shall be operated so as to prevent fugitive emissions from the Rock Crushing Operation in excess of the limitations of this permit.

b) The company shall keep on hand a sufficient quantity of spare water spray nozzles in order to immediately replace any nozzles requiring replacement due to clogging.

# 008 [25 Pa. Code §127.512]

#### Operating permit terms and conditions.

The use of in-plant roads associated with the quarry operation shall not result in the emissions of fugitive particulate matter in excess of the limitations specified in Section C (Site Level Requirements) of this permit.

### VII. ADDITIONAL REQUIREMENTS.

No additional requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements).



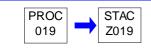


# SECTION D. Source Level Requirements

Source ID: 019

Source Name: STORAGE TANK 3K-GASOLINE

Source Capacity/Throughput:



# I. RESTRICTIONS.

# **Emission Restriction(s).**

# # 001 [25 Pa. Code §129.61]

# Small gasoline storage tank control (Stage 1 control)

(a) A person may not transfer gasoline from a delivery vessel into a stationary storage tank unless the displaced vapors from the storage tank are transferred to the dispensing delivery tank through a vapor tight return line and unless the receiving tank is equipped with a submerged fill pipe which extends from the filling orifice to within 6 inches of the bottom of the tank. The vapors collected in the dispensing tank shall be disposed of in accordance with 129.59 or 129.60(c) (relating to bulk gasoline terminals; and bulk gasoline plants).

(b) The dispensing delivery tank shall remain vapor tight at all times. The delivery tank may be opened after the vapors are disposed of in accordance with 129.59 or 129.60(c).

# # 002 [25 Pa. Code §129.62]

### General standards for bulk gasoline terminals/plants, and small gasoline storage tanks

(a) Gasoline may not be spilled or discarded in sewers or stored in open containers or handled in a manner that would result in uncontrolled evaporation to the atmosphere.

(b) The permittee shall not permit the transfer of gasoline between the tank truck or trailer and a stationary storage tank unless the following conditions are met:

(1) The vapor balance system is in good working order and is designed and operated in a manner that prevents:

(i) Gauge pressure from exceeding 18 inches of H2O (4500 pascals) and vacuum from exceeding 6 inches of water (1500 pascals) in the gasoline tank truck.

(ii) A reading equal to or greater than 100% of the lower explosive limit--LEL, measured as propane--at 1 inch from points on the perimeter of a potential leak source when measured by the method referenced in 139.14 (relating to emissions of volatile organic compounds) during loading or unloading operations at small gasoline storage tanks, bulk plants and bulk terminals.

(iii) Avoidable liquid leaks during loading or unloading operations at small gasoline storage tanks, bulk plants and bulk terminals.

(2) A truck, vapor balance system or vapor disposal system, if applicable, that exceeds the limits in paragraph (1) is repaired and retested within 15 days.

(3) There are no visually- or audibly-detectable leaks in the tank truck's or trailer's pressure/vacuum relief valves and hatch covers, the truck tanks or storage tanks, or associated vapor and liquid lines during loading or unloading.

(4) The pressure and vacuum relief valves on storage vessels and tank trucks or trailers are set to release at no less than .7 psig (4.8 kilopascals) of pressure or .3 psig (2.1 kilopascals) of vacuum or the highest allowable pressure and vacuum as specified in State or local fire codes, the National Fire Prevention Association guidelines or other National consensus standards acceptable to the Department. Upon demonstration by the owner or operator of an underground small gasoline storage tank that the vapor balance system specified in paragraph (1) will achieve a 90% vapor recovery efficiency without a pressure and vacuum relief valve and that an interlock system, sufficient to ensure connection of the vapor recovery line prior to delivery of the gasoline, will be used--no pressure and vacuum relief valve is required. The vacuum setting on the pressure and vacuum relief valve on an underground storage tank may be set at the lowest vacuum





# SECTION D. Source Level Requirements

setting which is sufficient to keep the vent closed at zero pressure and vacuum.

#### II. TESTING REQUIREMENTS.

No additional testing requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements).

#### III. MONITORING REQUIREMENTS.

No additional monitoring requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements).

# IV. RECORDKEEPING REQUIREMENTS.

No additional record keeping requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements).

#### V. REPORTING REQUIREMENTS.

No additional reporting requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements).

#### VI. WORK PRACTICE REQUIREMENTS.

No additional work practice requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements).

#### VII. ADDITIONAL REQUIREMENTS.

No additional requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements).



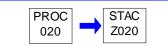
# SECTION D. Source Level Requirements

Source ID: 020

Source Name: STORAGE TANK 6K-HYDRAULIC OIL

Source Capacity/Throughput:

Conditions for this source occur in the following groups: 02



35-00014

# I. RESTRICTIONS.

No additional requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements) and/or Section E (Source Group Restrictions).

# II. TESTING REQUIREMENTS.

No additional testing requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements) and/or Section E (Source Group Restrictions).

# III. MONITORING REQUIREMENTS.

No additional monitoring requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements) and/or Section E (Source Group Restrictions).

# IV. RECORDKEEPING REQUIREMENTS.

No additional record keeping requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements) and/or Section E (Source Group Restrictions).

# V. REPORTING REQUIREMENTS.

No additional reporting requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements) and/or Section E (Source Group Restrictions).

# VI. WORK PRACTICE REQUIREMENTS.

No additional work practice requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements) and/or Section E (Source Group Restrictions).

# VII. ADDITIONAL REQUIREMENTS.

No additional requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements) and/or Section E (Source Group Restrictions).





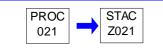
# SECTION D. Source Level Requirements

Source ID: 021

Source Name: STORAGE TANK 8K-MOTOR OIL

Source Capacity/Throughput:

Conditions for this source occur in the following groups: 02



### I. RESTRICTIONS.

No additional requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements) and/or Section E (Source Group Restrictions).

# II. TESTING REQUIREMENTS.

No additional testing requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements) and/or Section E (Source Group Restrictions).

### III. MONITORING REQUIREMENTS.

No additional monitoring requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements) and/or Section E (Source Group Restrictions).

#### IV. RECORDKEEPING REQUIREMENTS.

No additional record keeping requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements) and/or Section E (Source Group Restrictions).

# V. REPORTING REQUIREMENTS.

No additional reporting requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements) and/or Section E (Source Group Restrictions).

# VI. WORK PRACTICE REQUIREMENTS.

No additional work practice requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements) and/or Section E (Source Group Restrictions).

#### VII. ADDITIONAL REQUIREMENTS.

No additional requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements) and/or Section E (Source Group Restrictions).





# SECTION D. Source Level Requirements

Source ID: 022

Source Name: DIESEL STORAGE TANK

Source Capacity/Throughput:



#### I. RESTRICTIONS.

No additional requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements).

# II. TESTING REQUIREMENTS.

No additional testing requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements).

### III. MONITORING REQUIREMENTS.

No additional monitoring requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements).

#### IV. RECORDKEEPING REQUIREMENTS.

No additional record keeping requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements).

#### V. REPORTING REQUIREMENTS.

No additional reporting requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements).

#### VI. WORK PRACTICE REQUIREMENTS.

# # 001 [25 Pa. Code §129.57]

#### Storage tanks less than or equal to 40,000 gallons capacity containing VOCs

The provisions of this section apply to above ground stationary storage tanks with a capacity equal to or greater than 2,000 gallons which contain volatile organic compounds with vapor pressure greater than 1.5 psia (10.5 kilopascals) under actual storage conditions. Storage tanks covered under this section shall have pressure relief valves which are maintained in good operating condition and which are set to release at no less than .7 psig (4.8 kilopascals) of pressure or .3 psig (2.1 kilopascals) of vacuum or the highest possible pressure and vacuum in accordance with state or local fire codes or the National Fire Prevention Association guidelines or other national consensus standards acceptable to the Department. Section 129.56(g) (relating to storage tanks greater than 40,000 gallons capacity containing VOCs) applies to this section. Petroleum liquid storage vessels which are used to store produced crude oil and condensate prior to lease custody transfer shall be exempt from the requirements of this section.

#### VII. ADDITIONAL REQUIREMENTS.

No additional requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements).





#### SECTION D. **Source Level Requirements** Source ID: 100 Source Name: LANDFILL CLOSED (GAS COLLECTION SYSTEM) Source Capacity/Throughput: Conditions for this source occur in the following groups: 01 05 06 07 PROC STAC 100 Z102 CNTL STAC C110 S110 CNTL STAC C105A S105A CNTL STAC C103A S103A

### I. RESTRICTIONS.

No additional requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements) and/or Section E (Source Group Restrictions).

#### II. TESTING REQUIREMENTS.

No additional testing requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements) and/or Section E (Source Group Restrictions).

#### III. MONITORING REQUIREMENTS.

No additional monitoring requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements) and/or Section E (Source Group Restrictions).

#### IV. RECORDKEEPING REQUIREMENTS.

No additional record keeping requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements) and/or Section E (Source Group Restrictions).

#### V. REPORTING REQUIREMENTS.

No additional reporting requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements) and/or Section E (Source Group Restrictions).

#### VI. WORK PRACTICE REQUIREMENTS.

No additional work practice requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements) and/or Section E (Source Group Restrictions).

#### VII. ADDITIONAL REQUIREMENTS.

No additional requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements) and/or Section E (Source Group Restrictions).

35-00014 KEYSTONE SANI LDFL INC/DUNMOR							
SECTION D. Source	e Level Requirements						
Source ID: 102	Source ID: 102 Source Name: LANDFILL PHASE 1 (GAS COLLECTION SYSTEM)						
	Source Capacity/Throughput:	120.000 Tons/HR MUNIC	CIPAL WASTE				
Conditions for this source	e occur in the following groups: 01 05 06 07						
PROC 102 TAC Z102							
CNTL C110	STAC S110						
CNTL C105A	STAC S105A						
	STAC						

# I. RESTRICTIONS.

No additional requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements) and/or Section E (Source Group Restrictions).

#### II. TESTING REQUIREMENTS.

C103A

S103A

No additional testing requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements) and/or Section E (Source Group Restrictions).

#### III. MONITORING REQUIREMENTS.

No additional monitoring requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements) and/or Section E (Source Group Restrictions).

#### IV. RECORDKEEPING REQUIREMENTS.

No additional record keeping requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements) and/or Section E (Source Group Restrictions).

#### V. REPORTING REQUIREMENTS.

No additional reporting requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements) and/or Section E (Source Group Restrictions).

#### VI. WORK PRACTICE REQUIREMENTS.

No additional work practice requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements) and/or Section E (Source Group Restrictions).

#### VII. ADDITIONAL REQUIREMENTS.

No additional requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements) and/or Section E (Source Group Restrictions).





SECTION D. Source Level Requirements

\*\*\* Permit Shield in Effect. \*\*\*





#### SECTION D. **Source Level Requirements** Source ID: 105 Source Name: LANDFILL PHASE 2 (GAS COLLECTION SYSTEM) Source Capacity/Throughput: Conditions for this source occur in the following groups: 01 05 06 07 PROC STAC 105 Z102 CNTL STAC C110 S110 CNTL STAC C105A S105A CNTL STAC C103A S103A

### I. RESTRICTIONS.

No additional requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements) and/or Section E (Source Group Restrictions).

#### II. TESTING REQUIREMENTS.

No additional testing requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements) and/or Section E (Source Group Restrictions).

#### III. MONITORING REQUIREMENTS.

No additional monitoring requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements) and/or Section E (Source Group Restrictions).

#### IV. RECORDKEEPING REQUIREMENTS.

No additional record keeping requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements) and/or Section E (Source Group Restrictions).

#### V. REPORTING REQUIREMENTS.

No additional reporting requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements) and/or Section E (Source Group Restrictions).

#### VI. WORK PRACTICE REQUIREMENTS.

No additional work practice requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements) and/or Section E (Source Group Restrictions).

#### VII. ADDITIONAL REQUIREMENTS.

No additional requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements) and/or Section E (Source Group Restrictions).

# \*\*\* Permit Shield in Effect. \*\*\*



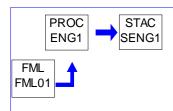


# SECTION D. Source Level Requirements

Source ID: ENG1

# Source Name: SIX EMERGENCY ENGINES (6)

Source Capacity/Throughput:



# I. RESTRICTIONS.

### Emission Restriction(s).

# # 001 [25 Pa. Code §127.512]

# Operating permit terms and conditions.

Combined NOx emissions for all exempt engines at the site shall be less than 100 lbs/hr, 1000 lbs/day, 2.75 tons per ozone season and 6.6 tons per year on a 12-month rolling sum basis.

Fuel Restriction(s).

# # 002 [40 CFR Part 63 NESHAPS for Source Categories §40 CFR 63.6604]

Subpart ZZZZ - National Emissions Standards for Hazardous Air Pollutants for Stationary Reciprocating Internal Combustion Engines

What fuel requirements must I meet if I own or operate an existing stationary CI RICE?

(a) [NA-EMERGENCYENGINE(S)]

(b) Beginning January 1, 2015, if you own or operate an existing emergency CI stationary RICE with a site rating of more than 100 brake HP and a displacement of less than 30 liters per cylinder that uses diesel fuel and operates or is contractually obligated to be available for more than 15 hours per calendar year for the purposes specified in § 63.6640(f)(2)(ii) and (iii) or that operates for the purpose specified in § 63.6640(f)(4)(ii), you must use diesel fuel that meets the requirements in 40 CFR 80.510(b) for nonroad diesel fuel, except that any existing diesel fuel purchased (or otherwise obtained) prior to January 1, 2015, may be used until depleted.

(c) [NA-NOT A MAJOR SOURCE]

(d) [NA - NOT IN SPECIFIED GEOGRAPHIC LOCATIONS]

[78 FR 6702, Jan. 30, 2013]

### II. TESTING REQUIREMENTS.

No additional testing requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements).

### III. MONITORING REQUIREMENTS.

No additional monitoring requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements).

# IV. RECORDKEEPING REQUIREMENTS.

# 003 [25 Pa. Code §127.511]

Monitoring and related recordkeeping and reporting requirements.

(a) The company shall keep adequate records to show compliance with the emission limitations.





(b) The owner or operator of the emergency generators shall maintain an operating log of any days that the engines are operated. The operating log shall include the dates the units operated, the total operating hours per day during each operating date, and the total number of days and hours of operation per each 12-month rolling sum period.

(c) These records shall be maintained and kept on site for the most recent 5-year period and made available to the Department upon request.

# 004 [40 CFR Part 63 NESHAPS for Source Categories §40 CFR 63.6655] Subpart ZZZZ - National Emissions Standards for Hazardous Air Pollutants for Stationary Reciprocating Internal Combustion Engines

# What records must I keep?

(a) [NA-NOT SUBJECT TO EMISSION OR OPERATING LIMITATIONS]

(b) [NA-NO CEMS OR CPMS]

(c) [NA-LFG NOT USED]

(d) [NA - NOT SUBJECT TO EMISSION OR OPERATING LIMITATIONS]

(e) You must keep records of the maintenance conducted on the stationary RICE in order to demonstrate that you operated and maintained the stationary RICE and after-treatment control device (if any) according to your own maintenance plan if you own or operate any of the following stationary RICE;

(1) [NA – NOT A MAJOR HAP SOURCE]

(2) An existing stationary emergency RICE.

(3) An existing stationary RICE located at an area source of HAP emissions subject to management practices as shown in Table 2d to this subpart.

(f) If you own or operate any of the stationary RICE in paragraphs (f)(1) through (2) of this section, you must keep records of the hours of operation of the engine that is recorded through the non-resettable hour meter. The owner or operator must document how many hours are spent for emergency operation, including what classified the operation as emergency and how many hours are spent for non-emergency operation. If the engine is used for the purposes specified in § 63.6640(f)(2)(ii) or (iii) or § 63.6640(f)(4)(ii), the owner or operator must keep records of the notification of the emergency situation, and the date, start time, and end time of engine operation for these purposes.

# (1) [NA - NOT A MAJOR HAP SOURCE]

(2) An existing emergency stationary RICE located at an area source of HAP emissions that does not meet the standards applicable to non-emergency engines.

[69 FR 33506, June 15, 2004, as amended at 75 FR 9678, Mar. 3, 2010; 75 FR 51592, Aug. 20, 2010; 78 FR 6706, Jan. 30, 2013]

# 005 [40 CFR Part 63 NESHAPS for Source Categories §40 CFR 63.6660] Subpart ZZZZ - National Emissions Standards for Hazardous Air Pollutants for Stationary Reciprocating Internal Combustion Engines

In what form and how long must I keep my records?

(a) Your records must be in a form suitable and readily available for expeditious review according to § 63.10(b)(1).

(b) As specified in § 63.10(b)(1), you must keep each record for 5 years following the date of each occurrence, measurement, maintenance, corrective action, report, or record.

(c) You must keep each record readily accessible in hard copy or electronic form for at least 5 years after the date of each occurrence, measurement, maintenance, corrective action, report, or record, according to § 63.10(b)(1).





[69 FR 33506, June 15, 2004, as amended at 75 FR 9678, Mar. 3, 2010]

#### V. REPORTING REQUIREMENTS.

# 006 [40 CFR Part 63 NESHAPS for Source Categories §40 CFR 63.6645] Subpart ZZZZ - National Emissions Standards for Hazardous Air Pollutants for Stationary Reciprocating Internal Combustion Engines

#### What notifications must I submit and when?

(a) You must submit all of the notifications in  $\S$  63.7(b) and (c), 63.8(e), (f)(4) and (f)(6), 63.9(b) through (e), and (g) and (h) that apply to you by the dates specified if you own or operate any of the following;

- (1) [NA NOT A MAJOR HAP SOURCE]
- (2) [NA PER (5) BELOW]
- (3) [NA NOT A MAJOR HAP SOURCE]
- (4) [NA NOT A MAJOR HAP SOURCE]

(5) THIS REQUIREMENT DOES NOT APPLY IF YOU OWN OR OPERATE an existing stationary RICE less than 100 HP, AN EXISTING STATIONARY EMERGENCY RICE, OR AN EXISTING STATIONARY RICE THAT IS NOT SUBJECT TO ANY NUMERICAL EMISSION STANDARDS.

- (b) [NA NOT A MAJOR HAP SOURCE]
- (c) [NA NOT A MAJOR HAP SOURCE]
- (d) [NA NOT A MAJOR HAP SOURCE]
- (e) [NA NOT A MAJOR HAP SOURCE]
- (f) [NA-63.6590(b) DOES NOT APPLY]
- (g) [NA PERFORMANCE TEST NOT REQUIRED]
- (h) [NA PERFORMANCE TEST NOT REQUIRED]
- (i) [NA-EMERGENCYENGINE(S)]

[73 FR 3606, Jan. 18, 2008, as amended at 75 FR 9677, Mar. 3, 2010; 75 FR 51591, Aug. 20, 2010; 78 FR 6705, Jan. 30, 2013]

# 007 [40 CFR Part 63 NESHAPS for Source Categories §40 CFR 63.6650]

Subpart ZZZZ - National Emissions Standards for Hazardous Air Pollutants for Stationary Reciprocating Internal Combustion Engines

What reports must I submit and when?

(a) You must submit each report in Table 7 of this subpart that applies to you.

TABLE 7 REQUIREMENTS

4. For each emergency stationary RICE that operate or are contractually obligated to be available for more than 15 hours per year for the purposes specified in § 63.6640(f)(2)(ii) and (iii) or that operate for the purposes specified in § 63.6640(f)(4)(ii), you must submit a Report. The report must contain the information in § 63.6650(h)(1). You must submit the report annually according to the requirements in § 63.6650(h)(2)-(3).





# [END OF TABLE 7 REQUIREMENTS]

(b) Unless the Administrator has approved a different schedule for submission of reports under § 63.10(a), you must submit each report by the date in Table 7 of this subpart and according to the requirements in paragraphs (b)(1) through (b)(9) of this section.

(1) [NA - ANNUAL REPORT REQUIRED, ONLY UNDER CERTAIN CONDITIONS]

(2) [NA - ANNUAL REPORT REQUIRED, ONLY UNDER CERTAIN CONDITIONS]

(3) [NA - ANNUAL REPORT REQUIRED, ONLY UNDER CERTAIN CONDITIONS]

(4) [NA - ANNUAL REPORT REQUIRED, ONLY UNDER CERTAIN CONDITIONS]

(5) [NA - ANNUAL REPORT REQUIRED, ONLY UNDER CERTAIN CONDITIONS]

(6) For annual Compliance reports, the first Compliance report must cover the period beginning on the compliance date that is specified for your affected source in § 63.6595 and ending on December 31.

(7) For annual Compliance reports, the first Compliance report must be postmarked or delivered no later than January 31 following the end of the first calendar year after the compliance date that is specified for your affected source in § 63.6595.

(8) For annual Compliance reports, each subsequent Compliance report must cover the annual reporting period from January 1 through December 31.

(9) For annual Compliance reports, each subsequent Compliance report must be postmarked or delivered no later than January 31.

(c) [NA-NOT SUBJECT TO EMISSION OR OPERATING LIMITATIONS]

(d) [NA - NOT SUBJECT TO EMISSION OR OPERATING LIMITATIONS]

(e) [NA - NOT SUBJECT TO EMISSION OR OPERATING LIMITATIONS]

(f) [NA - NOT SUBJECT TO EMISSION OR OPERATING LIMITATIONS]

(g) [NA-LFG NOT USED]

(h) If you own or operate an emergency stationary RICE with a site rating of more than 100 brake HP that operates or is contractually obligated to be available for more than 15 hours per calendar year for the purposes specified in § 63.6640(f)(2)(ii) and (iii) or that operates for the purpose specified in § 63.6640(f)(4)(ii), you must submit an annual report according to the requirements in paragraphs (h)(1) through (3) of this section.

(1) The report must contain the following information:

(i) Company name and address where the engine is located.

(ii) Date of the report and beginning and ending dates of the reporting period.

(iii) Engine site rating and model year.

(iv) Latitude and longitude of the engine in decimal degrees reported to the fifth decimal place.

(v) Hours operated for the purposes specified in 63.6640(f)(2)(ii) and (iii), including the date, start time, and end time for engine operation for the purposes specified in § 63.6640(f)(2)(ii) and (iii).





(vi) Number of hours the engine is contractually obligated to be available for the purposes specified in § 63.6640(f)(2)(ii) and (iii).

(vii) Hours spent for operation for the purpose specified in § 63.6640(f)(4)(ii), including the date, start time, and end time for engine operation for the purposes specified in § 63.6640(f)(4)(ii). The report must also identify the entity that dispatched the engine and the situation that necessitated the dispatch of the engine.

(viii) If there were no deviations from the fuel requirements in § 63.6604 that apply to the engine (if any), a statement that there were no deviations from the fuel requirements during the reporting period.

(ix) If there were deviations from the fuel requirements in § 63.6604 that apply to the engine (if any), information on the number, duration, and cause of deviations, and the corrective action taken.

(2) The first annual report must cover the calendar year 2015 and must be submitted no later than March 31, 2016. Subsequent annual reports for each calendar year must be submitted no later than March 31 of the following calendar year.

(3) The annual report must be submitted electronically using the subpart specific reporting form in the Compliance and Emissions Data Reporting Interface (CEDRI) that is accessed through EPA's Central Data Exchange (CDX) ( www.epa.gov/cdx). However, if the reporting form specific to this subpart is not available in CEDRI at the time that the report is due, the written report must be submitted to the Administrator at the appropriate address listed in § 63.13.

[69 FR 33506, June 15, 2004, as amended at 75 FR 9677, Mar. 3, 2010; 78 FR 6705, Jan. 30, 2013]

### VI. WORK PRACTICE REQUIREMENTS.

# 008 [40 CFR Part 63 NESHAPS for Source Categories §40 CFR 63.6603]

Subpart ZZZZ - National Emissions Standards for Hazardous Air Pollutants for Stationary Reciprocating Internal Combustion Engines

What emission limitations, operating limitations, and other requirements must I meet if I own or operate an existing stationary RICE located at an area source of HAP emissions?

(a) If you own or operate an existing stationary RICE located at an area source of HAP emissions, YOU MUST COMPLY WITH THE REQUIREMENTS IN TABLE 2d to this subpart and the operating limitations in Table 2b to this subpart that apply to you.

TABLE 2d REQUIREMENTS:

4. For each EMERGENCY STATIONARY CI RICE and black start stationary CI RICE\*\*, you must meet the following requirement, except during periods of startup:

a. Change oil and filter every 500 hours of operation or annually, whichever comes first\*;

b. Inspect air cleaner every 1,000 hours of operation or annually, whichever comes first, and replace as necessary; and

c. Inspect all hoses and belts every 500 hours of operation or annually, whichever comes first, and replace as necessary.

5. For each EMERGENCY STATIONARY SI RICE; black start stationary SI RICE; non-emergency, non-black start 4SLB stationary RICE >500 HP that operate 24 hours or less per calendar year; non-emergency, non-black start 4SRB stationary RICE >500 HP that operate 24 hours or less per calendar year\*\*, you must meet the following requirement, except during periods of startup:

a. Change oil and filter every 500 hours of operation or annually, whichever comes first\*;

b. Inspect spark plugs every 1,000 hours of operation or annually, whichever comes first, and replace as necessary; and

c. Inspect all hoses and belts every 500 hours of operation or annually, whichever comes first, and replace as necessary.





\*Sources have the option to utilize an oil analysis program as described in § 63.6625(i) or (j) in order to extend the specified oil change requirement in Table 2d of this subpart.

\*\*If an emergency engine is operating during an emergency and it is not possible to shut down the engine in order to perform the management practice requirements on the schedule required in Table 2d of this subpart, or if performing the management practice on the required schedule would otherwise pose an unacceptable risk under federal, state, or local law, the management practice can be delayed until the emergency is over or the unacceptable risk under federal, state, or local law has abated. The management practice should be performed as soon as practicable after the emergency has ended or the unacceptable risk under federal, state, or local law has abated. Sources must report any failure to perform the management practice on the schedule required and the federal, state or local law under which the risk was deemed unacceptable.

[END OF TABLE 2d REQUIREMENTS]

(b) [NA-EMERGENCYENGINE(S)]

- (c) [NA EMERGENCY ENGINE(S)]
- (d) [NA-EMERGENCYENGINE(S)]
- (e) [NA-EMERGENCYENGINE(S)]
- (f) [NA-EMERGENCYENGINE(S)]

[75 FR 9675, Mar. 3, 2010, as amended at 75 FR 51589, Aug. 20, 2010; 76 FR 12866, Mar. 9, 2011; 78 FR 6701, Jan. 30, 2013]

# 009 [40 CFR Part 63 NESHAPS for Source Categories §40 CFR 63.6625] Subpart ZZZZ - National Emissions Standards for Hazardous Air Pollutants for Stationary Reciprocating Internal Combustion Engines

What are my monitoring, installation, operation, and maintenance requirements?

(a) [NA-CEMS NOT REQUIRED]

(b) [NA-CPMS NOT REQUIRED]

(c) [NA-LFG NOT USED]

(d) [NA – NOT A MAJOR HAP SOURCE]

(e) If you own or operate any of the following stationary RICE, you must operate and maintain the stationary RICE and aftertreatment control device (if any) according to the manufacturer's emission-related written instructions or develop your own maintenance plan which must provide to the extent practicable for the maintenance and operation of the engine in a manner consistent with good air pollution control practice for minimizing emissions:

(1) [NA - NOT A MAJOR HAP SOURCE]

(2) [NA - NOT A MAJOR HAP SOURCE]

(3) An existing emergency or black start stationary RICE located at an area source of HAP emissions;

(4) [NA - EMERGENCY ENGINE(S)]

(5) [NA-EMERGENCYENGINE(S)]

(6) [NA-EMERGENCYENGINE(S)]





(7) [NA – EMERGENCY ENGINE(S)]

(8) [NA-EMERGENCYENGINE(S)]

(9) [NA-EMERGENCYENGINE(S)]

(10) [NA-EMERGENCYENGINE(S)]

(f) If you own or operate an existing emergency stationary RICE with a site rating of less than or equal to 500 brake HP located at a major source of HAP emissions or an existing emergency stationary RICE located at an area source of HAP emissions, you must install a non-resettable hour meter if one is not already installed.

(g) [NA – EMERGENCY ENGINE(S)]

(h) If you operate a new, reconstructed, or existing stationary engine, you must minimize the engine's time spent at idle during startup and minimize the engine's startup time to a period needed for appropriate and safe loading of the engine, not to exceed 30 minutes, after which time the emission standards applicable to all times other than startup in Tables 1a, 2a, 2c, and 2d to this subpart apply.

(i) If you own or operate a stationary CI engine that is subject to the work, operation or management practices in items 1 or 2 of Table 2c to this subpart or in items 1 or 4 of Table 2d to this subpart, you have the option of utilizing an oil analysis program in order to extend the specified oil change requirement in Tables 2c and 2d to this subpart. The oil analysis must be performed at the same frequency specified for changing the oil in Table 2c or 2d to this subpart. The analysis program must at a minimum analyze the following three parameters: Total Base Number, viscosity, and percent water content. The condemning limits for these parameters are as follows: Total Base Number is less than 30 percent of the Total Base Number of the oil when new; viscosity of the oil has changed by more than 20 percent from the viscosity of the oil when new; or percent water content (by volume) is greater than 0.5. If all of these condemning limits are not exceeded, the engine owner or operator must change the oil within 2 business days of receiving the results of the analysis; if the engine is not in operation when the results of the analysis are received, the engine owner or operator must change the oil within 2 business days or before commencing operation, whichever is later. The owner or operator must keep records of the parameters that are analyzed as part of the parameters is later. The owner or operator must keep records of the parameters that are analyzed as part of the engine.

(j) If you own or operate a stationary SI engine that is subject to the work, operation or management practices in items 6, 7, or 8 of Table 2c to this subpart or in items 5, 6, 7, 9, or 11 of Table 2d to this subpart, you have the option of utilizing an oil analysis program in order to extend the specified oil change requirement in Tables 2c and 2d to this subpart. The oil analysis must be performed at the same frequency specified for changing the oil in Table 2c or 2d to this subpart. The analysis program must at a minimum analyze the following three parameters: Total Acid Number, viscosity, and percent water content. The condemning limits for these parameters are as follows: Total Acid Number increases by more than 3.0 milligrams of potassium hydroxide (KOH) per gram from Total Acid Number of the oil when new; viscosity of the oil has changed by more than 20 percent from the viscosity of the oil when new; or percent water content (by volume) is greater than 0.5. If all of these condemning limits are not exceeded, the engine owner or operator is not required to change the oil. If any of the limits are exceeded, the engine owner or operator must change the oil within 2 business days of receiving the results of the analysis; if the engine is not in operation when the results of the analysis are received, the engine owner or operator must change the oil within 2 business days or before commencing operation, whichever is later. The owner or operator must keep records of the parameters that are analyzed as part of the program, the results of the analysis, and the oil changes for the engine.

[69 FR 33506, June 15, 2004, as amended at 73 FR 3606, Jan. 18, 2008; 75 FR 9676, Mar. 3, 2010; 75 FR 51589, Aug. 20, 2010; 76 FR 12866, Mar. 9, 2011; 78 FR 6703, Jan. 30, 2013]

# 010 [40 CFR Part 63 NESHAPS for Source Categories §40 CFR 63.6640] Subpart ZZZZ - National Emissions Standards for Hazardous Air Pollutants for Stationary Reciprocating Internal Combustion Engines

How do I demonstrate continuous compliance with the emission limitations, operating limitations, and other





#### requirements?

(a) You must demonstrate continuous compliance with each emission limitation, operating limitation, and other requirements in Tables 1a and 1b, Tables 2a and 2b, Table 2c, and Table 2d to this subpart that apply to you according to methods specified in Table 6 to this subpart.

# TABLE 6 REQUIREMENTS

9. FOR EACH existing emergency and black start stationary RICE <=500 HP located at a major source of HAP, existing nonemergency stationary RICE <100 HP located at a major source of HAP, EXISTING EMERGENCY and black start STATIONARY RICE LOCATED AT AN AREA SOURCE OF HAP, existing non-emergency stationary CI RICE <=300 HP located at an area source of HAP, existing non-emergency 2SLB stationary RICE located at an area source of HAP, existing non-emergency stationary SI RICE located at an area source of HAP which combusts landfill or digester gas equivalent to 10 percent or more of the gross heat input on an annual basis, existing non-emergency 4SLB and 4SRB stationary RICE <=500 HP located at an area source of HAP, existing non-emergency 4SLB and 4SRB stationary RICE >500 HP located at an area source of HAP, existing non-emergency 4SLB and 4SRB stationary RICE >500 HP located at an area source of HAP, existing non-emergency 4SLB and 4SRB stationary RICE >500 HP located at an area source of HAP, existing non-emergency 4SLB and 4SRB stationary RICE >500 HP located at an area source of HAP, that operate 24 hours or less per calendar year, and existing non-emergency 4SLB and 4SRB stationary RICE >500 HP located at an area source of HAP that are remote stationary RICE, complying with the requirement to "Work or Management practices", you must demonstrate continuous compliance by:

i. Operating and maintaining the stationary RICE according to the manufacturer's emission-related operation and maintenance instructions; or

ii. Develop and follow your own maintenance plan which must provide to the extent practicable for the maintenance and operation of the engine in a manner consistent with good air pollution control practice for minimizing emissions.

[END OF TABLE 6 REQUIREMENTS]

(b) [NA - NOT SUBJECT TO EMISSION OR OPERATING LIMITATIONS]

(c) [NA - ANNUAL COMPLIANCE DEMONSTRATION NOT REQUIRED]

(d) [NA-NOT SUBJECT TO EMISSION OR OPERATING LIMITATIONS]

(e) You must also report each instance in which you did not meet the requirements in Table 8 to this subpart that apply to you. If you own or operate a new or reconstructed stationary RICE with a site rating of less than or equal to 500 brake HP located at a major source of HAP emissions (except new or reconstructed 4SLB engines greater than or equal to 250 and less than or equal to 500 brake HP), a new or reconstructed stationary RICE located at an area source of HAP emissions, or any of the following RICE with a site rating of more than 500 brake HP located at a major source of HAP emissions, you do not need to comply with the requirements in Table 8 to this subpart. An existing 2SLB stationary RICE, an existing stationary RICE which fires landfill gas or digester gas equivalent to 10 percent or more of the gross heat input on an annual basis. If you own or operate any of the following RICE with a site rating of more than 500 brake HP located at a major source of HAP emission requirements: a new or reconstructed stationary RICE that combusts landfill gas or digester gas equivalent to 10 percent or more of the gross heat input on 10 percent or more of the gross heat input on an annual basis, a new or reconstructed emergency stationary RICE, or a new or reconstructed limited use stationary RICE, or a new or reconstructed stationary RICE that combusts landfill gas or digester gas equivalent to 10 percent or more of the gross heat input on an annual basis, a new or reconstructed emergency stationary RICE, or a new or reconstructed limited use stationary RICE, or a new or reconstructed stationary RICE that Combusts landfill gas or digester gas equivalent to 10 percent or more of the gross heat input on an annual basis, a new or reconstructed emergency stationary RICE, or a new or reconstructed limited use stationary RICE. [EXISTING EMERGENCY RICE AT AREA HAP SOURCES ARE NOT AMONG THOSE EXEMPTED FROM THIS SECTION]

(f) If you own or operate an emergency stationary RICE, you must operate the emergency stationary RICE according to the requirements in paragraphs (f)(1) through (4) of this section. In order for the engine to be considered an emergency stationary RICE under this subpart, any operation other than emergency operation, maintenance and testing, emergency demand response, and operation in non-emergency situations for 50 hours per year, as described in paragraphs (f)(1) through (4) of this section, is prohibited. If you do not operate the engine according to the requirements in paragraphs (f)(1) through (4) of this section, the engine will not be considered an emergency engine under this subpart and must meet all requirements for non-emergency engines.





(1) There is no time limit on the use of emergency stationary RICE in emergency situations.

(2) You may operate your emergency stationary RICE for any combination of the purposes specified in paragraphs (f)(2)(i) through (iii) of this section for a maximum of 100 hours per calendar year. Any operation for non-emergency situations as allowed by paragraphs (f)(3) and (4) of this section counts as part of the 100 hours per calendar year allowed by this paragraph (f)(2).

(i) Emergency stationary RICE may be operated for maintenance checks and readiness testing, provided that the tests are recommended by federal, state or local government, the manufacturer, the vendor, the regional transmission organization or equivalent balancing authority and transmission operator, or the insurance company associated with the engine. The owner or operator may petition the Administrator for approval of additional hours to be used for maintenance checks and readiness testing, but a petition is not required if the owner or operator maintains records indicating that federal, state, or local standards require maintenance and testing of emergency RICE beyond 100 hours per calendar year.

(ii)-(iii) [VACATED AS OF 5/2/16 PER COURT ORDER]

(3) [NA - NOT A MAJOR HAP SOURCE]

(4) Emergency stationary RICE located at area sources of HAP may be operated for up to 50 hours per calendar year in nonemergency situations. The 50 hours of operation in non-emergency situations are counted as part of the 100 hours per calendar year for maintenance and testing and emergency demand response provided in paragraph (f)(2) of this section. Except as provided in paragraphs (f)(4)(i) and (ii) of this section, the 50 hours per year for non-emergency situations cannot be used for peak shaving or non-emergency demand response, or to generate income for a facility to an electric grid or otherwise supply power as part of a financial arrangement with another entity.

(i) Prior to May 3, 2014, the 50 hours per year for non-emergency situations can be used for peak shaving or non-emergency demand response to generate income for a facility, or to otherwise supply power as part of a financial arrangement with another entity if the engine is operated as part of a peak shaving (load management program) with the local distribution system operator and the power is provided only to the facility itself or to support the local distribution system.

(ii) The 50 hours per year for non-emergency situations can be used to supply power as part of a financial arrangement with another entity if all of the following conditions are met:

(A) The engine is dispatched by the local balancing authority or local transmission and distribution system operator.

(B) The dispatch is intended to mitigate local transmission and/or distribution limitations so as to avert potential voltage collapse or line overloads that could lead to the interruption of power supply in a local area or region.

(C) The dispatch follows reliability, emergency operation or similar protocols that follow specific NERC, regional, state, public utility commission or local standards or guidelines.

(D) The power is provided only to the facility itself or to support the local transmission and distribution system.

(E) The owner or operator identifies and records the entity that dispatches the engine and the specific NERC, regional, state, public utility commission or local standards or guidelines that are being followed for dispatching the engine. The local balancing authority or local transmission and distribution system operator may keep these records on behalf of the engine owner or operator.

[69 FR 33506, June 15, 2004, as amended at 71 FR 20467, Apr. 20, 2006; 73 FR 3606, Jan. 18, 2008; 75 FR 9676, Mar. 3, 2010; 75 FR 51591, Aug. 20, 2010; 78 FR 6704, Jan. 30, 2013]

# VII. ADDITIONAL REQUIREMENTS.

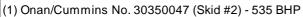
# # 011 [25 Pa. Code §127.512]

Operating permit terms and conditions.

(a) Source ID ENG1 consists of the following emergency engines:







- (2) Detroit Diesel GenSet 878 BHP
- (3) McGraw Edison 300 580 BHP
- (4) Onan/Cummins No. 11844804 605 BHP
- (5) Generac Turbo Diesel (Skid #1) 308 BHP
- (6) Truck Wash Emergency Engine 325 BHP

(b) Emergency engines at major HAP sources with a rated horsepower greater than 500 BHP are subject only to the requirements of 40 CFR Part 63.6640(f) [emergency engines (a)(1) - (a)(4)].

# # 012 [40 CFR Part 63 NESHAPS for Source Categories §40 CFR 63.6605]

Subpart ZZZZ - National Emissions Standards for Hazardous Air Pollutants for Stationary Reciprocating Internal Combustion Engines

### What are my general requirements for complying with this subpart?

(a) You must be in compliance with the emission limitations, operating limitations, and other requirements in this subpart that apply to you at all times.

(b) At all times you must operate and maintain any affected source, including associated air pollution control equipment and monitoring equipment, in a manner consistent with safety and good air pollution control practices for minimizing emissions. The general duty to minimize emissions does not require you to make any further efforts to reduce emissions if levels required by this standard have been achieved. Determination of whether such operation and maintenance procedures are being used will be based on information available to the Administrator which may include, but is not limited to, monitoring results, review of operation and maintenance procedures, review of operation and maintenance records, and inspection of the source.

[75 FR 9675, Mar. 3, 2010, as amended at 78 FR 6702, Jan. 30, 2013]

# 013 [40 CFR Part 63 NESHAPS for Source Categories §40 CFR 63.6665]

Subpart ZZZZ - National Emissions Standards for Hazardous Air Pollutants for Stationary Reciprocating Internal Combustion Engines

# What parts of the General Provisions apply to me?

Table 8 to this subpart shows which parts of the General Provisions in §§ 63.1 through 63.15 apply to you. If you own or operate a new or reconstructed stationary RICE with a site rating of less than or equal to 500 brake HP located at a major source of HAP emissions (except new or reconstructed 4SLB engines greater than or equal to 250 and less than or equal to 500 brake HP), a new or reconstructed stationary RICE located at an area source of HAP emissions, or any of the following RICE with a site rating of more than 500 brake HP located at a major source of HAP emissions, you do not need to comply with any of the requirements of the General Provisions specified in Table 8: An existing 2SLB stationary RICE, an existing 4SLB stationary RICE, an existing emergency stationary RICE, or an existing limited use stationary RICE. If you own or operate any of the following RICE with a site rating of more than 500 brake the requirements in the General Provisions specified in Table 8 are approximated at a major source of HAP emissions, you do not need to comply with a site rating of more than 500 brake HP located at a major source of the gross heat input on an annual basis, an existing emergency stationary RICE, or an existing limited use stationary RICE. If you own or operate any of the following RICE with a site rating of more than 500 brake HP located at a major source of HAP emissions, you do not need to comply with the requirements in the General Provisions specified in Table 8 except for the initial notification requirements: A new stationary RICE that combusts landfill gas or digester gas equivalent to 10 percent or 10 percent or more of the gross heat input on an annual basis, a new emergency stationary RICE, or a new limited use stationary RICE. [EXISTING EMERGENCY RICE AT AREA HAP SOURCES ARE NOT AMONG THOSE EXEMPTED FROM THIS SECTION]

[75 FR 9678, Mar. 3, 2010]

Regulatory Changes:

Individual sources within this source group that are subject to 40 CFR Part 63 Subpart ZZZZ -National Emissions Standards for Hazardous Air Pollutants for Stationary Reciprocating Internal Combustion Engines shall comply with all applicable requirements of the Subpart. 40 CFR 63.13(a) requires submission of copies of all requests, reports and other communications to both the Department and the EPA. The EPA copies shall be forwarded to:

Director





# SECTION D. Source Level Requirements

Air Protection Division (3AP00) U.S. EPA Region III 1650 Arch Street Philadelphia, PA 19103-2029

The Department copies shall be forwarded to:

Regional Air Program Manager PA Department of Environmental Protection 909 Elmerton Avenue Harrisburg, PA 17110-8200

In the event that the Federal Subpart that is the subject of this Source Group is revised, the permittee shall comply with the revised version of the subpart, and shall not be required to comply with any provisions in this permit designated as having the subpart as their authority, to the extent that such permit provisions would be inconsistent with the applicable provisions of the revised subpart.

\*\*\* Permit Shield in Effect. \*\*\*





Group Name: 01

Group Description: Landfill

Sources included in this group

ID	Name
100	LANDFILL CLOSED (GAS COLLECTION SYSTEM)
102	LANDFILL PHASE 1 (GAS COLLECTION SYSTEM)
105	LANDFILL PHASE 2 (GAS COLLECTION SYSTEM)

## I. RESTRICTIONS.

#### **Emission Restriction(s).**

#### # 001 [25 Pa. Code §123.21]

### General

No person may permit the emission into the outdoor atmosphere of sulfur oxides from a source in a manner that the concentration of the sulfur oxides, expressed as SO2, in the effluent gas exceeds 500 parts per million, by volume, dry basis.

# # 002 [25 Pa. Code §127.441]

### Operating permit terms and conditions.

The owner/operator shall forecast, on an annual basis, both the potential and actual VOC emissions for the following year. Actual VOC emission estimates shall include current and scheduled collection system configurations for the forecast year. If the forecast indicates that the existing and scheduled landfill gas collection and control system is not sufficient to maintain emissions of VOC from the phase 2 below the threshold of 50 tons per year, additional collection and/or control shall be installed within six months of the forecast to ensure that the VOC emissions do not exceed the 50 tons per year emission limit.

### # 003 [25 Pa. Code §127.441]

### Operating permit terms and conditions.

No person may permit the emission into the outdoor atmosphere of particulate matter from this source at any time, in excess of 0.04 gr/dscf, pursuant to 25 Pa. Code § 123.13 (c)(1)(i).

#### # 004 [25 Pa. Code §127.441]

#### Operating permit terms and conditions.

All performance tests shall be conducted in accordance with 40 CFR §60.754 and the Department's source testing procedures described in the latest Source Testing Manual reference in 25 Pa Code Section 139.4(5).

# **Throughput Restriction(s).**

#### # 005 [25 Pa. Code §127.441]

#### Operating permit terms and conditions.

The average daily amount of municipal solid waste (MSW) disposal in the Phase II landfill site shall be not be more than 7,250 tons calculated on a standard quarter.

### # 006 [25 Pa. Code §127.441]

### Operating permit terms and conditions.

The average daily amount of municipal solid waste (MSW) disposal in the Phase II landfill site shall be not be more than 7,250 tons calculated on a standard quarter.

The maximum daily volume of municipal solid waste (MSW) disposal in the Phase II landfill site shall be not be more than 7,500 tons calculated on a standard quarter.

The annual amount of municipal solid waste (MSW) disposal in the Phase II landfill site shall be not be more than 2,262,000 tons.





# Control Device Efficiency Restriction(s).

# 007 [25 Pa. Code §127.441]

# Operating permit terms and conditions.

The active gas collection system may not have a collection efficiency of less than 75.00% for Volatile Organic Compounds.

### II. TESTING REQUIREMENTS.

No additional testing requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements).

### III. MONITORING REQUIREMENTS.

# # 008 [25 Pa. Code §127.441]

#### Operating permit terms and conditions.

The permittee shall comply with monitoring requirements in 40 CFR §60.756 which apply to the gas collection systems installed and operated at this facility.

# 009 [25 Pa. Code §127.441]

Operating permit terms and conditions.

The owner/operator shall comply with monitoring requirements as specified in 40 CFR §60.755 for the installed gas collection system.

#### # 010 [25 Pa. Code §127.511]

Monitoring and related recordkeeping and reporting requirements.

(a) The permittee shall routinely conduct inspections of the gas extraction and collection system associated with the solid waste disposal area to ensure that no leaks of landfill gas are occurring from the system.

(b) Any such leaks shall be immediately repaired.

# 011 [25 Pa. Code §127.511]

### Monitoring and related recordkeeping and reporting requirements.

The permittee shall, on a daily basis, determine the total amount of landfill gas generated by the landfill and the total amount of landfill gas combusted by the cogeneration plant and/or flares. The total volume of landfill gas generated shall be determined using the EPA Landfill Gas Emissions Model (2.0 or latest version) by inputting actual waste landfilling rates and actual landfill gas (NMOC) concentrations.

#### IV. RECORDKEEPING REQUIREMENTS.

### # 012 [25 Pa. Code §127.441]

### Operating permit terms and conditions.

The owner/operator shall comply with recordkeeping requirements as specified in 40 CFR §60.758.

# 013 [25 Pa. Code §127.511]

### Monitoring and related recordkeeping and reporting requirements.

The permittee shall maintain records sufficient to demonstrate that the collection/capture efficiency of the landfill gas collection system is at least 75%.

# V. REPORTING REQUIREMENTS.

#### # 014 [25 Pa. Code §127.441]

### Operating permit terms and conditions.

1. On a quarterly basis, the owner/operator shall report the following for the preceding 3-month period:

a. Average collected landfill gas flow rate in cfm by month and calculated collection efficiency for each quarter;

b. Average quality of collected landfill gas by month including percent methane, percent carbon dioxide, percent oxygen and percent balance gas;

c. Predicted average landfill gas generation rate for the current year as calculated by the latest run of a landfill gas prediction model;





d. Data from quarterly surface emission monitoring in a summary spreadsheet.

#### # 015 [25 Pa. Code §127.441] Operating permit terms and conditions.

The landfill is subject to Subpart WWW of the Standards of Performance for New Stationary Sources and shall comply with all applicable requirements of this Subpart. 40 CFR §60.4 requires submission of copies of all requests, reports, applications, submittals, and other communications to both EPA and the Department. The EPA copies shall be forwarded to:

EPA Region III Associate Director, Office of Air Enforcement and Compliance Assistance 1650 Arch Street Philadelphia, PA 19103

# 016 [25 Pa. Code §127.441] Operating permit terms and conditions.

The landfill gas collection and control system will:

(a) Be designed to handle, over the intended use period of the gas control or treatment system equipment, the maximum expected gas flow rate from the entire landfill area that warrants control;

(b) Collect gas at a sufficient extraction rate (a rate sufficient to maintain a negative pressure at all well heads in the collection system without causing air infiltration, including any well heads connected to the system as a result of expansion or excess surface emissions, for the life of the blower); and,

(c) Be designed to minimize off-site migration of subsurface gas.

# 017 [25 Pa. Code §127.441]

Operating permit terms and conditions.

The permittee shall comply with applicable reporting requirements specified in 40 CFR §60.757 (relating to reporting requirements). At a minimum, the permittee shall submit the following reports to the Department:

(a) An Equipment Removal Report which meets the requirements of 40 CFR §60.757(e) shall be submitted to the Department within 30 days prior to the removal or cessation of operation of a gas collection system.

(b) The Initial Performance Test Report required under 40 CFR §60.8 and 60.757(g) shall be submitted by the permittee to the Department within 180 days after installation and startup of the gas collection system.

(c) The Annual Compliance Report required under 40 CFR §60.757(f) and (g) shall be submitted to the Department within 180 days after installation and startup of the gas collection system and shall include the Initial Performance Test Report required under 40 CFR §60.8.

(d) The Closure Report which meets the requirements of 40 CFR §60.757(d) shall be submitted to the Department within 30 days of the cessation of waste acceptance if the landfill is preparing to permanent closure in accordance with criteria specified in 40 CFR §258.60.

(e) This landfill is subject to Subpart WWW of the Standards of Performance for New Stationary Sources and shall comply with all applicable requirements of this Subpart. 40 CFR §60.4 requires submission of copies of all requests, reports, applications, submittals, and other communications to both EPA and the Department. The EPA copies shall be forwarded to:

Director Associate Director, Office of Air Enforcement and Compliance Assistance 1650 Arch Street Philadelphia, PA 19103





(f) An application, form, report or compliance certification submitted to the Department under this permit contain certification by a responsible official as to truth, accuracy, and completeness as required under 25 Pa. Code 127.402(d).

(g) The certification by a responsible official of the facility shall state that based on information and belief formed after reasonable inquiry, the statements and information in the documents are true, and complete.

(h) The permittee shall comply with applicable recordkeeping requirements specified in 40 CFR §60.758 (relating to recordkeeping requirements). The records shall be kept for at least 5 years and shall include up-to-date, readily accessible, onsite records of the maximum design capacity, the current amount of solid waste in-place, and the year-by-year acceptance rate. Offsite records may be maintained by the permittee if they are retrievable within 4 hours.

# # 018 [25 Pa. Code §127.511]

# Monitoring and related recordkeeping and reporting requirements.

The permittee shall, on a quarterly basis, submit a report demonstrating that the collection/capture efficiency of the landfill gas collection system was in compliance during the preceding three (3) months. This report shall be submitted to the Department within thirty (30) days of the close of the quarter.

# VI. WORK PRACTICE REQUIREMENTS.

# 019 [25 Pa. Code §127.441]

# Operating permit terms and conditions.

Uncontrolled stripping of VOC from the leachate and/or condensate shall not be permitted.

# # 020 [25 Pa. Code §127.441]

# Operating permit terms and conditions.

The owner/operator shall measure the landfill gas collected by the collection system in order to compare with the landfill gas generation predicated by the latest landfill model & for calculating the collection efficiency quarterly.

# # 021 [25 Pa. Code §127.441]

# Operating permit terms and conditions.

The owner/operator shall forecast, on an annual basis, the landfill gas generation and collection for the following year. If the forecast indicates that the existing flare (s) is not sufficient to incinerate the collected gases, additional approved flare(s) shall be installed and operated within six months of the forecast to ensure that the 100 % of the collected gases are incinerated and/or destructed by other methods approved by the Department.

# # 022 [25 Pa. Code §127.441]

# Operating permit terms and conditions.

(a) In order to prevent offsite migration of landfill gas, the gas collection system shall be designed to collect gas from the maximum possible area of the landfill and to accommodate the maximum gas generation rate of the landfill.

(b) The collection system shall be operated and maintained to ensure that the gas collection rate is no less than the gas generation rate. In order to assure compliance with this requirement, no positive pressure shall be measurable at the wells. Each well shall be equipped with a throttling valve to enable adjustment of the gas collection rate, if necessary.

(c) There shall be no landfill gas leaks which result in concentrations of 500 ppmv or more measured as propane (or 1375 ppmv or more measured as methane) at a distance of 0.5 inches from any equipment which includes gas wells, piping or any other connections or fittings along the landfill gas transfer paths of a landfill gas collection system, energy recovery, gas purification and/or any other disposal system. Non repeatable and momentary readings shall not be considered.

### VII. ADDITIONAL REQUIREMENTS.

# # 023 [25 Pa. Code §127.441]

# Operating permit terms and conditions.

Source ID 100/102/105 are subject to 40 CFR Part 60 Standards of Performance for New Stationary Sources, Subpart WWW, Municipal Solid Waste Landfills.

# \*\*\* Permit Shield in Effect. \*\*\*





### Group Name: 02

Group Description: Storage Tanks

Sources included in this group

ID	Name
020	STORAGE TANK 6K-HYDRAULIC OIL
021	STORAGE TANK 8K-MOTOR OIL

# I. RESTRICTIONS.

#### Fuel Restriction(s).

#### # 001 [25 Pa. Code §127.441]

#### Operating permit terms and conditions.

The permittee may only store hydraulic oil in the 6,000 gallon underground storage tank and only store motor oil in the 8,000 gallon underground storage tank.

#### II. TESTING REQUIREMENTS.

No additional testing requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements).

# III. MONITORING REQUIREMENTS.

# 002 [25 Pa. Code §127.511]

Monitoring and related recordkeeping and reporting requirements.

The permittee shall monitor the daily usage of materials used and stored in the underground storage tank.

#### IV. RECORDKEEPING REQUIREMENTS.

#### # 003 [25 Pa. Code §127.511]

Monitoring and related recordkeeping and reporting requirements.

The permittee shall keep a daily log book on the amount of materials used and the amount of material loaded in the underground storage tanks.

#### V. REPORTING REQUIREMENTS.

No additional reporting requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements).

#### VI. WORK PRACTICE REQUIREMENTS.

No additional work practice requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements).

#### VII. ADDITIONAL REQUIREMENTS.

No additional requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements).

# \*\*\* Permit Shield in Effect. \*\*\*





# SECTION E. Source Group Restrictions.

# Group Name: 03

Group Description: Enclosed Flares

Sources included in this group

ID	Name	
C103A	ENCLOSED FLARE 2 (6000 CFM)	
C105AENCLOSED FLARE 3 (6000 CFM)		
C106	FLARE - ENCLOSED PORTABLE (800 CFM)	
C110	FLARE - ENCLOSED (5000 CFM)	
C111	FLARE - ENCLOSED (4000 CFM) PORTABLE	

### I. RESTRICTIONS.

# Control Device Efficiency Restriction(s).

### # 001 [25 Pa. Code §127.441]

# Operating permit terms and conditions.

Pursuant to the Best Available Control Technology provisions of 25 Pa. Code Section 127.12(a)(5) of Chapter 127 of the Rules and Regulations of the Department of Environmental Protection the following requirements are hereby established for each flare:

(1) Enclosed flare shall be designed such that there are no visible flames during normal operations.

(2) Enclosed flare shall be operated with no visible emissions, except for periods not to exceed a total of five minutes during any two consecutive hours.

(3) Enclosed flare shall maintain, for each 3-hour period of operation based on rolling hourly data, an average combustion temperature of no more than 28°C (50.4°F) below the average combustion temperature during the most recent performance test in which compliance with the destruction/removal was demonstrated. If there has been no performance test, then a minimum temperature of 1500°F (815.6°C) will be necessary.

(4) Enclosed flare may be operated at a lower temperature provided that the company has demonstrated, by a stack test, the flare will achieve the 98% destruction/removal efficiency or 20 ppmdv, measured as hexane and corrected to 3% oxygen, at the lower temperature and complies with all the emission limits established in the plan approval. If compliance has been demonstrated at the lower temperature, the owner or operator of the landfill is required to submit a plan approval application to make the lower operating temperature enforceable. Operation at the lower temperature can not occur until approved by the Department. Under no circumstance the flare(s) shall be operated with an operating temperature less than 1200°F.

(5) The enclosed flare shall be equipped with an automatic pilot ignition source using an auxiliary fuel (e.g. propane or natural gas).

(6) The enclosed flare shall be operated with a flame present at all times and equipped with an automatic shut-off mechanism designed to immediately stop the flow of gases when a flame-out occurs. During the restart or start-up, there shall be sufficient flow of auxiliary fuel to the burners such that unburned landfill gases are not emitted to the atmosphere.

(7) The flue gas temperature of the enclosed flare shall be measured and recorded in the combustion zone as per the manufacturer's specifications based on the flow into the flare. The temperature in the combustion zone shall be used to determine compliance with the minimum temperature requirement. The temperature monitoring device shall meet the 40 C.F.R. Section 60.756(b) requirements.

### II. TESTING REQUIREMENTS.

### # 002 [25 Pa. Code §127.441] Operating permit terms and conditions.

1. Source tests shall be conducted on each flare within 180 days after start-up. The Department reserves the right to require the owner to conduct further tests at any time after the initial compliance tests to demonstrate: (a) either the destruction/removal efficiency (DRE) of at least 98% (by weight) for total nonmethane organic compounds (NMOCs) or a reduction in the NMOC concentration of the gas at the flare exit to 20 PPM or less as hexane by volume, dry basis at 3 % O2; and (b) NOX (measured as NO2 as ppmvd). The Department reserves the right to require the owner or operator to conduct





further tests at any time after the initial compliance tests.

2. All performance tests shall be conducted in accordance with 40 CFR §60.754 and the Department's source testing procedures described in the latest Source Testing Manual reference in 25 Pa Code Section 139.4(5). Test procedures are to be approved by the Department prior to the actual testing.

3. At least two weeks prior to the test, the Regional Air Quality Program Manager shall be informed of the date and time of the test.

4. At least sixty (60) days prior to the test required by condition No.1, a pre-test protocol shall be submitted to the Department for review.

5. Within sixty (60) days of the completion of the test required by condition No. 1, two copies of the complete test report, including all operating conditions, shall be submitted to the Regional Air Quality Program Manager.

#### III. MONITORING REQUIREMENTS.

#### # 003 [25 Pa. Code §127.441] Operating permit terms and conditions.

(a) The permittee shall ensure that these control devices are equipped with all applicable monitoring equipment, and that such equipment is installed, calibrated, operated and maintained according to the vendor's specifications at all times that a control device is in use.

(b) The operating temperatures of the combustion system shall be continuously measured and recorded at least every 15 minutes. The temperature shall be monitored and maintained at the minimum temperature achieved during the performance test in which compliance with the DRE, or outlet concentration requirement was demonstrated.

(c) Within 30 minutes of start up of the combustion system (flare), the combustion systems must achieve combustion temperature of at least a minimum temperature achieved during the performance test in which compliance with the DRE, or outlet concentration requirement was demonstrated.

# # 004 [40 CFR Part 60 Standards of Performance for New Stationary Sources §40 CFR 60.756] Subpart WWW--Standards of Performance for Municipal Solid Waste Landfills Monitoring of operations.

The permittee shall calibrate, maintain, and operate according to the manufacturer's specifications, the following equipment on each enclosed flare.

(a) A temperature monitoring device equipped with a continuous recorder and having an accuracy of 1 percent of the temperature being measured expressed in degrees Celsius or 0.5 C, whichever is greater.

(b) A gas flow rate measuring device that provides a measurement of gas flow to or bypass of the control device. The permittee shall either:

(i) Install, calibrate, and maintain a gas flow rate measuring device that shall record the flow to the control device at least every 15 minutes; or

(ii) Secure the bypass line valve in the closed position with a car-seal or a lock-and-key type configuration. A visual inspection of the seal or closure mechanism shall be performed at least once every month to ensure that the valve is maintained in the closed position and that the gas flow is not diverted through the bypass line.

# IV. RECORDKEEPING REQUIREMENTS.

### # 005 [25 Pa. Code §127.441]

### Operating permit terms and conditions.

The operating temperature of the combustion system shall be continuously measured and recorded. The temperature shall be monitored and maintained at the minimum temperature achieved during the performance test in which compliance with the DRE requirement was demonstrated. The average combustion temperature shall be measured at least every 15 minutes and average over the same time period of the performance test.





# # 006 [25 Pa. Code §127.441] Operating permit terms and conditions.

The operating temperature of each flare shall be recorded whenever the flare is in operation. The recording charts shall be made available to Department personnel upon request. All such records shall be maintained for a period of not less than five (5) years.

# # 007 [25 Pa. Code §127.441]

# Operating permit terms and conditions.

1. The company shall maintain a file containing all records and other data that are required to be collected pursuant to the various provisions of this operating permit. The file shall include, but not be limited to: all air pollution control systems performance evaluations and records of calibration checks, adjustments and maintenance performed on all equipment which is subject to this operating permit. All measurements, records and other data required to be maintained by the company shall be retained for at least five years following the date on which such measurements, records or data are recorded.

2. Temperature shall be recorded whenever the flare is in operation. The recording charts shall be made available to the Department personnel upon request. These records shall be maintained for a period of time not less than five years.

#### V. REPORTING REQUIREMENTS.

#### # 008 [25 Pa. Code §127.441] Operating permit terms and conditions.

1. Any changes in the process or control equipment would be consider a modification and would require the submittal of an amended application for plan approval in accordance with the provisions of 25 PA Code 127.11 and 127.12.

2. All flares are subject to Subpart WWW of the Standards of Performance for New Stationary Sources and shall comply with all applicable requirements thereof. 40 CFR Part 60.4 requires the submission of copies of all requests, report, applications, submittals, and other communications to both EPA and the Department. The EPA copies shall be forewarded to:

EPA Region III Associate Director, Office of Air Enforcement and Compliance Assistance 1650 Arch Street Philadelphia, PA, 19103.

### VI. WORK PRACTICE REQUIREMENTS.

### # 009 [25 Pa. Code §127.441]

### Operating permit terms and conditions.

The enclosed flares incorporated in the landfill gas extraction, collection and control system associated with the solid waste disposal area shall meet the following criteria:

(a) Each flare shall be equipped with the necessary equipment to allow auxiliary fuel to be bled into the landfill gas to enhance its heat content.

(b) There shall be sufficient flow of auxiliary fuel during system start-up or re-start such that a flame is supported and unburnt gases are not emitted to the atmosphere.

(c) The temperature sensor associated with the continuous temperature monitor shall be positioned so that it will indicate the temperature of the gases. The records will be kept on file for at least five years and will be made available to the Department upon request.

(d) In the event that a flare is operating at less than 1500 degree Fahrenheit, an automatic shut-off device shall immediately stop the flow of landfill gas to the flare and the flare shall be automatically shut down while sounding an alarm.

(e) The flares shall, at any given point in time, be capable of accommodating the maximum gas collection rate which will exist at that point in time while maintaining compliance with the limitations and requirements specified in, or established pursuant to, all applicable rules and regulations contained in Article III of the Rules and Regulations of the Department of Environmental Protection as well as compliance with all conditions contained herein.





### VII. ADDITIONAL REQUIREMENTS.

No additional requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements).

\*\*\* Permit Shield in Effect. \*\*\*





### Group Name: 04

Group Description: Portable Candle Flares

Sources included in this group

ID	Name
C107	FLARE - PORTABLE CANDLE #1 (500 CFM)
C108	FLARE - PORTABLE CANDLE #2 (500 CFM)
C109	FLARE - PORTABLE CANDLE #3 (500 CFM)

## I. RESTRICTIONS.

#### **Emission Restriction(s).**

# # 001 [25 Pa. Code §127.441]

#### Operating permit terms and conditions.

Pursuant to the Best Available Control Technology provisions of 25 Pa. Code Section 127.12(a)(5) of Chapter 127 of the Rules and Regulations of the Department of Environmental Protection the following requirements are hereby established for open flare:

1. Open flares shall be limited to 500 dscfm each, at 50% methane (net heat input not to exceed 15 million Btu per hour, calculated on the higher heating value of the landfill gas).

2. The total landfill gas combusted in open flare(s) at a facility shall not exceed the greater of either 500 dscfm, at 50% methane (net heat input not to exceed 15 million Btu per hour, calculated on the higher heating value of the landfill gas) or 20% of the total landfill gas flow, at 50% methane.

3. The open flares shall be designed in accordance with the requirements of 40 C.F.R. Section 60.18 (40 C.F.R. Section 60.752(b)(2)(iii)(A)).

4. The open flares shall be equipped with an automatic pilot ignition source.

5. The open flares shall be equipped with an automatic shut-off mechanism designed to immediately stop the flow of gases when a flame-out occurs.

### II. TESTING REQUIREMENTS.

No additional testing requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements).

### III. MONITORING REQUIREMENTS.

# 002 [25 Pa. Code §127.441]

Operating permit terms and conditions.

The landfill owner or operator will monitor, on a daily basis, the flow rate, in dscfm, of the landfill gas to be combusted in the flares.

# 003 [40 CFR Part 60 Standards of Performance for New Stationary Sources §40 CFR 60.756] Subpart WWW--Standards of Performance for Municipal Solid Waste Landfills Monitoring of operations.

The owner or operator of an open flare shall install, calibrate, maintain, and operate according to the manufacturer's specifications the following equipment:

(1) A heat sensing device, such as an ultraviolet beam sensor or thermocouple, at the pilot light or the flame itself to indicate the continuous presence of a flame.

(2) A device that records flow to or bypass of the flares. The owner or operator shall either:

(i) Install, calibrate, and maintain a gas flow rate measuring device that shall record the flow to the control device at least every 15 minutes; or





(ii) Secure the bypass line valve in the closed position with a car-seal or a lock-and-key type configuration. A visual inspection of the seal or closure mechanism shall be performed at least once every month to ensure that the valve is maintained in the closed position and that the gas flow is not diverted through the bypass line.

# IV. RECORDKEEPING REQUIREMENTS.

# # 004 [25 Pa. Code §127.441]

# Operating permit terms and conditions.

The landfill owner or operator will record, on a daily basis, the amount of landfill gas combusted in the flares.

#### V. REPORTING REQUIREMENTS.

No additional reporting requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements).

#### VI. WORK PRACTICE REQUIREMENTS.

### # 005 [25 Pa. Code §127.441] Operating permit terms and conditions.

1. The Department may approve the use of an open flares for flow rates higher than 500 dscfm, at 50% methane (net heat input can exceed 15 million Btu per hour, calculated on the higher heating value of the landfill gas), provided that the company provides a detailed technical and economic analysis of the use of an open flare versus an enclosed flare.

2. The open flare shall be operated with a flame present at all times.

3. Pursuent to the requirements of 40 C.F.R. Section 60.18, open flare shall be located in a manner to mitigate visual impacts by meeting any one of the following requirements:

a. Blocking the view of the flares with screening or plantings;

b. Erecting a berm or similar earthwork barrier (berm);

c. Locating the open flares behind an existing berm, or placing it in a hollow or other depression;

d. Placing the flare at least 500 feet from the nearest occupied private residence (a residence that is owned by the landfill or any entity affiliated with the landfill is not deemed a private residence); or

e. Installing a shroud that has been designed to minimize visible flames during normal operation.

### VII. ADDITIONAL REQUIREMENTS.

No additional requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements).

# \*\*\* Permit Shield in Effect. \*\*\*





Group Name: 05

Group Description: 40 CFR Part 60 Subpart WWW

Sources included in this group

ID	Name
100	LANDFILL CLOSED (GAS COLLECTION SYSTEM)
102	LANDFILL PHASE 1 (GAS COLLECTION SYSTEM)
105	LANDFILL PHASE 2 (GAS COLLECTION SYSTEM)

# I. RESTRICTIONS.

#### **Emission Restriction(s).**

## # 001 [40 CFR Part 60 Standards of Performance for New Stationary Sources §40 CFR 60.754]

Subpart WWW--Standards of Performance for Municipal Solid Waste Landfills Test methods and procedures.

(a)(1) The landfill owner or operator shall calculate the NMOC emission rate using either the equation provided in paragraph (a)(1)(i) of this section or the equation provided in paragraph (a)(1)(ii) of this section. The values to be used in both equations are 0.05 per year for k, 170 cubic meters per megagram for Lo, and 4,000 parts per million by volume as hexane for the CNMOC.

(i) The following equation shall be used if the actual year-to-year solid waste acceptance rate is known. where,

MNMOC=Total NMOC emission rate from the landfill, megagrams per year

k=methane generation rate constant, year -1

Lo=methane generation potential, cubic meters per megagram solid waste

Mi=mass of solid waste in the ith section, megagrams

ti=age of the ith section, years

CNMOC=concentration of NMOC, parts per million by volume as hexane

3.6 X 10-9=conversion factor

The mass of nondegradable solid waste may be subtracted from the total mass of solid waste in a particular section of the landfill when calculating the value for Mi if the documentation provisions of 60.758(d)(2) are followed.

(ii) The following equation shall be used if the actual year-to-year solid waste acceptance rate is unknown.

MNMOC=2Lo R (e-kc - e-kt) (CNMOC) (3.6 X10-9)

where,

MNMOC=mass emission rate of NMOC, megagrams per year

Lo=methane generation potential, cubic meters per megagram solid waste

R=average annual acceptance rate, megagrams per year

k=methane generation rate constant, year-1

t=age of landfill, years

CNMOC=concentration of NMOC, parts per million by volume as hexane





c=time since closure, years. For active landfill c = O and e-kc=1

3.6 X 10-9=conversion factor

The mass of nondegradable solid waste may be subtracted from the average annual acceptance rate when calculating a value for R, if the documentation provisions of 60.758(d)(2) are followed.

(2) Tier 1. The owner or operator shall compare the calculated NMOC mass emission rate to the standard of 50 megagrams per year.

(i) If the NMOC emission rate calculated in paragraph (a)(1) of this section is less than 50 megagrams per year, then the landfill owner shall submit an emission rate report as provided in 60.757(b)(1), and shall recalculate the NMOC mass emission rate annually as required under 60.752(b)(1).

(ii) If the calculated NMOC emission rate is equal to or greater than 50 megagrams per year, then the landfill owner shall either comply with 60.752(b)(2), or determine a site-specific NMOC concentration and recalculate the NMOC emission rate using the procedures provided in paragraph (a)(3)of this section.

(3) Tier 2. The landfill owner or operator shall determine the NMOC concentration using the following sampling procedure. The landfill owner or operator shall install at least two sample probes per hectare of landfill surface that has retained waste for at least 2 years. If the landfill is larger than 25 hectares in area, only 50 samples are required. The sample probes should be located to avoid known areas of nondegradable solid waste. The owner or operator shall collect and analyze one sample of landfill gas from each probe to determine the NMOC concentration using Method 25C of appendix A of this part or Method 18 of appendix A of this part. If using Method 18 of appendix A of this part, the minimum list of compounds to be tested shall be those published in the most recent Compilation of Air Pollutant Emission Factors (AP-42). If composite sampling is used, equal volumes shall be taken from each sample probe. If more than the required number of samples are taken, all samples shall be used in the analysis. The landfill owner or operator shall divide the NMOC concentration from Method 25C of appendix A of this part by six to convert from CNMOC as carbon to CNMOC as hexane.

(i) The landfill owner or operator shall recalculate the NMOC mass emission rate using the equations provided in paragraph (a)(1)(i) or (a)(1)(i) of this section and using the average NMOC concentration from the collected samples instead of the default value in the equation provided in paragraph (a)(1) of this section.

(ii) If the resulting mass emission rate calculated using the site-specific NMOC concentration is equal to or greater than 50 megagrams per year, then the landfill owner or operator shall either comply with 60.752(b)(2), or determine the site-specific methane generation rate constant and recalculate the NMOC emission rate using the site-specific methane generation rate using the procedure specified in paragraph (a)(4) of this section.

(iii) If the resulting NMOC mass emission rate is less than 50 megagrams per year, the owner or operator shall submit a periodic estimate of the emission rate report as provided in 60.757(b)(1) and retest the site-specific NMOC concentration every 5 years using the methods specified in this section.

(4) Tier 3. The site-specific methane generation rate constant shall be determined using the procedures provided in Method 2E of appendix A of this part. The landfill owner or operator shall estimate the NMOC mass emission rate using equations in paragraph (a)(1)(i) or (a)(1)(ii) of this section and using a site-specific methane generation rate constant k, and the site-specific NMOC concentration as determined in paragraph (a)(3) of this section instead of the default values provided in paragraph (a)(1) of this section. The landfill owner or operator shall compare the resulting NMOC mass emission rate to the standard of 50 megagrams per year.

(i) If the NMOC mass emission rate as calculated using the site-specific methane generation rate and concentration of NMOC is equal to or greater than 50 megagrams per year, the owner or operator shall comply with 60.752(b)(2).

(ii) If the NMOC mass emission rate is less than 50 megagrams per year, then the owner or operator shall submit a periodic emission rate report as provided in 60.757(b)(1) and shall recalculate the NMOC mass emission rate annually, as provided in 60.757(b)(1) using the equations in paragraph (a)(1) of this section and using the site-specific methane generation rate constant and NMOC concentration obtained in paragraph (a)(3) of this section. The calculation of the





methane generation rate constant is performed only once, and the value obtained is used in all subsequent annual NMOC emission rate calculations.

(5) The owner or operator may use other methods to determine the NMOC concentration or a site-specific k as an alternative to the methods required in paragraphs (a)(3) and (a)(4) of this section if the method has been approved by the Administrator as provided in 60.752(b)(2)(i)(B).

(b) After the installation of a collection and control system in compliance with 60.755, the owner or operator shall calculate the NMOC emission rate for purposes of determining when the system can be removed as provided in 60.752(b)(2)(v), using the following equation:

MNMOC = 1.89 X 10-3 QLFG CNMOC

where,

MNMOC = mass emission rate of NMOC, megagrams per year

QLFG = flow rate of landfill gas, cubic meters per minute

CNMOC = NMOC concentration, parts per million by volume as hexane

(1) The flow rate of landfill gas, QLFG, shall be determined by measuring the total landfill gas flow rate at the common header pipe that leads to the control device using a gas flow measuring device calibrated according to the provisions of section 4 of Method 2E of appendix A of this part.

(2) The average NMOC concentration, CNMOC, shall be determined by collecting and analyzing landfill gas sampled from the common header pipe before the gas moving or condensate removal equipment using the procedures in Method 25C or Method 18 of appendix A of this part. If using Method 18 of appendix A of this part, the minimum list of compounds to be tested shall be those published in the most recent Compilation of Air Pollutant Emission Factors (AP-42). The sample location on the common header pipe shall be before any condensate removal or other gas refining units. The landfill owner or operator shall divide the NMOC concentration from Method 25C of appendix A of this part by six to convert from CNMOC as carbon to CNMOC as hexane.

(3) The owner or operator may use another method to determine landfill gas flow rate and NMOC concentration if the method has been approved by the Administrator as provided in 60.752(b)(2)(i)(B).

(c) The owner or operator of each MSW landfill subject to the provisions of this subpart shall estimate the NMOC emission rate for comparison to the PSD major source and significance levels in 51.166 or 52.21 of this chapter using AP-42 or other approved measurement procedures. If a collection system, which complies with the provisions in 60.752(b)(2) is already installed, the owner or operator shall estimate the NMOC emission rate using the procedures provided in paragraph (b) of this section.

(d) For the performance test required in 60.752(b)(2)(iii)(B), Method 25 or Method 18 of appendix A of this part shall be used to determine compliance with 98 weight-percent efficiency or the 20 ppmv outlet concentration level, unless another method to demonstrate compliance has been approved by the Administrator as provided by 60.752(b)(2)(i)(B). If using Method 18 of appendix A of this part, the minimum list of compounds to be tested shall be those published in the most recent Compilation of Air Pollutant Emission Factors (AP-42). The following equation shall be used to calculate efficiency:

Control Efficiency = (NMOCin - NMOCout)/(NMOCin)

where,

NMOCin = mass of NMOC entering control device

NMOCout = mass of NMOC exiting control device





#### II. TESTING REQUIREMENTS.

No additional testing requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements).

#### III. MONITORING REQUIREMENTS.

# # 002 [40 CFR Part 60 Standards of Performance for New Stationary Sources §40 CFR 60.755] Subpart WWW--Standards of Performance for Municipal Solid Waste Landfills Compliance provisions.

(a) Except as provided in 60.752(b)(2)(i)(B), the specified methods in paragraphs (a)(1) through (a)(6) of this section shall be used to determine whether the gas collection system is in compliance with 60.752(b)(2)(i).

(1) For the purposes of calculating the maximum expected gas generation flow rate from the landfill to determine compliance with 60.752(b)(2)(ii)(A) (1), one of the following equations shall be used. The k and Lo kinetic factors should be those published in the most recent Compilation of Air Pollutant Emission Factors (AP-42) or other site specific values demonstrated to be appropriate and approved by the Administrator. If k has been determined as specified in 60.754(a)(4), the value of k determined from the test shall be used. A value of no more than 15 years shall be used for the intended use period of the gas mover equipment. The active life of the landfill is the age of the landfill plus the estimated number of years until closure.

(i) For sites with unknown year-to-year solid waste acceptance rate:

Qm = 2Lo R (e-kc - e-kt)

where,

Qm = maximum expected gas generation flow rate, cubic meters per year

Lo = methane generation potential, cubic meters per megagram solid waste

R = average annual acceptance rate, megagrams per year

k = methane generation rate constant, year -1

t = age of the landfill at equipment installation plus the time the owner or operator intends to use the gas mover equipment or active life of the landfill, whichever is less. If the equipment is installed after closure, t is the age of the landfill at installation, years

c = time since closure, years (for an active landfill c = 0 and e-kc = 1)

(ii) For sites with known year-to-year solid waste acceptance rate: To view Figure, TAB to this link, then press ENTER. There will be a pause while the figure-viewing software loads.

where,

QM=maximum expected gas generation flow rate, cubic meters per year

k=methane generation rate constant, year-1

Lo=methane generation potential, cubic meters per megagram solid waste

Mi=mass of solid waste in the ith section, megagrams

ti=age of the ith section, years

(iii) If a collection and control system has been installed, actual flow data may be used to project the maximum expected gas generation flow rate instead of, or in conjunction with, the equations in paragraphs (a)(1)(i) and (ii) of this section. If the landfill is still accepting waste, the actual measured flow data will not equal the maximum expected gas generation rate, so





calculations using the equations in paragraphs (a)(1)(i) or (ii) or other methods shall be used to predict the maximum expected gas generation rate over the intended period of use of the gas control system equipment.

(2) For the purposes of determining sufficient density of gas collectors for compliance with 60.752(b)(2)(ii)(A)(2), the owner or operator shall design a system of vertical wells, horizontal collectors, or other collection devices, satisfactory to the Administrator, capable of controlling and extracting gas from all portions of the landfill sufficient to meet all operational and performance standards.

(3) For the purpose of demonstrating whether the gas collection system flow rate is sufficient to determine compliance with 60.752(b)(2)(ii)(A) (3), the owner or operator shall measure gauge pressure in the gas collection header at each individual well, monthly. If a positive pressure exists, action shall be initiated to correct the exceedance within 5 calendar days, except for the three conditions allowed under 60.753(b). If negative pressure cannot be achieved without excess air infiltration within 15 calendar days of the first measurement, the gas collection system shall be expanded to correct the exceedance within 120 days of the initial measurement of positive pressure. Any attempted corrective measure shall not cause exceedances of other operational or performance standards.

(4) Owners or operators are not required to install additional wells as required in paragraph(a)(3) of this section during the first 180 days after gas collection system start-up.

(5) For the purpose of identifying whether excess air infiltration into the landfill is occurring, the owner or operator shall monitor each well monthly for temperature and nitrogen or oxygen as provided in 60.753(c). If a well exceeds one of these operating parameters, action shall be initiated to correct the exceedance within 5 calendar days. If correction of the exceedance cannot be achieved within 15 calendar days of the first measurement, the gas collection system shall be expanded to correct the exceedance within 120 days of the initial exceedance. Any attempted corrective measure shall not cause exceedances of other operational or performance standards.

(6) An owner or operator seeking to demonstrate compliance with 60.752(b)(2)(ii)(A)(4) through the use of a collection system not conforming to the specifications provided in 60.759 shall provide information satisfactory to the Administrator as specified in 60.752(b)(2)(i)(C) demonstrating that off-site migration is being controlled.

(b) For purposes of compliance with 60.753(a), each owner or operator of a controlled landfill shall place each well or design component as specified in the approved design plan as provided in 60.752(b)(2)(i). Each well shall be installed within 60 days of the date in which the initial solid waste has been in place for a period of:

(1) 5 years or more if active; or

(2) 2 years or more if closed or at final grade.

(c) The following procedures shall be used for compliance with the surface methane operational standard as provided in 60.753(d).

(1) After installation of the collection system, the owner or operator shall monitor surface concentrations of methane along the entire perimeter of the collection area and along a serpentine pattern spaced 30 meters apart (or a site-specific established spacing) for each collection area on a quarterly basis using an organic vapor analyzer, flame ionization detector, or other portable monitor meeting the specifications provided in paragraph (d) of this section.

(2) The background concentration shall be determined by moving the probe inlet upwind and downwind outside the boundary of the landfill at a distance of at least 30 meters from the perimeter wells.

(3) Surface emission monitoring shall be performed in accordance with section 4.3.1 of Method 21 of appendix A of this part, except that the probe inlet shall be placed within 5 to 10 centimeters of the ground. Monitoring shall be performed during typical meteorological conditions.

(4) Any reading of 500 parts per million or more above background at any location shall be recorded as a monitored exceedance and the actions specified in paragraphs (c)(4) (i) through (v) of this section shall be taken. As long as the specified actions are taken, the exceedance is not a violation of the operational requirements of 60.753(d).





(i) The location of each monitored exceedance shall be marked and the location recorded.

(ii) Cover maintenance or adjustments to the vacuum of the adjacent wells to increase the gas collection in the vicinity of each exceedance shall be made and the location shall be re-monitored within 10 calendar days of detecting the exceedance.

(iii) If the re-monitoring of the location shows a second exceedance, additional corrective action shall be taken and the location shall be monitored again within 10 days of the second exceedance. If the re-monitoring shows a third exceedance for the same location, the action specified in paragraph (c)(4)(v) of this section shall be taken, and no further monitoring of that location is required until the action specified in paragraph (c)(4)(v) has been taken.

(iv) Any location that initially showed an exceedance but has a methane concentration less than 500 ppm methane above background at the 10-day re-monitoring specified in paragraph (c)(4)(ii) or (iii) of this section shall be re-monitored 1 month from the initial exceedance. If the 1-month remonitoring shows a concentration less than 500 parts per million above background, no further monitoring of that location is required until the next quarterly monitoring period. If the 1-month remonitoring shows an exceedance, the actions specified in paragraph (c)(4)(ii) or (v) shall be taken.

(v) For any location where monitored methane concentration equals or exceeds 500 parts per million above background three times within a quarterly period, a new well or other collection device shall be installed within 120 calendar days of the initial exceedance. An alternative remedy to the exceedance, such as upgrading the blower, header pipes or control device, and a corresponding timeline for installation may be submitted to the Administrator for approval.

(5) The owner or operator shall implement a program to monitor for cover integrity and implement cover repairs as necessary on a monthly basis.

(d) Each owner or operator seeking to comply with the provisions in paragraph (c) of this section shall comply with the following instrumentation specifications and procedures for surface emission monitoring devices:

(1) The portable analyzer shall meet the instrument specifications provided in section 3 of Method 21 of appendix A of this part, except that "methane" shall replace all references to VOC.

(2) The calibration gas shall be methane, diluted to a nominal concentration of 500 parts per million in air.

(3) To meet the performance evaluation requirements in section 3.1.3 of Method 21 of appendix A of this part, the instrument evaluation procedures of section 4.4 of Method 21 of appendix A of this part shall be used.

(4) The calibration procedures provided in section 4.2 of Method 21 of appendix A of this part shall be followed immediately before commencing a surface monitoring survey.

(e) The provisions of this subpart apply at all times, except during periods of start-up, shutdown, or malfunction, provided that the duration of start-up, shutdown, or malfunction shall not exceed 5 days for collection systems and shall not exceed 1 hour for treatment or control devices.

# # 003 [40 CFR Part 60 Standards of Performance for New Stationary Sources §40 CFR 60.756] Subpart WWW--Standards of Performance for Municipal Solid Waste Landfills Monitoring of operations.

Except as provided in 60.752(b)(2)(i)(B),

(a) Each owner or operator seeking to comply with 60.752(b)(2)(ii)(A) for an active gas collection system shall install a sampling port and a thermometer or other temperature measuring device at each wellhead and:

(1) Measure the gauge pressure in the gas collection header on a monthly basis as provided in 60.755(a)(3); and

(2) Monitor nitrogen or oxygen concentration in the landfill gas on a monthly basis as provided in 60.755(a)(5); and

(3) Monitor temperature of the landfill gas on a monthly basis as provided in 60.755(a)(5).

(b) Each owner or operator seeking to comply with 60.752(b)(2)(iii) using an enclosed combustor shall calibrate,





maintain, and operate according to the manufacturer's specifications, the following equipment.

(1) A temperature monitoring device equipped with a continuous recorder and having an accuracy of 1 percent of the temperature being measured expressed in degrees Celsius or 0.5 C, whichever is greater. A temperature monitoring device is not required for boilers or process heaters with design heat input capacity greater than 44 megawatts.

(2) A gas flow rate measuring device that provides a measurement of gas flow to or bypass of the control device. The owner or operator shall either:

(i) Install, calibrate, and maintain a gas flow rate measuring device that shall record the flow to the control device at least every 15 minutes; or

(ii) Secure the bypass line valve in the closed position with a car-seal or a lock-and-key type configuration. A visual inspection of the seal or closure mechanism shall be performed at least once every month to ensure that the valve is maintained in the closed position and that the gas flow is not diverted through the bypass line.

(c) Each owner or operator seeking to comply with 60.752(b)(2)(iii) using an open flare shall install, calibrate, maintain, and operate according to the manufacturer's specifications the following equipment:

(1) A heat sensing device, such as an ultraviolet beam sensor or thermocouple, at the pilot light or the flame itself to indicate the continuous presence of a flame.

(2) A device that records flow to or bypass of the flare. The owner or operator shall either:

(i) Install, calibrate, and maintain a gas flow rate measuring device that shall record the flow to the control device at least every 15 minutes; or

(ii) Secure the bypass line valve in the closed position with a car-seal or a lock-and-key type configuration. A visual inspection of the seal or closure mechanism shall be performed at least once every month to ensure that the valve is maintained in the closed position and that the gas flow is not diverted through the bypass line.

(d) Each owner or operator seeking to demonstrate compliance with 60.752(b)(2)(iii) using a device other than an open flare or an enclosed combustor shall provide information satisfactory to the Administrator as provided in 60.752(b)(2)(i)(B) describing the operation of the control device, the operating parameters that would indicate proper performance, and appropriate monitoring procedures. The Administrator shall review the information and either approve it, or request that additional information be submitted. The Administrator may specify additional appropriate monitoring procedures.

(e) Each owner or operator seeking to install a collection system that does not meet the specifications in 60.759 or seeking to monitor alternative parameters to those required by 60.753 through 60.756 shall provide information satisfactory to the Administrator as provided in 60.752(b)(2)(i)(B) and (C) describing the design and operation of the collection system, the operating parameters that would indicate proper performance, and appropriate monitoring procedures. The Administrator may specify additional appropriate monitoring procedures.

(f) Each owner or operator seeking to demonstrate compliance with 60.755(c), shall monitor surface concentrations of methane according to the instrument specifications and procedures provided in 60.755(d). Any closed landfill that has no monitored exceedances of the operational standard in three consecutive quarterly monitoring periods may skip to annual monitoring. Any methane reading of 500 ppm or more above background detected during the annual monitoring returns the frequency for that landfill to quarterly monitoring.

### IV. RECORDKEEPING REQUIREMENTS.

# 004 [40 CFR Part 60 Standards of Performance for New Stationary Sources §40 CFR 60.758] Subpart WWW--Standards of Performance for Municipal Solid Waste Landfills Recordkeeping requirements.

Except as provided in 60.752(b) (2)(i)(B),

(a) Each owner or operator of an MSW landfill subject to the provisions of 60.752(b) shall keep for at least 5 years up-todate, readily accessible, on-site records of the maximum design capacity, the current amount of solid waste in-place, and the year-by-year waste acceptance rate. Off-site records may be maintained if they are retrievable within 4 hours. Either





paper copy or electronic formats are acceptable.

(b) Each owner or operator of a controlled landfill shall keep up-to-date, readily accessible records for the life of the control equipment of the data listed in paragraphs (b)(1) through (b)(4) of this section as measured during the initial performance test or compliance determination. Records of subsequent tests or monitoring shall be maintained for a minimum of 5 years. Records of the control device vendor specifications shall be maintained until removal.

(1) Where an owner or operator subject to the provisions of this subpart seeks to demonstrate compliance with 60.752(b)(2)(ii):

(i) The maximum expected gas generation flow rate as calculated in 60.755(a)(1). The owner or operator may use another method to determine the maximum gas generation flow rate, if the method has been approved by the Administrator.

(ii) The density of wells, horizontal collectors, surface collectors, or other gas extraction devices determined using the procedures specified in 60.759(a)(1).

(2) Where an owner or operator subject to the provisions of this subpart seeks to demonstrate compliance with 60.752(b)(2)(iii) through use of an enclosed combustion device other than a boiler or process heater with a design heat input capacity greater than 44 megawatts:

(i) The average combustion temperature measured at least every 15 minutes and averaged over the same time period of the performance test.

(ii) The percent reduction of NMOC determined as specified in 60.752(b)(2)(iii)(B) achieved by the control device.

(3) Where an owner or operator subject to the provisions of this subpart seeks to demonstrate compliance with 60.752(b)(2)(iii)(B)(1) through use of a boiler or process heater of any size: a description of the location at which the collected gas vent stream is introduced into the boiler or process heater over the same time period of the performance testing.

(4) Where an owner or operator subject to the provisions of this subpart seeks to demonstrate compliance with 60.752(b)(2)(iii)(A) through use of an open flare, the flare type (i.e., steam-assisted, air-assisted, or non-assisted), all visible emission readings, heat content determination, flow rate or bypass flow rate measurements, and exit velocity determinations made during the performance test as specified in 60.18; continuous records of the flare pilot flame or flare flame monitoring and records of all periods of operations during which the pilot flame of the flare flame is absent.

(c) Each owner or operator of a controlled landfill subject to the provisions of this subpart shall keep for 5 years up-todate, readily accessible continuous records of the equipment operating parameters specified to be monitored in 60.756 as well as up-to-date, readily accessible records for periods of operation during which the parameter boundaries established during the most recent performance test are exceeded.

(1) The following constitute exceedances that shall be recorded and reported under 60.757(f):

(i) For enclosed combustors except for boilers and process heaters with design heat input capacity of 44 megawatts (150 million British thermal unit per hour) or greater, all 3-hour periods of operation during which the average combustion temperature was more than 28 oC below the average combustion temperature during the most recent performance test at which compliance with 60.752(b)(2)(iii) was determined.

(ii) For boilers or process heaters, whenever there is a change in the location at which the vent stream is introduced into the flame zone as required under paragraph (b)(3)(i) of this section.

(2) Each owner or operator subject to the provisions of this subpart shall keep up-to-date, readily accessible continuous records of the indication of flow to the control device or the indication of bypass flow or records of monthly inspections of carseals or lock-and-key configurations used to seal bypass lines, specified under 60.756.

(3) Each owner or operator subject to the provisions of this subpart who uses a boiler or process heater with a design heat input capacity of 44 megawatts or greater to comply with 60.752(b)(2)(iii) shall keep an up-to-date, readily accessible record of all periods of operation of the boiler or process heater. (Examples of such records could include records of steam





use, fuel use, or monitoring data collected pursuant to other State, local, Tribal, or Federal regulatory requirements.)

(4) Each owner or operator seeking to comply with the provisions of this subpart by use of an open flare shall keep up-todate, readily accessible continuous records of the flame or flare pilot flame monitoring specified under 60.756(c), and up-todate, readily accessible records of all periods of operation in which the flame or flare pilot flame is absent.

(d) Each owner or operator subject to the provisions of this subpart shall keep for the life of the collection system an upto-date, readily accessible plot map showing each existing and planned collector in the system and providing a unique identification location label for each collector.

(1) Each owner or operator subject to the provisions of this subpart shall keep up-to-date, readily accessible records of the installation date and location of all newly installed collectors as specified under 60.755(b).

(2) Each owner or operator subject to the provisions of this subpart shall keep readily accessible documentation of the nature, date of deposition, amount, and location of asbestos-containing or non-degradable waste excluded from collection as provided in 60.759(a)(3)(i) as well as any nonproductive areas excluded from collection as provided in 60.759(a)(3)(i).

(e) Each owner or operator subject to the provisions of this subpart shall keep for at least 5 years up-to-date, readily accessible records of all collection and control system exceedances of the operational standards in 60.753, the reading in the subsequent month whether or not the second reading is an exceedance, and the location of each exceedance.

#### V. REPORTING REQUIREMENTS.

# 005 [40 CFR Part 60 Standards of Performance for New Stationary Sources §40 CFR 60.757] Subpart WWW--Standards of Performance for Municipal Solid Waste Landfills Reporting requirements.

Except as provided in 60.752(b)(2)(i)(B),

(a) Each owner or operator subject to the requirements of this subpart shall submit an initial design capacity report to the Administrator.

(1) The initial design capacity report shall fulfill the requirements of the notification of the date construction is commenced as required under 60.7(a)(1) and shall be submitted no later than the earliest day from the following:

(i) 90 days of the issuance of the State, Local, Tribal, or RCRA construction or operating permit; or

(ii) 30 days of the date of construction or reconstruction as defined under 60.15; or

(iii) 30 days of the initial acceptance of solid waste.

(2) The initial design capacity report shall contain the following information:

(i) A map or plot of the landfill, providing the size and location of the landfill, and identifying all areas where solid waste may be landfilled according to the provisions of the State, local, Tribal, or RCRA construction or operating permit;

(ii) The maximum design capacity of the landfill. Where the maximum design capacity is specified in the State or local construction or RCRA permit, a copy of the permit specifying the maximum design capacity may be submitted as part of the report. If the maximum design capacity of the landfill is not specified in the permit, the maximum design capacity shall be calculated using good engineering practices. The calculations shall be provided, along with such parameters as depth of solid waste, solid waste acceptance rate, and compaction practices as part of the report. The State, Tribal, local agency or Administrator may request other reasonable information as may be necessary to verify the maximum design capacity of the landfill.

(3) An amended design capacity report shall be submitted to the Administrator providing notification of any increase in the design capacity of the landfill, whether the increase results from an increase in the permitted area or depth of the landfill, a change in the operating procedures, or any other means which results in an increase in the maximum design capacity of the landfill above 2.5 million megagrams or 2.5 million cubic meters. The amended design capacity report shall be submitted within 90 days of the issuance of an amended construction or operating permit, or the placement of waste in





additional land, or the change in operating procedures which will result in an increase in maximum design capacity, whichever occurs first.

(b) Each owner or operator subject to the requirements of this subpart shall submit an NMOC emission rate report to the Administrator initially and annually thereafter, except as provided for in paragraphs (b)(1)(ii) or (b)(3) of this section. The Administrator may request such additional information as may be necessary to verify the reported NMOC emission rate.

(1) The NMOC emission rate report shall contain an annual or 5-year estimate of the NMOC emission rate calculated using the formula and procedures provided in 60.754(a) or (b), as applicable.

(i) The initial NMOC emission rate report shall be submitted within 90 days of the date waste acceptance commences and may be combined with the initial design capacity report required in paragraph (a) of this section. Subsequent NMOC emission rate reports shall be submitted annually thereafter, except as provided for in paragraphs (b)(1)(ii) and (b)(3) of this section.

(ii) If the estimated NMOC emission rate as reported in the annual report to the Administrator is less than 50 megagrams per year in each of the next 5 consecutive years, the owner or operator may elect to submit an estimate of the NMOC emission rate for the next 5-year period in lieu of the annual report. This estimate shall include the current amount of solid waste-in-place and the estimated waste acceptance rate for each year of the 5 years for which an NMOC emission rate is estimated. All data and calculations upon which this estimate is based shall be provided to the Administrator. This estimate shall be revised at least once every 5 years. If the actual waste acceptance rate exceeds the estimated waste acceptance rate in any year reported in the 5-year period beginning with the year in which the actual waste acceptance rate exceeded the estimate shall cover the 5-year period beginning with the year in which the actual waste acceptance rate exceeded the estimated waste acceptance rate.

(2) The NMOC emission rate report shall include all the data, calculations, sample reports and measurements used to estimate the annual or 5-year emissions.

(3) Each owner or operator subject to the requirements of this subpart is exempted from the requirements of paragraphs (b)(1) and (2) of this section, after the installation of a collection and control system in compliance with 60.752(b)(2), during such time as the collection and control system is in operation and in compliance with 60.753 and 60.755.

(c) Each owner or operator subject to the provisions of 60.752(b)(2)(i) shall submit a collection and control system design plan to the Administrator within 1 year of the first report, required under paragraph (b) of this section, in which the emission rate exceeds 50 megagrams per year, except as follows:

(1) If the owner or operator elects to recalculate the NMOC emission rate after Tier 2 NMOC sampling and analysis as provided in 60.754(a)(3) and the resulting rate is less than 50 megagrams per year, annual periodic reporting shall be resumed, using the Tier 2 determined site-specific NMOC concentration, until the calculated emission rate is equal to or greater than 50 megagrams per year or the landfill is closed. The revised NMOC emission rate report, with the recalculated emission rate based on NMOC sampling and analysis, shall be submitted within 180 days of the first calculated exceedance of 50 megagrams per year.

(2) If the owner or operator elects to recalculate the NMOC emission rate after determining a site-specific methane generation rate constant (k), as provided in Tier 3 in 60.754(a)(4), and the resulting NMOC emission rate is less than 50 Mg/yr, annual periodic reporting shall be resumed. The resulting site-specific methane generation rate constant (k) shall be used in the emission rate calculation until such time as the emissions rate calculation results in an exceedance. The revised NMOC emission rate report based on the provisions of 60.754(a)(4) and the resulting site-specific methane generation rate constant (k) shall be submitted to the Administrator within 1 year of the first calculated emission rate exceeding 50 megagrams per year.

(d) Each owner or operator of a controlled landfill shall submit a closure report to the Administrator within 30 days of waste acceptance cessation. The Administrator may request additional information as may be necessary to verify that permanent closure has taken place in accordance with the requirements of 40 CFR258.60. If a closure report has been submitted to the Administrator, no additional wastes may be placed into the landfill without filing a notification of modification as described under 60.7(a)(4).





(e) Each owner or operator of a controlled landfill shall submit an equipment removal report to the Administrator 30 days prior to removal or cessation of operation of the control equipment.

(1) The equipment removal report shall contain all of the following items:

(i) A copy of the closure report submitted in accordance with paragraph (d) of this section;

(ii) A copy of the initial performance test report demonstrating that the 15 year minimum control period has expired; and

(iii) Dated copies of three successive NMOC emission rate reports demonstrating that the landfill is no longer producing 50 megagrams or greater of NMOC per year.

(2) The Administrator may request such additional information as may be necessary to verify that all of the conditions for removal in 60.752(b)(2)(v) have been met.

(f) Each owner or operator of a landfill seeking to comply with 60.752(b)(2) using an active collection system designed in accordance with 60.752(b)(2)(ii) shall submit to the Administrator annual reports of the recorded information in (f)(1) through (f)(6) of this paragraph. The initial annual report shall be submitted within 180 days of installation and start-up of the collection and control system, and shall include the initial performance test report required under 60.8. For enclosed combustion devices and flares, reportable exceedances are defined under 60.758(c).

(1) Value and length of time for exceedance of applicable parameters monitored under 60.756(a), (b), (c), and (d).

(2) Description and duration of all periods when the gas stream is diverted from the control device through a bypass line or the indication of bypass flow as specified under 60.756.

(3) Description and duration of all periods when the control device was not operating for a period exceeding 1 hour and length of time the control device was not operating.

(4) All periods when the collection system was not operating in excess of 5 days.

(5) The location of each exceedance of the 500 parts per million methane concentration as provided in 60.753(d) and the concentration recorded at each location for which an exceedance was recorded in the previous month.

(6) The date of installation and the location of each well or collection system expansion added pursuant to paragraphs (a)(3), (b), and (c)(4) of 60.755.

(g) Each owner or operator seeking to comply with 60.752(b)(2)(i) shall include the following information with the initial performance test report required under 60.8:

(1) A diagram of the collection system showing collection system positioning including all wells, horizontal collectors, surface collectors, or other gas extraction devices, including the locations of any areas excluded from collection and the proposed sites for the future collection system expansion;

(2) The data upon which the sufficient density of wells, horizontal collectors, surface collectors, or other gas extraction devices and the gas mover equipment sizing are based;

(3) The documentation of the presence of asbestos or non-degradable material for each area from which collection wells have been excluded based on the presence of asbestos or non-degradable material;

(4) The sum of the gas generation flow rates for all areas from which collection wells have been excluded based on non-productivity and the calculations of gas generation flow rate for each excluded area; and

(5) The provisions for increasing gas mover equipment capacity with increased gas generation flow rate, if the present gas mover equipment is inadequate to move the maximum flow rate expected over the life of the landfill; and

(6) The provisions for the control of off-site migration.





### VI. WORK PRACTICE REQUIREMENTS.

# # 006 [40 CFR Part 60 Standards of Performance for New Stationary Sources §40 CFR 60.752] Subpart WWW--Standards of Performance for Municipal Solid Waste Landfills Standards for air emissions from municipal solid waste landfills.

(a) Each owner or operator of an MSW landfill having a design capacity less than 2.5 million megagrams by mass or 2.5 million cubic meters by volume shall submit an initial design capacity report to the Administrator as provided in 60.757(a). The landfill may calculate design capacity in either megagrams or cubic meters for comparison with the exemption values. Any density conversions shall be documented and submitted with the report. For purposes of part 70 permitting, a landfill with a design capacity less than 2.5 million megagrams or 2.5 million cubic meters does not require an operating permit under part 70 of this chapter. Submittal of the initial design capacity report shall fulfill the requirements of this subpart except as provided for in paragraphs (a)(1) and (a)(2) of this section.

(1) The owner or operator shall submit to the Administrator an amended design capacity report, as provided for in 60.757(a)(3), when there is any increase in the design capacity of a landfill subject to the provisions of this subpart, whether the increase results from an increase in the area or depth of the landfill, a change in the operating procedures of the landfill, or any other means.

(2) If any increase in the maximum design capacity of a landfill exempted from the provisions of 60.752(b) through 60.759 of this subpart on the basis of the design capacity exemption in paragraph (a) of this section results in a revised maximum design capacity equal to or greater than 2.5 million megagrams or 2.5 million cubic meters, the owner or operator shall comply with the provision of paragraph (b) of this section.

(b) Each owner or operator of an MSW landfill having a design capacity equal to or greater than 2.5 million megagrams or 2.5 million cubic meters, shall either comply with paragraph (b)(2) of this section or calculate an NMOC emission rate for the landfill using the procedures specified in 60.754. The NMOC emission rate shall be recalculated annually, except as provided in 60.757(b)(1)(ii) of this subpart. The owner or operator of an MSW landfill subject to this subpart with a design capacity greater than or equal to 2.5 million megagrams or 2.5 million cubic meters is subject to part 70 permitting requirements. When a landfill is closed, and either never needed control or meets the conditions for control system removal specified in 60.752(b)(2)(v) of this subpart, a part 70 operating permit is no longer required.

(1) If the calculated NMOC emission rate is less than 50 megagrams per year, the owner or operator shall:

(i) Submit an annual emission report to the Administrator, except as provided for in 60.757(b)(1)(ii); and

(ii) Recalculate the NMOC emission rate annually using the procedures specified in 60.754(a)(1) until such time as the calculated NMOC emission rate is equal to or greater than 50 megagrams per year, or the landfill is closed.

(A) If the NMOC emission rate, upon recalculation required in paragraph (b)(1)(ii) of this section, is equal to or greater than 50 megagrams per year, the owner or operator shall install a collection and control system in compliance with paragraph (b)(2) of this section.

(B) If the landfill is permanently closed, a closure notification shall be submitted to the Administrator as provided for in 60.757(d).

(2) If the calculated NMOC emission rate is equal to or greater than 50 megagrams per year, the owner or operator shall:

(i) Submit a collection and control system design plan prepared by a professional engineer to the Administrator within 1 year:

(A) The collection and control system as described in the plan shall meet the design requirements of paragraph (b)(2)(ii) of this section.

(B) The collection and control system design plan shall include any alternatives to the operational standards, test methods, procedures, compliance measures, monitoring, recordkeeping or reporting provisions of 60.753 through 60.758 proposed by the owner or operator.

(C) The collection and control system design plan shall either conform with specifications for active collection systems in 60.759 or include a demonstration to the Administrator's satisfaction of the sufficiency of the alternative provisions to





### 60.759.

(D) The Administrator shall review the information submitted under paragraphs (b)(2)(i)(A), (B) and (C) of this section and either approve it, disapprove it, or request that additional information be submitted. Because of the many site-specific factors involved with landfill gas system design, alternative systems may be necessary. A wide variety of system designs are possible, such as vertical wells, combination horizontal and vertical collection systems, or horizontal trenches only, leachate collection components, and passive systems.

(ii) Install a collection and control system within 18 months of the submittal of the design plan under paragraph (b)(2)(i) of this section that effectively captures the gas generated within the landfill.

(A) An active collection system shall:

(1) Be designed to handle the maximum expected gas flow rate from the entire area of the landfill that warrants control over the intended use period of the gas control or treatment system equipment;

(2) Collect gas from each area, cell, or group of cells in the landfill in which the initial solid waste has been placed for a period of:

(i) 5 years or more if active; or

(ii) 2 years or more if closed or at final grade;

(3) Collect gas at a sufficient extraction rate;

(4) Be designed to minimize off-site migration of subsurface gas.

(B) A passive collection system shall:

(1) Comply with the provisions specified in paragraphs (b)(2)(ii), (A)(1), (2), and (4) of this section.

(2) Be installed with liners on the bottom and all sides in all areas in which gas is to be collected. The liners shall be installed as required under 258.40 of this title.

(iii) Route all the collected gas to a control system that complies with the requirements in either paragraph (b)(2)(iii)(A), (B) or (C) of this section.

(A) An open flare designed and operated in accordance with 60.18;

(B) A control system designed and operated to reduce NMOC by 98 weight-percent, or, when an enclosed combustion device is used for control, to either reduce NMOC by 98 weight percent or reduce the outlet NMOC concentration to less than 20 parts per million by volume, dry basis as hexane at 3 percent oxygen. The reduction efficiency or parts per million by volume shall be established by an initial performance test, required under 60.8 using the test methods specified in 60.754(d).

(1) If a boiler or process heater is used as the control device, the landfill gas stream shall be introduced into the flame zone.

(2) The control device shall be operated within the parameter ranges established during the initial or most recent performance test. The operating parameters to be monitored are specified in 60.756;

(C) Route the collected gas to a treatment system that processes the collected gas for subsequent sale or use. All emissions from any atmospheric vent from the gas treatment system shall be subject to the requirements of paragraph (b)(2)(iii) (A) or (B) of this section.

(iv) Operate the collection and control device installed to comply with this subpart in accordance with the provisions of 60.753, 60.755 and 60.756.





(v) The collection and control system may be capped or removed provided that all the conditions of paragraphs (b)(2)(v) (A), (B), and (C) of this section are met:

(A) The landfill shall be no longer accepting solid waste and be permanently closed under the requirements of 258.60 of this title. A closure report shall be submitted to the Administrator as provided in 60.757(d);

(B) The collection and control system shall have been in operation a minimum of 15 years; and

(C) Following the procedures specified in 60.754(b) of this subpart, the calculated NMOC gas produced by the landfill shall be less than 50 megagrams per year on three successive test dates. The test dates shall be no less than 90 days apart, and no more than 180 days apart.

# 007 [40 CFR Part 60 Standards of Performance for New Stationary Sources §40 CFR 60.753] Subpart WWW--Standards of Performance for Municipal Solid Waste Landfills Operational standards for collection and control systems.

Each owner or operator of an MSW landfill gas collection and control system used to comply with the provisions of 60.752(b)(2)(ii) of this subpart shall:

(a) Operate the collection system such that gas is collected from each area, cell, or group of cells in the MSW landfill in which solid waste has been in place for:

(1) 5 years or more if active; or

(2) 2 years or more if closed or at final grade;

(b) Operate the collection system with negative pressure at each wellhead except under the following conditions:

(1) A fire or increased well temperature. The owner or operator shall record instances when positive pressure occurs in efforts to avoid a fire. These records shall be submitted with the annual reports as provided in 60.757(f)(1);

(2) Use of a geomembrane or synthetic cover. The owner or operator shall develop acceptable pressure limits in the design plan;

(3) A decommissioned well. A well may experience a static positive pressure after shut down to accommodate for declining flows. All design changes shall be approved by the Administrator;

(c) Operate each interior wellhead in the collection system with a landfill gas temperature less than 55 C and with either a nitrogen level less than 20 percent or an oxygen level less than 5 percent. The owner or operator may establish a higher operating temperature, nitrogen, or oxygen value at a particular well. A higher operating value demonstration shall show supporting data that the elevated parameter does not cause fires or significantly inhibit anaerobic decomposition by killing methanogens.

(1) The nitrogen level shall be determined using Method 3C, unless an alternative test method is established as allowed by 60.752(b)(2)(i) of this subpart.

(2) Unless an alternative test method is established as allowed by 60.752(b)(2)(i) of this subpart, the oxygen shall be determined by an oxygen meter using Method 3A except that:

(i) The span shall be set so that the regulatory limit is between 20 and 50 percent of the span;

(ii) A data recorder is not required;

(iii) Only two calibration gases are required, a zero and span, and ambient air may be used as the span;

(iv) A calibration error check is not required;

(v) The allowable sample bias, zero drift, and calibration drift are 10 percent.





(d) Operate the collection system so that the methane concentration is less than 500 parts per million above background at the surface of the landfill. To determine if this level is exceeded, the owner or operator shall conduct surface testing around the perimeter of the collection area along a pattern that traverses the landfill at 30 meter intervals and where visual observations indicate elevated concentrations of landfill gas, such as distressed vegetation and cracks or seeps in the cover. The owner or operator may establish an alternative traversing pattern that ensures equivalent coverage. A surface monitoring design plan shall be developed that includes a topographical map with the monitoring route and the rationale for any site-specific deviations from the 30 meter intervals. Areas with steep slopes or other dangerous areas may be excluded from the surface testing.

(e) Operate the system such that all collected gases are vented to a control system designed and operated in compliance with 60.752(b)(2)(iii). In the event the collection or control system is inoperable, the gas mover system shall be shut down and all valves in the collection and control system contributing to venting of the gas to the atmosphere shall be closed within 1 hour; and

(f) Operate the control or treatment system at all times when the collected gas is routed to the system.

(g) If monitoring demonstrates that the operational requirement in paragraphs (b), (c), or (d) of this section are not met, corrective action shall be taken as specified in 60.752(a)(3) through (5) or 60.755(c) of this subpart. If corrective actions are taken as specified in 60.755, the monitored exceedance is not a violation of the operational requirements in this section.

#### VII. ADDITIONAL REQUIREMENTS.

No additional requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements).

# \*\*\* Permit Shield in Effect. \*\*\*





Group Name: 06

Group Description: 40 CFR Part 63 Subpart AAAA

Sources included in this group

ID	Name
100	LANDFILL CLOSED (GAS COLLECTION SYSTEM)
102	LANDFILL PHASE 1 (GAS COLLECTION SYSTEM)
105	LANDFILL PHASE 2 (GAS COLLECTION SYSTEM)

#### I. RESTRICTIONS.

No additional requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements).

#### II. TESTING REQUIREMENTS.

No additional testing requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements).

#### III. MONITORING REQUIREMENTS.

No additional monitoring requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements).

#### IV. RECORDKEEPING REQUIREMENTS.

#### # 001 [25 Pa. Code §127.511]

Monitoring and related recordkeeping and reporting requirements.

[Additional authority for this condition is derived from §63.1983]

You must keep records as specified in this subpart. You must also keep records as specified in the general provisions of 40 CFR part 63 as shown in Table 1 to this subpart.

(a) Except as provided in §63.1981(d)(2), each owner or operator of an MSW landfill subject to the provisions of §63.1959(b)(2)(ii) and (iii) of this chapter must keep for at least 5 years up-to-date, readily accessible, on-site records of the design capacity report that triggered §63.1959(b), the current amount of solid waste in-place, and the year-by-year waste acceptance rate. Off-site records may be maintained if they are retrievable within 4 hours. Either paper copy or electronic formats are acceptable.

(b) Except as provided in §63.1981(d)(2), each owner or operator of a controlled landfill must keep up-to-date, readily accessible records for the life of the control system equipment of the data listed in paragraphs (b)(1) through (5) of this section as measured during the initial performance test or compliance determination. Records of subsequent tests or monitoring must be maintained for a minimum of 5 years. Records of the control device vendor specifications must be maintained until removal.

(1) Where an owner or operator subject to the provisions of this subpart seeks to demonstrate compliance with §63.1959(b)(2)(ii):

(i) The maximum expected gas generation flow rate as calculated in §63.1960(a)(1).

(ii) The density of wells, horizontal collectors, surface collectors, or other gas extraction devices determined using the procedures specified in §63.1962(a)(1) and (2).

(2) Where an owner or operator subject to the provisions of this subpart seeks to demonstrate compliance with §63.1959(b)(2)(iii) through use of an enclosed combustion device other than a boiler or process heater with a design heat input capacity equal to or greater than 44 megawatts:

(i) The average temperature measured at least every 15 minutes and averaged over the same time period of the performance test.





(ii) The percent reduction of NMOC determined as specified in §63.1959(b)(2)(iii)(B) achieved by the control device.

(3) Where an owner or operator subject to the provisions of this subpart seeks to demonstrate compliance with (3, 1959(b)(2)(iii)(B)(1) through use of a boiler or process heater of any size: A description of the location at which the collected gas vent stream is introduced into the boiler or process heater over the same time period of the performance testing.

(4) Where an owner or operator subject to the provisions of this subpart seeks to demonstrate compliance with §63.1959(b)(2)(iii)(A) through use of a non-enclosed flare, the flare type (i.e., steam-assisted, air-assisted, or nonassisted), all visible emission readings, heat content determination, flow rate or bypass flow rate measurements, and exit velocity determinations made during the performance test as specified in §63.11; continuous records of the flare pilot flame or flare flame monitoring and records of all periods of operations during which the pilot flame or the flare flame is absent.

(5) Where an owner or operator subject to the provisions of this subpart seeks to demonstrate compliance with (53.1959(b)(2)(iii)(C)) through use of a landfill gas treatment system:

(i) Bypass records. Records of the flow of landfill gas to, and bypass of, the treatment system.

(ii) Site-specific treatment monitoring plan. Beginning no later than September 27, 2021, the owner or operator must prepare a site-specific treatment monitoring plan to include:

(A) Monitoring records of parameters that are identified in the treatment system monitoring plan and that ensure the treatment system is operating properly for each intended end use of the treated landfill gas. At a minimum, records should include records of filtration, de-watering, and compression parameters that ensure the treatment system is operating properly for each intended landfill gas.

(B) Monitoring methods, frequencies, and operating ranges for each monitored operating parameter based on manufacturer's recommendations or engineering analysis for each intended end use of the treated landfill gas.

(C) Documentation of the monitoring methods and ranges, along with justification for their use.

(D) List of responsible staff (by job title) for data collection.

(E) Processes and methods used to collect the necessary data.

(F) Description of the procedures and methods that are used for quality assurance, maintenance, and repair of all continuous monitoring systems (CMS).

(c) Except as provided in §63.1981(d)(2), each owner or operator of a controlled landfill subject to the provisions of this subpart must keep for 5 years up-to-date, readily accessible continuous records of the equipment operating parameters specified to be monitored in §63.1961 as well as up-to-date, readily accessible records for periods of operation during which the parameter boundaries established during the most recent performance test are exceeded.

(1) The following constitute exceedances that must be recorded and reported under §63.1981(h):

(i) For enclosed combustors except for boilers and process heaters with design heat input capacity of 44 megawatts (150 million Btu per hour) or greater, all 3-hour periods of operation during which the average temperature was more than 28 degrees Celsius (82 degrees Fahrenheit) below the average combustion temperature during the most recent performance test at which compliance with §63.1959(b)(2)(iii) was determined.

(ii) For boilers or process heaters, whenever there is a change in the location at which the vent stream is introduced into the flame zone as required under paragraph (b)(3) of this section.

(2) Each owner or operator subject to the provisions of this subpart must keep up-to-date, readily accessible continuous records of the indication of flow to the control system and the indication of bypass flow or records of monthly inspections of car-seals or lock-and-key configurations used to seal bypass lines, specified under §63.1961(b)(2)(ii), (c)(2)(ii), and (g)(2).





(3) Each owner or operator subject to the provisions of this subpart who uses a boiler or process heater with a design heat input capacity of 44 megawatts or greater to comply with §63.1959(b)(2)(iii) must keep an up-to-date, readily accessible record of all periods of operation of the boiler or process heater. Examples of such records could include records of steam use, fuel use, or monitoring data collected pursuant to other state, local, tribal, or federal regulatory requirements.

(4) Each owner or operator seeking to comply with the provisions of this subpart by use of a non-enclosed flare must keep up-to-date, readily accessible continuous records of the flame or flare pilot flame monitoring specified under §63.1961(c), and up-to-date, readily accessible records of all periods of operation in which the flame or flare pilot flame is absent.

(5) Each owner or operator of a landfill seeking to comply with §63.1959(b)(2) using an active collection system designed in accordance with §63.1959(b)(2)(ii) must keep records of periods when the collection system or control device is not operating.

(6) Where an owner or operator subject to the provisions of this subpart seeks to demonstrate compliance with the operational standard in §63.1958(e)(1), the date, time, and duration of each startup and/or shutdown period, recording the periods when the affected source was subject to the standard applicable to startup and shutdown.

(7) Where an owner or operator subject to the provisions of this subpart seeks to demonstrate compliance with the operational standard in §63.1958(e)(1), in the event that an affected unit fails to meet an applicable standard, record the information below in this paragraph:

(i) For each failure record the date, time and duration of each failure and the cause of such events (including unknown cause, if applicable).

(ii) For each failure to meet an applicable standard; record and retain a list of the affected sources or equipment.

(iii) Record actions taken to minimize emissions in accordance with the general duty of §63.1955(c) and any corrective actions taken to return the affected unit to its normal or usual manner of operation.

(8) Beginning no later than September 27, 2021, in lieu of the requirements specified in  $\S63.8(d)(3)$  of subpart A you must keep the written procedures required by  $\S63.8(d)(2)$  on record for the life of the affected source or until the affected source is no longer subject to the provisions of this part, to be made available for inspection, upon request, by the Administrator. If the performance evaluation plan is revised, you must keep previous (i.e., superseded) versions of the performance evaluation plan on record to be made available for inspection, upon request, by the Administrator, for a period of 5 years after each revision to the plan. The program of corrective action should be included in the plan required under  $\S63.8(d)(2)$ .

(d) Except as provided in §63.1981(d)(2), each owner or operator subject to the provisions of this subpart must keep for the life of the collection system an up-to-date, readily accessible plot map showing each existing and planned collector in the system and providing a unique identification location label for each collector.

(1) Each owner or operator subject to the provisions of this subpart must keep up-to-date, readily accessible records of the installation date and location of all newly installed collectors as specified under §63.1960(b).

(2) Each owner or operator subject to the provisions of this subpart must keep readily accessible documentation of the nature, date of deposition, amount, and location of asbestos-containing or nondegradable waste excluded from collection as provided in §63.1962(a)(3)(i) as well as any nonproductive areas excluded from collection as provided in §63.1962(a)(3)(ii).

(e) Except as provided in §63.1981(d)(2), each owner or operator subject to the provisions of this subpart must keep for at least 5 years up-to-date, readily accessible records of the following:

(1) All collection and control system exceedances of the operational standards in §63.1958, the reading in the subsequent month whether or not the second reading is an exceedance, and the location of each exceedance.

(2) Each owner or operator subject to the control provisions of this subpart must keep records of each wellhead temperature monitoring value of greater than 55 degrees Celsius (131 degrees Fahrenheit), each wellhead nitrogen level at or above 20 percent, and each wellhead oxygen level at or above 5 percent, except:





(i) When an owner or operator subject to the provisions of this subpart seeks to demonstrate compliance with the compliance provisions for wellhead temperature in §63.1958(c)(1), but no later than September 27, 2021, the records of each wellhead temperature monitoring value of 62.8 degrees Celsius (145 degrees Fahrenheit) or above instead of values greater than 55 degrees Celsius (131 degrees Fahrenheit).

(ii) Each owner or operator required to conduct the enhanced monitoring provisions in §63.1961(a)(5), must also keep records of all enhanced monitoring activities.

(iii) Each owner or operator required to submit the 24-hour high temperature report in §63.1981(k), must also keep a record of the email transmission.

(3) For any root cause analysis for which corrective actions are required in (3.1960(a)(3)(i)(A) or (a)(4)(i)(A), keep a record of the root cause analysis conducted, including a description of the recommended corrective action(s) taken, and the date(s) the corrective action(s) were completed.

(4) For any root cause analysis for which corrective actions are required in §63.1960(a)(3)(i)(B) or (a)(4)(i)(B), keep a record of the root cause analysis conducted, the corrective action analysis, the date for corrective action(s) already completed following the positive pressure reading or high temperature reading, and, for action(s) not already completed, a schedule for implementation, including proposed commencement and completion dates.

(5) For any root cause analysis for which corrective actions are required in §63.1960(a)(3)(i)(C) or (a)(4)(i)(C), keep a record of the root cause analysis conducted, the corrective action analysis, the date for corrective action(s) already completed following the positive pressure reading or high temperature reading, for action(s) not already completed, a schedule for implementation, including proposed commencement and completion dates, and a copy of any comments or final approval on the corrective action analysis or schedule from the Administrator.

(f) Landfill owners or operators who convert design capacity from volume to mass or mass to volume to demonstrate that landfill design capacity is less than 2.5 million Mg or 2.5 million m3, as provided in the definition of "design capacity," must keep readily accessible, on-site records of the annual recalculation of site-specific density, design capacity, and the supporting documentation. Off-site records may be maintained if they are retrievable within 4 hours. Either paper copy or electronic formats are acceptable.

(g) Except as provided in §63.1981(d)(2), each owner or operator subject to the provisions of this subpart must keep for at least 5 years up-to-date, readily accessible records of all collection and control system monitoring data for parameters measured in §63.1961(a)(1) through (5).

(h) Where an owner or operator subject to the provisions of this subpart seeks to demonstrate compliance with the operational standard for temperature in §63.1958(c)(1), you must keep the following records.

(1) Records of the landfill gas temperature on a monthly basis as monitored in §63.1960(a)(4).

(2) Records of enhanced monitoring data at each well with a measurement of landfill gas temperature greater than 62.8 degrees Celsius (145 degrees Fahrenheit) as gathered in §63.1961(a)(5) and (6).

(i) Any records required to be maintained by this subpart that are submitted electronically via the EPA's CEDRI may be maintained in electronic format. This ability to maintain electronic copies does not affect the requirement for facilities to make records, data, and reports available upon request to a delegated air agency or the EPA as part of an on-site compliance evaluation.

(ii) [Reserved]

### V. REPORTING REQUIREMENTS.

# 002 [25 Pa. Code §127.511]

Monitoring and related recordkeeping and reporting requirements.

[Additional authority for this condition is derived from §63.1981]

You must submit the reports specified in this section and the reports specified in Table 1 to this subpart. If you have





previously submitted a design capacity report, amended design capacity report, initial NMOC emission rate report, initial or revised collection and control system design plan, closure report, equipment removal report, or initial performance test under 40 CFR part 60, subpart WWW; 40 CFR part 60, subpart XXX; or a federal plan or EPA-approved and effective state plan or tribal plan that implements either 40 CFR part 60, subpart Cc or 40 CFR part 60, subpart Cf, then that submission constitutes compliance with the design capacity report in paragraph (a) of this section, the amended design capacity report in paragraph (b) of this section, the initial NMOC emission rate report in paragraph (c) of this section, the initial collection and control system design plan in paragraph (d) of this section, the revised design plan in paragraph (e) of this section, the closure report in paragraph (f) of this section, the equipment removal report in paragraph (g) of this section, and the initial performance test report in paragraph (i) of this section. You do not need to re-submit the report(s). However, you must include a statement certifying prior submission of the respective report(s) and the date of submittal in the first semi-annual report required in this section.

#### VI. WORK PRACTICE REQUIREMENTS.

#### # 003 [25 Pa. Code §127.511]

#### Monitoring and related recordkeeping and reporting requirements.

[Additional authority for this condition is derived from §63.1964]

Compliance is determined using performance testing, collection system monitoring, continuous parameter monitoring, and other credible evidence. In addition, continuous parameter monitoring data collected under §63.1961(b)(1), (c)(1), and (d) are used to demonstrate compliance with the operating standards for control systems. If a deviation occurs, you have failed to meet the control device operating standards described in this subpart and have deviated from the requirements of this subpart.

(a) Before September 28, 2021, you must develop a written SSM plan according to the provisions in §63.6(e)(3) of subpart A. A copy of the SSM plan must be maintained on site. Failure to write or maintain a copy of the SSM plan is a deviation from the requirements of this subpart.

(b) After September 27, 2021, the SSM provisions of §63.6(e) of subpart A no longer apply to this subpart and the SSM plan developed under paragraph (a) of this section no longer applies. Compliance with the emissions standards and the operating standards of §63.1958 of this subpart is required at all times.

#### # 004 [25 Pa. Code §127.511]

#### Monitoring and related recordkeeping and reporting requirements.

[Additional authority for this condition is derived from §63.1965]

A deviation is defined in §63.1990. For the purposes of the landfill monitoring and SSM plan requirements, deviations include the items in paragraphs (a) through (c) of this section.

(a) A deviation occurs when the control device operating parameter boundaries described in §63.1983(c)(1) are exceeded.

(b) A deviation occurs when 1 hour or more of the hours during the 3-hour block averaging period does not constitute a valid hour of data. A valid hour of data must have measured values for at least three 15-minute monitoring periods within the hour.

(c) Before September 28, 2021, a deviation occurs when a SSM plan is not developed or maintained on site and when an affected source fails to meet any emission limitation, (including any operating limit), or work practice requirement in this subpart during SSM, regardless of whether or not such failure is permitted by this subpart.

# 005 [25 Pa. Code §127.511]

#### Monitoring and related recordkeeping and reporting requirements.

[Additional authority for this condition is derived from §63.1975]

Before September 28, 2021, averages are calculated in the same way as they are calculated in 40 CFR part 60, subpart WWW (§60.758(b)(2)(i) for average combustion temperature and §60.758(c) for 3-hour average combustion temperature for enclosed combustors), except that the data collected during the events listed in paragraphs (a) through (d) of this section are not to be included in any average computed under this subpart. Beginning no later than September 27, 2021, averages are calculated according to §§63.1983(b)(2)(i) and 63.1983(c)(1)(i) and the data collected during the events listed in paragraphs (a) through (d) of this section are included in any average computed under this subpart.





(a) Monitoring system breakdowns, repairs, calibration checks, and zero (low-level) and high-level adjustments.

(b) Startups.

(c) Shutdowns.

(d) Malfunctions.

#### # 006 [40 CFR Part 63 NESHAPS for Source Categories §40 CFR 63.1955] Subpart AAAA - National Emission Standards for Hazardous Air Pollutants: Municipal Solid Waste Landfills What requirements must I meet?

(a) Before September 28, 2021, if alternatives to the operational standards, test methods, procedures, compliance measures, monitoring, recordkeeping, or reporting provisions have already been approved under 40 CFR part 60, subpart WWW; subpart XXX; a federal plan; or an EPA-approved and effective state or tribal plan, these alternatives can be used to comply with this subpart, except that all affected sources must comply with the SSM requirements in subpart A of this part as specified in Table 1 of this subpart and all affected sources must submit compliance reports every 6 months as specified in §63.1981(h), including information on all deviations that occurred during the 6-month reporting period. Deviations for continuous emission monitors or numerical continuous parameter monitors must be determined using a 3-hour monitoring block average. Beginning no later than September 28, 2021, the collection and control system design plan may include for approval collection and control systems that include any alternatives to the operational standards, test methods, procedures, compliance measures, monitoring, recordkeeping, or reporting provisions, as provided in §63.1981(d)(2).

(b) If you own or operate a bioreactor that is located at an MSW landfill that is not permanently closed and has a design capacity equal to or greater than 2.5 million Mg and 2.5 million m3, then you must meet the requirements of this subpart, including requirements in paragraphs (b)(1) and (2) of this section.

(1) You must comply with this subpart starting on the date you are required to install the gas collection and control system.

(2) You must extend the collection and control system into each new cell or area of the bioreactor prior to initiating liquids addition in that area.

(c) At all times, beginning no later than September 27, 2021, the owner or operator must operate and maintain any affected source, including associated air pollution control equipment and monitoring equipment, in a manner consistent with safety and good air pollution control practices for minimizing emissions. The general duty to minimize emissions does not require the owner or operator to make any further efforts to reduce emissions if the requirements of this subpart have been achieved. Determination of whether a source is operating in compliance with operation and maintenance requirements will be based on information available to the Administrator which may include, but is not limited to, monitoring results, review of operation and maintenance records, and inspection of the source.

#### VII. ADDITIONAL REQUIREMENTS.

No additional requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements).

# \*\*\* Permit Shield in Effect. \*\*\*





Group Name: 07

Group Description: 40 CFR Part 61 Subpart M

Sources included in this group

ID	Name
100	LANDFILL CLOSED (GAS COLLECTION SYSTEM)
102	LANDFILL PHASE 1 (GAS COLLECTION SYSTEM)
105	LANDFILL PHASE 2 (GAS COLLECTION SYSTEM)

#### I. RESTRICTIONS.

No additional requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements).

#### II. TESTING REQUIREMENTS.

No additional testing requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements).

#### III. MONITORING REQUIREMENTS.

No additional monitoring requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements).

#### IV. RECORDKEEPING REQUIREMENTS.

No additional record keeping requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements).

#### V. REPORTING REQUIREMENTS.

#### # 001 [40 CFR Part 61 NESHAPs §40 CFR 61.153] Subpart M--National Emission Standard for Asbestos Reporting.

(a) Any new source to which this subpart applies (with the exception of sources subject to §§61.143, 61.145, 61.146, and 61.148), which has an initial startup date preceding the effective date of this revision, shall provide the following information to the Administrator postmarked or delivered within 90 days of the effective date. In the case of a new source that does not have an initial startup date preceding the effective date, the information shall be provided, postmarked or delivered, within 90 days of the initial startup date. Any owner or operator of an existing source shall provide the following information to the Administrator within 90 days of the effective date of this subpart unless the owner or operator of the existing source has previously provided this information to the Administrator. Any changes in the information provided by any existing source shall be provided to the Administrator, postmarked or delivered, within 30 days after the change.

(1) A description of the emission control equipment used for each process; and

(i) If the fabric device uses a woven fabric, the airflow permeability in m3/min/m2 and; if the fabric is synthetic, whether the fill yarn is spun or not spun; and

(ii) If the fabric filter device uses a felted fabric, the density in g/m2, the minimum thickness in inches, and the airflow permeability in m3/min/m2.

(2) If a fabric filter device is used to control emissions,

(i) The airflow permeability in m3/min/m2 (ft3/min/ft2) if the fabric filter device uses a woven fabric, and, if the fabric is synthetic, whether the fill yarn is spun or not spun; and

(ii) If the fabric filter device uses a felted fabric, the density in g/m2 (oz/yd2), the minimum thickness in millimeters (inches), and the airflow permeability in m3/min/m2 (ft3/min/ft2).

(3) If a HEPA filter is used to control emissions, the certified efficiency.





(4) For sources subject to §§61.149 and 61.150:

(i) A brief description of each process that generates asbestos-containing waste material; and

(ii) The average volume of asbestos-containing waste material disposed of, measured in m3/day (yd3/day); and

(iii) The emission control methods used in all stages of waste disposal; and

(iv) The type of disposal site or incineration site used for ultimate disposal, the name of the site operator, and the name and location of the disposal site.

(5) For sources subject to §§61.151 and 61.154:

(i) A brief description of the site; and

(ii) The method or methods used to comply with the standard, or alternative procedures to be used.

(b) The information required by paragraph (a) of this section must accompany the information required by §61.10. Active waste disposal sites subject to §61.154 shall also comply with this provision. Roadways, demolition and renovation, spraying, and insulating materials are exempted from the requirements of §61.10(a). The information described in this section must be reported using the format of appendix A of this part as a guide.

#### VI. WORK PRACTICE REQUIREMENTS.

# 002 [40 CFR Part 61 NESHAPs §40 CFR 61.151]
Subpart M--National Emission Standard for Asbestos
Standard for inactive waste disposal sites for asbestos mills and manufacturing and fabricating operations.

Each owner or operator of any inactive waste disposal site that was operated by sources covered under §61.142, 61.144, or 61.147 and received deposits of asbestos-containing waste material generated by the sources, shall:

(a) Comply with one of the following:

(1) Either discharge no visible emissions to the outside air from an inactive waste disposal site subject to this paragraph; or

(2) Cover the asbestos-containing waste material with at least 15 centimeters (6 inches) of compacted nonasbestoscontaining material, and grow and maintain a cover of vegetation on the area adequate to prevent exposure of the asbestoscontaining waste material. In desert areas where vegetation would be difficult to maintain, at least 8 additional centimeters (3 inches) of well-graded, nonasbestos crushed rock may be placed on top of the final cover instead of vegetation and maintained to prevent emissions; or

(3) Cover the asbestos-containing waste material with at least 60 centimeters (2 feet) of compacted nonasbestoscontaining material, and maintain it to prevent exposure of the asbestos-containing waste; or

(4) For inactive waste disposal sites for asbestos tailings, a resinous or petroleum-based dust suppression agent that effectively binds dust to control surface air emissions may be used instead of the methods in paragraphs (a) (1), (2), and (3) of this section. Use the agent in the manner and frequency recommended for the particular asbestos tailings by the manufacturer of the dust suppression agent to achieve and maintain dust control. Obtain prior written approval of the Administrator to use other equally effective dust suppression agents. For purposes of this paragraph, any used, spent, or other waste oil is not considered a dust suppression agent.

(b) Unless a natural barrier adequately deters access by the general public, install and maintain warning signs and fencing as follows, or comply with paragraph (a)(2) or (a)(3) of this section.

(1) Display warning signs at all entrances and at intervals of 100 m (328 ft) or less along the property line of the site or along the perimeter of the sections of the site where asbestos-containing waste material was deposited. The warning signs must:





(i) Be posted in such a manner and location that a person can easily read the legend; and

(ii) Conform to the requirements for 51 cm  $\times$  36 cm (20;  $\times$  14;) upright format signs specified in 29 CFR 1910.145(d)(4) and this paragraph; and

(iii) Display the following legend in the lower panel with letter sizes and styles of a visibility at least equal to those specified in this paragraph.

Legend Notation

Asbestos Waste Disposal Site.....2.5 cm (1 inch) Sans Serif, Gothic or Block

Do Not Create Dust......1.9 cm (3/4 inch) Sans Serif, Gothic or Block

Breathing Asbestos is Hazardous to.. 14 Point Gothic.

Your Health

Spacing between any two lines must be at least equal to the height of the upper of the two lines.

(2) Fence the perimeter of the site in a manner adequate to deter access by the general public.

(3) When requesting a determination on whether a natural barrier adequately deters public access, supply information enabling the Administrator to determine whether a fence or a natural barrier adequately deters access by the general public.

(c) The owner or operator may use an alternative control method that has received prior approval of the Administrator rather than comply with the requirements of paragraph (a) or (b) of this section.

(d) Notify the Administrator in writing at least 45 days prior to excavating or otherwise disturbing any asbestos-containing waste material that has been deposited at a waste disposal site under this section, and follow the procedures specified in the notification. If the excavation will begin on a date other than the one contained in the original notice, notice of the new start date must be provided to the Administrator at least 10 working days before excavation begins and in no event shall excavation begin earlier than the date specified in the original notification. Include the following information in the notice:

(1) Scheduled starting and completion dates.

(2) Reason for disturbing the waste.

(3) Procedures to be used to control emissions during the excavation, storage, transport, and ultimate disposal of the excavated asbestos-containing waste material. If deemed necessary, the Administrator may require changes in the emission control procedures to be used.

(4) Location of any temporary storage site and the final disposal site.

(e) Within 60 days of a site becoming inactive and after the effective date of this subpart, record, in accordance with State law, a notation on the deed to the facility property and on any other instrument that would normally be examined during a title search; this notation will in perpetuity notify any potential purchaser of the property that:

(1) The land has been used for the disposal of asbestos-containing waste material;

(2) The survey plot and record of the location and quantity of asbestos-containing waste disposed of within the disposal site required in §61.154(f) have been filed with the Administrator; and

(3) The site is subject to 40 CFR part 61, subpart M.

#### # 003 [40 CFR Part 61 NESHAPs §40 CFR 61.154]

Subpart M--National Emission Standard for Asbestos

Standard for active waste disposal sites.

To the extent that the permittee receives asbestos-containing waste material from a source covered under 61.149, 61.150, or 61.155, the permittee shall meet the requirements of this section:

(a) Either there must be no visible emissions to the outside air from any active waste disposal site where asbestoscontaining waste material has been deposited, or the requirements of paragraph (c) or (d) of this section must be met.





(b) Unless a natural barrier adequately deters access by the general public, either warning signs and fencing must be installed and maintained as follows, or the requirements of paragraph (c)(1) of this section must be met.

(1) Warning signs must be displayed at all entrances and at intervals of 100 m (330 ft) or less along the property line of the site or along the perimeter of the sections of the site where asbestos-containing waste material is deposited. The warning signs must:

(i) Be posted in such a manner and location that a person can easily read the legend; and

(ii) Conform to the requirements of 51 cm 36 cm (20"X14") upright format signs specified in 29 CFR 1910.145(d)(4) and this paragraph; and

(iii) Display the following legend in the lower panel with letter sizes and styles of a visibility at least equal to those specified in this paragraph.

Legend Notation

Asbestos Waste Disposal Site.....2.5 cm (1 inch) Sans Serif, Gothic or Block

Do Not Create Dust......1.9 cm (3/4 inch) Sans Serif, Gothic or Block

Breathing Asbestos is Hazardous to.. 14 Point Gothic.

Your Health

Spacing between any two lines must be at least equal to the height of the upper of the two lines.

(2) The perimeter of the disposal site must be fenced in a manner adequate to deter access by the general public.

(3) Upon request and supply of appropriate information, the Administrator will determine whether a fence or a natural barrier adequately deters access by the general public.

(c) Rather than meet the no visible emission requirement of paragraph (a) of this section, at the end of each operating day, or at least once every 24-hour period while the site is in continuous operation, the asbestos-containing waste material that has been deposited at the site during the operating day or previous 24-hour period shall:

(1) Be covered with at least 15 centimeters (6 inches) of compacted non asbestos-containing material, or

(2) Be covered with a resinous or petroleum-based dust suppression agent that effectively binds dust and controls wind erosion. Such an agent shall be used in the manner and frequency recommended for the particular dust by the dust suppression agent manufacturer to achieve and maintain dust control. Other equally effective dust suppression agents may be used upon prior approval by the Administrator. For purposes of this paragraph, any used, spent, or other waste oil is not considered a dust suppression agent.

(d) Rather than meet the no visible emission requirement of paragraph (a) of this section, use an alternative emissions control method that has received prior written approval by the Administrator according to the procedures described in 61.149(c)(2).

(e) For all asbestos-containing waste material received, the owner or operator of the active waste disposal site shall:

(1) Maintain waste shipment records, using a form similar to that shown in Figure 4, and include the following information:

(i) The name, address, and telephone number of the waste generator.

(ii) The name, address, and telephone number of the transporter(s).

(iii) The quantity of the asbestos-containing waste material in cubic meters (cubic yards).

(iv) The presence of improperly enclosed or uncovered waste, or any asbestos-containing waste material not sealed in leak-tight containers. Report in writing to the local, State, or EPA Regional office responsible for administering the asbestos NESHAP program for the waste generator identified in the waste shipment record), and, if different, the local, State, or EPA Regional office responsible for administering the asbestos NESHAP program for the disposal site, by the following working day, the presence of a significant amount of improperly enclosed or uncovered waste. Submit a copy of the waste shipment





record along with the report.

(v) The date of the receipt.

(2) As soon as possible and no longer than 30 days after receipt of the waste, send a copy of the signed waste shipment record to the waste generator.

(3) Upon discovering a discrepancy between the quantity of waste designated on the waste shipment records and the quantity actually received, attempt to reconcile the discrepancy with the waste generator. If the discrepancy is not resolved within 15 days after receiving the waste, immediately report in writing to the local, State, or EPA Regional office responsible for administering the asbestos NESHAP program for the waste generator (identified in the waste shipment record), and, if different, the local, State, or EPA Regional office responsible for administering the asbestos NESHAP program for the discrepancy and attempts to reconcile it, and submit a copy of the waste shipment record along with the report.

(4) Retain a copy of all records and reports required by this paragraph for at least 2 years.

(f) Maintain, until closure, records of the location, depth and area, and quantity in cubic meters (cubic yards) of asbestoscontaining waste material within the disposal site on a map or diagram of the disposal area.

(g) Upon closure, comply with all the provisions of 61.151.

(h) Submit to the Administrator, upon closure of the facility, a copy of records of asbestos waste disposal locations and quantities.

(i) Furnish upon request, and make available during normal business hours for inspection by the Administrator, all records required under this section.

(j) Notify the Administrator in writing at least 45 days prior to excavating or otherwise disturbing any asbestos-containing waste material that has been deposited at a waste disposal site and is covered. If the excavation will begin on a date other than the one contained in the original notice, notice of the new start date must be provided to the Administrator at least 10 working days before excavation begins and in no event shall excavation begin earlier than the date specified in the original notice:

(1) Scheduled starting and completion dates.

(2) Reason for disturbing the waste.

(3) Procedures to be used to control emissions during the excavation, storage, transport, and ultimate disposal of the excavated asbestos-containing waste material. If deemed necessary, the Administrator may require changes in the emission control procedures to be used.

(4) Location of any temporary storage site and the final disposal site.

#### VII. ADDITIONAL REQUIREMENTS.

No additional requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements).

# \*\*\* Permit Shield in Effect. \*\*\*



KEYSTONE SANI LDFL INC/DUNMORE



# SECTION F. Alternative Operation Requirements.

No Alternative Operations exist for this Title V facility.





# SECTION G. Emission Restriction Summary.

No emission restrictions listed in this section of the permit.





### SECTION H. Miscellaneous.

(a) The Department received the operating permit application for this facility on 3/25/2020.

(b) This permit is a renewal Operating Permit No. 35-00014.

(c) This is a Title V Operating Permit facility.

(d) Plan Approvals include: 35-302-116, 35-322-009, 35-322-012, 35-322-013

(e) Requests for Determination (RFDs) include: 35-0639, 35-0657, 35-0665, 35-0668, 35-0665, 35-0668, 35-0672, 35-0675, 35-0679, 35-0680, 35-0686, 35-0703, 35-0719, 35-0728, 35-0735, 35-0744, 35-0747, 35-0771, 35-0780, 35-0799, 35-0802

(f) General Permits include: GP3-35-009, GP11-35-009 issued 2016

-The permittee shall comply with all applicable general permit requirements.

[NOTE: Source ID 101 Cogen removed from permit, previously permitted under TV-35-00024. Permanently ceased operation as of 6/1/2020]

[NOTE: Source ID 023 and Control Device ID C023 removed from permit. Decision to cease operation of equipment per email dated 9/23/2021.]





\*\*\*\*\*\* End of Report \*\*\*\*\*\*